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THE CENTENNIAL CAMPAIGN

THE DEMOCRACY OF INDIANA.

A NOISY AND DISORDERLY CONVENTION AT INDIANAPOLIS—HOLMAN AND LANDERS SLAUGHTER EACH OTHER THROUGH THE MACHINATIONS OF HENDRICKS—CONGRESSMAN WILLIAMS NOMINATED—A CHAMELEON PLATFORM.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

INDIANAPOLIS, April 19.—After my dispatch of last night, the politicians were closeted in every hotel in the city devising the scheme by which to crush Franklin Landers in the convention. By the time the city was fairly astir the plans had been digested that were to consummate the defeat of Hon. "Greenback" Landers at all hazards. Never before was Indiana Democracy in such a predicament, nor in fact any Hoosier Political Convention. No disguise can conceal the fact that Landers and his pet financial theories were the idealization of the mass of the "great unwashed," but the political leaders saw breakers ahead and worked hard to escape wreck. How well Hendricks, Joe McDonald, Judge Tom Dowling, and all the others worked may be seen in the platform, that strives to grasp all the divergent financial problems, and in the standard-bearer. The platform is a mysterious wording of Gov. Hendricks' peculiar views on the financial question, especially that feature concerning the return to a specie basis. The politicians generally and the Hendricks folks in particular were determined if possible to defeat Landers, and at the same time destroy Holman. It turns out that their trap caught the game. In the uproar and bedlam of the convention both of these men were laid aside, and a "blue jeans" statesman carried off the prize. If the will of the delegates could have been expressed last night without any exciting surroundings, no doubt Landers would have been to-day the Democratic candidate for Governor of Indiana. The scenes of disorder and noisy discord in the Convention to-day were indescribable. The Tammany Hall Seymour Convention of July, 1868, was calm peacefulness, compared to this. It was not the belligerency of the roughs of the Five Points or Water street section of your City, but the ungovernable and rampant confusion of thousands of excited men divided on a vital problem, and determined on accomplishing their ends. The Chairman was a failure as a presiding officer over a tumultuous assemblage; the Secretary has a husky and doleful voice, and thus, without commanding force at the head, the wild elements boiled like a caldron. The repeated nominations and withdrawals of the opposing party, Landers and Holman, furnished a ludicrous scene and became ridiculous and monotonous as the thing seemed to be child's play. Had Landers remained away from the convention and exhibited even ordinary sagacity by submitting his fate to the care of a few trusty, capable and loud voiced lieutenants, he would have been nominated on the second ballot with a hurrah. As Landers said in one of his numerous little speeches to the Convention during the day, the Holman forces were not, strictly speaking, Holman champions, but were using Holman simply as a tool to defeat him [Landers] with. Therefore Holman's defeat gives the Democratic Hoosiers no pain. Their purpose is accomplished—the defeat of Landers; but the bona fide Landers men are disgusted and enraged. "I'll see the whole ticket —— before I'll vote for it," said a prominent Democratic lawyer of this city, "and I have voted the square Democratic ticket for twenty-five years." The Landers 900, with thousands of sympathizers with them, are sore, and the Indiana Democracy enters upon its State campaign this Centennial year with a larger stock of lukewarmness on hand than ever before in Indiana politics.

The mention of the name of Dan Voorhees as elector at large, and subsequently in connection with the Gubernatorial nomination, produced a storm of applause. Had he been the nominee instead of "Blue Jeans Jimmy Williams," the average Democrat's heart would have been warm with hope. At one time during the exciting contest the entire 150 delegates of this central district, now represented in Congress by Landers, were on the point of withdrawal, and were only restrained from doing so by force. As an incident indicative of the spirit of the disruption, it may be mentioned that Dick Bright, a member of the late Senator Jesse D. Bright's family, and formerly proprietor of the *Sentinel* here, peremptorily resigned from the State Central Committee this evening, declaring his disgust in terms far more comprehensive than classic.

When Landers and Holman went down in the Convention, and "Jimmy" Williams was seen to be the coming man, the nomination was made unanimous informally, and apparent good humor and enthusiasm prevailed. Col. Isaac P. Gray, a Greeley Liberal Republican, was chosen for Lieutenant Governor by acclamation. The remainder of the ticket is Bourbon and "mossback," composed, with two exceptions, of official incumbents. Williams is in Congress. He is a tall, ungainly, and genuine Hoosier in dress and culture. His blue jeans style will win a small Granger following from Orth, which perhaps Orth will win back from the more cultivated Democracy of the cities. Williams is reputed of confirmed honesty. Col. Gray is a good nomination. He is a cultivated and eloquent man, and gives dignity to the ticket. In bulk the ticket is a good one.

Five hundred guns were fired in the State-house grounds immediately following the nomination for Governor. The universal feeling among Landers men and neutrals is that Holman is a sly, slippery demagogue, and has treated Landers meanly; but Holman is a demagogue in every relation of life. Gen. Spooner staid to-night, in conversation, "He served Voorhees a similar trick in the Senatorial race which ended in Jo McDonald's success." The prophecy to-night in the hotel corridors is that Holman to-day drove the last nail into his political coffin, and that Gen. Tom Brown, the Republican candidate for Governor against Hendricks four years ago, and who is Holman's opponent for Congress this year, will defeat the wily "Watch-dog of the Treasury." Landers returns to Washington in a few days. Hendricks is jubilant over the successful strategy which relieved him of the Landers soft-money crowd and gave him a home platform of chameleon hue. To-night the out-going trains were loaded, and the thousands of Hoosier Democrats have mostly gone to their respective homes.

The complete ticket nominated is as follows:

Governor.—James D. Williams, of Knox County.

Lieutenant Governor—Isaac P. Gray, of Randolph County.

Judges Supreme Court.—First District, S. H. Buskirk, Monroe County; Second District, A. G. Downey, Ohio County; Third District, John Pettit, Tippecanoe County; Fourth District, James L. Worden, Allen County.

Secretary of State—John E. Neff, Randolph County.

State Auditor—E. Henderson, Morgan County.

State Treasurer—Benjamin C. Shaw, Marion County.

Attorney General—C. A. Buskirk, Monroe County.

Superintendent of Public Instruction—J. H. Smart, Allen County.

Clerk Supreme Court—Gabriel Schuneck, Perry County.

Reporter Supreme Court—Augustus N. Martin, Wells County.

Following are the resolutions adopted:

DECLARATION OF PRINCIPLES.

The Democracy of Indiana declare their fidelity to all the provisions of the Federal Constitution, to a perpetual union of the States, to local self-government in every section, to all public trusts and obligations, to the honest payment of the public debt, to the preservation of the public faith, to the maintenance of free schools, and to the pure and economical administration of the Federal, State, and municipal governments. They contemplate with alarm the distress that prevails, the wide-spread financial ruin that impends over the people, and the corruption that pervades the public service, and they charge that these evils are the direct results of the personal government, unwise legislation, vicious financial policy, the great contraction of the currency, and the extravagance and selfishness of the party and the officials who have so long held unchecked control. They invite all who believe in and earnestly desire official purity and fidelity, the adjustment of financial questions upon a sound basis, having a regard for the interests and welfare of the whole people, and not a class, and the recognition of the final settlement of all questions submitted to the arbitration of the sword, to unite with them. They declare—

First—That the civil service of the Government has become corrupt, and is made the object of personal gain, and it is the first duty which the people owe to themselves and the Government to restore the tests of honesty, capacity, and fidelity in the selection of persons to fill all public positions.

Second—The repeated exposures of corruption in the administration of every branch of public affairs call for continued and thorough investigation, not only that corrupt practices may be brought to light and guilty parties to punishment, but also that it may be made clear to the people that their only remedy for reform is by making a general and thorough change.

Third—That retrenchment and economy are indispensable in Federal, State, and municipal administration as an essential means toward lessening the burdens of the people, and we commend the efforts of the majority of the House of Representatives for the reduction of the expenses of the Federal Government to a just standard, and their determination to lessen the number of useless offices.

Fourth—We believe in our ancient doctrine that gold and silver are the true and safe basis for the currency, and we are in favor of measures and policies that will produce uniformity in value in the coin and paper money of the country, without destroying or embarrassing the business interests of the people.

Fifth—We oppose the contraction of the volume of our paper currency, and declare in favor of the adoption of measures looking to the gradual retirement of the circulation of the national banks and the substitution therefor of circulating notes issued by authority of the Government.

Sixth—We recognize with patriotic satisfaction the vast recuperative energies with which our country is endowed, and we observe that in spite of the interference with the laws of commerce which has been practiced, our currency has improved in proportion as our wealth has increased, and the sense of national and local security has been confirmed; we are, therefore, of the opinion that a natural return to specie payments will be promoted by the increase of national wealth and industries, by the assurance of harmony at home and peace abroad, and by strengthening our public credit under a wise and economical administration of our national affairs.

Seventh—The legal-tender notes constitute a safe currency, and one especially valuable to the debtor classes because of its legal-tender quality, and we demand the repeal of the legislation enacted by the Republican Party providing for its withdrawal from circulation, and the substitution therefor of national bank paper.

Eighth—The act of Congress for the resumption of specie payments on the 1st of January, 1879, was a party measure, devised in secret caucus for party ends, and forced through the House of Representatives without the allowance of amendment or debate, under party discipline. It paralyzes industry, creates distrust of the future, turns the laborer and producer out of employment, is a standing threat upon business men, and should at once be repealed without any condition whatever.

Ninth—As Democrats we may indulge in laudable pride at the great success of our common school system, which had its origin in Democratic policy, and its development in Democratic measures. We will stand by and forever maintain our constitutional provision which guarantees our common school fund from diminution and misappropriation, and its use only to support nonsectarian common schools, and we denounce as enemies of the schools the Republican politicians who for party ends have sought to bring them into political and sectarian controversy.

Tenth—We believe that a license law properly guarded is the true principle in legislation upon the liquor traffic.

Eleventh—It is not the right of any political party to make the just claims of Union soldiers, their widows and children the subjects of partisan controversy, for such rights are most secure when protected by all the people, and are endangered only when thrown into the political arena by demagogues. We will stand by and maintain their rights to honors, to pensions, and to equal bounties, not as partisans, but because it is our pleasure and duty as citizens.

Twelfth—That the jurisdiction of the Federal Courts in civil causes has been so extended as to become burdensome to the people by increasing expenses, and compelling them to try their causes at places remote from their homes.

Thirteenth—We approve the bill which recently passed the House of Representatives, prohibiting members of Congress and all officers and employes of the United States from contributing money to influence elections.

Fourteenth—We are opposed to the assumption by Congress of the debts of the District of Columbia which were contracted by the late corrupt Ring, and we believe the Government should pay her equal and just proportion for local improvements, the same as other owners of property, and no more.

Fifteenth—That the people of Indiana recognize with pride and pleasure, the eminent public service of Hon. Thomas A. Hendricks; that in all public trusts he has been faithful to duty, and in his public and private life, pure and without blemish. We therefore declare that he is our unanimous choice for the Presidency of the United States.

Sixteenth—That the delegates to the Democratic National Convention, this day appointed, are hereby instructed to cast the vote of this State in said convention as a unit in such manner as the majority of the delegates may determine.

Seventeenth—That we are opposed to the payment of any part of the rebel debt, or any payment whatever for emancipated slaves, or the property of rebels destroyed in war.

THE CANDIDATE AS SEEN BY WASHINGTON EYES.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 19.—Information that the Indiana Democratic Convention had nominated Congressman Williams for Governor was received here this afternoon during the roll-call on the election case of Finney vs. Walls. For a time there was so much confusion that the roll-call could not proceed. Williams received quite an ovation. The nomination was at first regarded as a good joke, but in fact it is politically important. Mr. Williams was the "great unknown" who was selected to compromise the troubles between Niblack, Holman, Landers, and the rest. He has only one quality which fits him for public position, and that is honesty. He is in name and nature a perfect specimen of the Granger. He wears a suit of home-spun Indiana jeans made of cotton and wool, and the hay-seed still adheres to it, though he has been here all Winter. He is very tall, or would be but for a bad stoop of the shoulders, becoming the horny-handed son of toil. He is the most ungainly man in the House, but undoubtedly has a good heart and respectable ability. He is regarded as, on the whole, a strong candidate, and likely to make a good run.

THE BALTIMORE PRIMARIES.

DEMOCRATS FREELY USED BY COLLECTOR BOOTH TO CONTROL THE REPUBLICAN CITY CONVENTION—A MAJORITY OF THE DELEGATES FOR BLAINE.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

BALTIMORE, April 19.—Primary elections were held here to-day for delegates to the City Convention to choose delegates to the State Convention. The Custom-house and Post Office employes endeavored, by the aid of the worst elements of the Democratic Party, to control the elections, the Democratic roughs working and voting openly in the interest of Collector Booth. The full returns, however, show that Blaine's friends have carried eleven of the twenty wards in spite of the Custom-house detachment and the Democratic roughs. C. C. Fulton and John L. Thomas have several thousand majority as delegates at large. The Judges of the Fourth Ward, in which the voting of the Democratic roughs was open and notorious, have refused to sign the certificates of the delegates, so that the friends of Blaine will have a good working majority in the City Convention, and be able to send a full delegation of sound Blaine men to the State Convention.

Dispatch to the Associated Press.

BALTIMORE, April 19.—The Republicans held primary elections this evening for delegates to the City Convention, which will choose delegates to the Republican State Convention to be held May 4 to elect delegates to the Cincinnati Convention. There were two tickets, known respectively as the Fulton or American, and the Booth or Custom-house tickets, but both are professedly in favor of Blaine and Bristow. It is said to-night that the Fulton ticket elected delegates in eleven and the Booth in nine wards of the city.

MONTANA DELEGATES FOR BLAINE.

HELENA, April 19.—The Republican Territorial Convention, in session at Deer Lodge, to-day, instructed their delegates to vote for Blaine in the National Republican Convention. The proceedings were stormy.

THE ILLINOIS DEMOCRATS.

SPRINGFIELD, April 19.—At a meeting of the Democratic State Central Committee to-day a resolution was adopted that it is expedient to hold two State Democratic Conventions, the first on June 22, to select delegates to the National Democratic Convention at St. Louis, and the other to nominate a State ticket, to be held on a day to be named hereafter.

INVESTIGATING MR. BRISTOW.

HIRED DETECTIVES WATCHING EVERY MOVEMENT OF THE SECRETARY—EFFORTS TO MAKE A CASE AGAINST HIM—A STORY SPRUNG AND ANSWERED.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 19.—Mr. Bristow is likely to be the best investigated officer of the Government. Paid detectives are on his track, watching his comings and goings, and some of the committees are willing to engage in the work of defamation. Every private and official act of his life is to pass under the scrutiny of the same sort of men of whom the country has heard considerable in connection with whisky trials and the safe burglary. If he ever, as a small boy, played marbles on Sunday in disobedience of parental orders, it is likely to be brought to the attention of the country between now and the meeting of the Cincinnati Convention. One of the stories of which mention was made in the dispatches of last night was sprung to-day, and the Secretary meets it instantly with a characteristic letter, which the Committee on the Department of Justice and the Democrats in the House will be likely to read with some interest. Mr. Bristow justly complains that the charges have been kept from him for a week by the committee, but many other people have not been informed, except through the press, of charges of great gravity brought against them secretly before investigating committees several months ago. In this case of Mr. Bristow it was undoubtedly the deliberate purpose of the managers of the committee to make up a case against the Secretary if possible, and allow it to be printed in its worst form before there could be any contradiction. The purpose was not partisan probably so much as personal, the committee being conveniently used by other parties as a medium of disseminating their false reports.

Dispatch to the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, April 19.—Secretary Bristow has addressed the following letter to Hon. B. G. Caulfield, Chairman of Committee on Expenses:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 19, 1876.

SIR: My attention has been called to the Washington dispatches to the Baltimore *Gazette* of this date, (copy inclosed,) from which it appears that some time last week Mr. T. W. Bartley of this City appeared before your committee and detailed rumors under oath affecting my official integrity. This witness is represented as having sworn upon information and belief, in substance, that while I was United States Attorney for the District of Kentucky, a number of distilleries were seized at my instance, and that soon after, upon an offer of a large sum of money, I resigned and procured the appointment of my assistant [Col. Wharton] as my successor, became counsel for these distillers, and in accordance with the terms of the alleged agreement, procured the release of their property. It is difficult to credit the statement that an officer of the Government who could be reached by your committee in a few minutes should be allowed to remain in ignorance of the exact character of such testimony for nearly a week, and that no opportunity to meet charges of so serious a nature should be afforded him. In the absence of any definite information from your committee in regard to what the witness really stated under oath, and without reference to the alleged denial of these statements by another witness, I must promptly meet the slander as I find it in the public prints, even at the risk of appearing to reflect upon the methods of your committee. The story, whether testified to by Mr. Bartley or any one else before your committee, is absolutely and unqualifiedly false. I trust your committee will recognize the propriety of giving me the opportunity to meet this baseless slander promptly, and for this purpose I request that the officers of the court, including the Judge thereof, be brought before your committee and subjected to public examination touching all of the matters alleged by the witness in question, either by direct statement or innuendo, and, if need be, that the records of the court be examined for the purpose of showing that no such cases existed; at least, that I had no connection with any. Furthermore, I claim the right to be heard personally before your committee, under oath, touching all of the matters referred to by any of the witnesses who have been examined on this subject. I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your obedient servant.

B. H. BRISTOW.

EX-SPEAKER BLAINE.

THE RECENT CONFERENCE TO CONSIDER THE ACCUSATIONS AGAINST HIM—STATEMENT BY A PARTICIPATOR.

The Cincinnati *Gazette* says that the meeting of four gentlemen in that city in regard to certain charges made privately against Mr. Blaine, about which much has been said within the last few days, was not, as has been asserted, in the interests of any particular candidate, nor against any particular candidate, and it continues: "It had come to the knowledge of those parties that there were charges against Mr. Blaine in the possession of Democrats, that would be sprung if that gentleman should be nominated for the Presidency by the Cincinnati Convention, and it was to look into these that the conference was held in this city. There were four persons present, all Republicans. There had been correspondence previously with Mr. Blaine with reference to the matter, and he was subsequently advised of all that transpired at that meeting, and he was also furnished the names of the gentlemen present. The letter written to Mr. Blaine with reference to the meeting in question, and all previous correspondence, he is at full liberty to publish whenever he sees fit. The conference had but one object, and that was to discover whether the charges were such as to injure Mr. Blaine in the event of his nomination, and to ascertain, if possible, what truth there was in those charges. The gentlemen referred to could not affirm that the charges were true, nor could they say they were false in all their parts. They felt it their duty, therefore, in the interests of Mr. Blaine and the Republican Party, to make that gentleman acquainted with all the details in their possession, in order that he might meet and explain the charges, and this was done as early as the month of March, in order that there might be abundant time before the meeting of the Cincinnati Convention to dispose of the case one way or the other. The publication in the Indianapolis *Sentinel* barely referred to one of the charges. It did not state the case fully nor clearly, and, as we understand the matter, the cards of Mr. Rollin, and Morton, Bliss & Co., published by Mr. Blaine, with a view to meeting the charges contained in the *Sentinel* article, fall entirely short of the mark. Hence we consider a further explanation necessary. In fact, a full investigation will be required to place Mr. Blaine in a proper position before the country. If innocent, that must be established by something more than mere general denials. If Mr. Blaine should be nominated for the Presidency, the Democratic House would be sure to investigate. With these charges pending, the Cincinnati Convention would not be likely to risk the nomination of Mr. Blaine. The investigation should, therefore, be demanded by Mr. Blaine at once and pushed to a conclusion. In one of the cases, Mr. Harrison, a Government Director in the Union Pacific Railroad, would be a witness. He says he knows all about the $64,000 transaction, and is ready to go before a Congressional committee and tell the whole story. This would not take more than a few days, and if, from what we have heard, Mr. Harrison's evidence would not convict Mr. Blaine, he could not be convicted at all. It will not suffice to say that Mr. Harrison is a friend of Senator Morton, and that this is a Morton scheme to kill off Blaine. Mr. Harrison, we are informed, is an honorable man, and one not likely to enter into any questionable scheme to help or injure any person. Neither will it be sufficient to say this is a Bristow conspiracy, a Hayes plot, or a Conkling iniquity. It is nothing of the kind, so far as we have any knowledge on the subject. The charges are bound to be made in full, and the sooner they appear and are met specifically and squarely the better for Mr. Blaine and the party and the country."

TILDEN DELEGATES ELECTED.

HUDSON, April 19.—The Democratic Convention of Greene County to-day elected as delegates to the State Convention, A. P. Jones, James Wilson, and John Avery, all for Tilden.

PEEKSKILL, April 19.—The Third Assembly District of Westchester met here in Convention to-day, and elected W. J. Ackerly, C. G. Childs, Jr., and George H. Sutton delegates to Utica. They are pronounced Tilden men.

NEWPORT CITY ELECTION.

PROVIDENCE, April 19.—There was an uncommonly exciting municipal election in Newport to-day. The vote polled was 1,657, double that cast at the recent State election. Henry Bedlow was elected Mayor by 375 majority over Stephen P. Slocum, the present incumbent. No party nominations were made. Mr. Bedlow is a Republican, and Mr. Slocum a Democrat; but politics did not enter largely into the contest. The result was received with public demonstrations of joy by the friends of Mr. Bedlow.

CALIFORNIA GREENBACK CONVENTION.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 19.—A convention has been called to meet at Sacramento on the 29th inst. for the purpose of choosing delegates to the National Greenback Convention which is to meet at Indianapolis on May 17.

THE CLYMER INQUIRIES.

LIGHT ON THE MOTH CONTRACT.

TESTIMONY OF MR. BREGA, OF COWLES & CO.—DONN PIATT EMPLOYED AS A LOBBYIST—STATEMENT BY THE FIRM DENYING PIATT'S ASSERTIONS—MR. GARFIELD'S TELEGRAM EXPLAINED.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 19.—George W. Brega, who was examined to-day by the Clymer committee concerning the notorious army moth contracts, managed to convey very little information upon some points and much upon others. He is a partner, but never saw the company's books, except several years ago casually. He does not know anything about the amount of profits the firm has made, or whether it has made anything at all. Mr. Cowles, now traveling for his health, attended to all such matters, and the magnificent Brega has resided most of the time abroad. He expects to have a settlement of business accounts some time. Meantime he is content with drawing money when needed. The following is a copy of the material parts of an answer by the firm to charges made by Donn Piatt, who was employed by the firm, and claimed from Cowles nearly twelve thousand dollars extra, and on being refused threatened to have the use of the process stopped. The answer shows in substance the nature of the charges:

OFFICE OF GEORGE A. COWLES & CO.
NO. 217 LEVANT STREET.
PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 17, 1874.

Hon. W. W. Belknap, Secretary of War, Washington, D. C.:

SIR: With regard to statements affecting us made to you on the 19th day of July last, and which have just been communicated to us, we beg to submit: First—As to Donn Piatt's statement that he has been the agent and attorney for Mr. Cowles in matters connected with our process. We explicitly deny that Mr. Donn Piatt was ever the agent or attorney of Mr. Cowles or George A. Cowles & Co. He [Piatt] was simply employed to present such facts as the Quartermaster's Department found to be correct to the attention of the War Department, and to such persons in Congress as he might know. He [the said Piatt] is ignorant of the details of the process, or even the names of the persons forming our company, and his duties were confined to using such influence with his alleged friends in Congress and the War Department as would induce them to read official investigations and reports of the Quartermaster General and his subordinates, and thus comprehend the merits of our process. Second—We assert positively that Donn Piatt has been paid in full for all his services, according to the terms of our agreement with him, which, it should be stated, was a verbal agreement alone. If Donn Piatt has a just claim against us, which we unequivocally deny, the courts are open to him for relief and we are a perfectly responsible company. We protest respectfully against his attempt to induce the War Department by misstatements, unsupported by the slightest evidence, to interfere in his behalf. Third—We deny that either Mr. Brega or Mr. Cowles told Donn Piatt that we could not pay him because we had expended large amounts in procuring use for the patent by payments to employes and officers of the War Department in Philadelphia or elsewhere. In the first place, Mr. Donn Piatt was notified by Mr. Cowles as soon as he [Piatt] made a demand for money beyond what he had received, demand having been made on the 28th of June last, that he had already been paid in full. In the second place, Mr. Brega was at that time in Europe, where he had been since July, 1873, and he has not seen, or conversed, or written to Piatt since his [Brega's] return. Fourth—As to Piatt's assertion that an employe of our company had informed him that our process was a fraud, we can only reply that our employes do not know the rationale of our process, and that, as Piatt's statement was made upon the 19th of July last, with a promise on his part to give the name of his alleged informant, and as up to this time he has failed to give the promised name, or produce his alleged witness, it is evident that his assertion was baseless. As to Gen. Garfield's telegram, it contains no evidence whatever, and we can prove that on the 16th or 17th of July last, Mr. Cowles heard that Donn Piatt had telegraphed to Gen. Garfield to telegraph to the Secretary of War to suspend our work. As Mr. Garfield's telegram is dated Aug. 7, it is evident that Gen. Garfield acted on misrepresentations of Piatt.

Mr. Garfield says in regard to the telegram mentioned as having been sent by him, that he had heard from a department officer, through a fellow member of Congress, that the process was a fraud, and he had also heard that Cowles had charged that money had been paid either to procure the legislation or the contract. This charge he knew reflected either upon the Committee on Appropriations or on the War Department, and he was indignant, and learning that the Secretary had suspended the work, the telegram to stand firm was sent. The Secretary telegraphed asking grounds for the request, and Gen. Garfield replied by letter. He proceeded on the theory that if the company had paid money the contract should be stopped, and if they had not, but pretended falsely that they had, the same action should be taken. Donn Piatt, who has been under subpœna for some time, will now be called to testify, and, it is reported, will give some spicy evidence. There is evidently not a state of peace between Brega and Piatt.

Dispatch to the Associated Press.

The Committee on Expenditures in the War Department to-day, heard E. A. Reynolds, of the firm of Lee & Reynolds, post traders at Camp Supply, Indian Territory. Mr. Reynolds testified that he secured the appointment on Sept. 17, 1870, through Gen. J. M. Hedrick, of Iowa; was to pay him $5,000, but found the arrangement unprofitable, and altogether paid him $4,500: made the last payment in the latter part of 1872, or early in 1873; had paid no money to anybody else on account of the appointment to the post. Witness was questioned very closely as to whether, in the presence of Wilbur F. Stone, a lawyer of Pueblo, Colorado, in the room of witness at the St. James Hotel, New-York, in the Fall of 1874, he mailed a one thousand-dollar bill or two one thousand-dollar bills in a letter to Gen. Orville E. Babcock or his brother. Witness said he had managed all the business of the firm in connection with the appointment, and had paid all the money that was paid. He had not handled a thousand-dollar bill in the past ten years; had never in his life mailed money in an envelope in the way of bank notes or greenbacks; had never paid a dollar to Gen. Babcock or his brother, nor had he paid money to any one except Gen. Hedrick for the appointment. The reason witness agreed to pay Hedrick $5,000 a year was because the post traders generally talked big figures about the values of posts; that they would make large sums of money "next year;" that as these stories circulated his [Hedrick's] prices seemed to "inflate." Witness' firm had made about ten thousand dollars a year; dealt with Hedrick because he wanted the appointment and Hedrick controlled it; witness has held the post nearly six years, but the agreement was dropped; if it had been an ordinary business transaction witness would owe Hedrick about twenty-five thousand dollars.

Mr. George W. Brega, of George W. Cowles & Co., read a long statement in regard to their processes for the preservation of tents and clothing for the War Department by preventing or expelling mildew or moths. He testified that Gen. Meigs had indorsed the findings of the Army boards and the results of tests at the Schuylkill Arsenal, all of which were favorable to Cowles & Co. The Secretary of War was not favorable to the process used by Cowles & Co., but all the orders were made upon the authority of Quartermaster General Meigs; witness had never spoken to Gen. Ingalls on the subject except in public before the board; he had not used any influence to have the board constituted in their interests; had paid nobody to work for them except Col. Donn Piatt, editor of the Washington *Capital;* thinks the contract with Piatt was five per cent. of the gross proceeds of the work; in 1874 Col. Piatt put in a claim against Cowles & Co. for $11,000 or $12,000, but the company refused to pay him on the ground that they had already paid him in full for his services on Jan. 19, 1874; the work of Cowles & Co. was stopped through Piatt's efforts; witness went to see the Secretary of War, and asked for a copy of the charge against the company; the Secretary gave him no satisfaction, and said he would be —— if he would gratify his request; witness went to Long Branch to see the President; was not acquainted with either the President or Gen. Babcock; saw Babcock and told his story; witness was told that there must be some mistake; that the Secretary of War would be there in a few days, and that he had better wait till Gen. Belknap came before going to see the President; witness did wait, and a few days afterward received a copy of the charges through Gen. Babcock. The amount of money paid to the company was about $400,000.

During the examination Mr. Brega was interrogated as follows:

Q.—You say there was furnished you with the charges a copy of a telegram from Gen. Garfield telling the Secretary of War to hold on? A.—Yes; as I recollect the language, it was, "Hold firm; don't give way."

Q.—Have you ever had any conversation with Gen. Garfield regarding this subject? A.—Regarding this telegram do you mean?

Q.—Regarding the subject generally; this moth process business? A.—I think Mr. Cowles or myself may have incidentally had conversations with him, but of a very slight character.

Q.—Was he at that time Chairman of the Committee on Appropriations? A.—He was Chairman, but this matter of ours was referred at that time to Mr. Dickey, of the committee, and it was him that I saw and explained the matter to.

Q.—Why was it that Gen. Garfield should have telegraphed the Secretary of War to hold firm? What induced that telegram from him? A.—I can only tell you the fact; you must draw your own inference. I know nothing beyond what I have stated. I supposed, as we declared under oath, that it was by the influence of Mr. Piatt.

Q.—What reason had you to suppose that? A.—Because Mr. Cowles told me that Mr. Piatt had threatened that in addition to getting work stopped he would get Gen. Garfield to assist him in it.

Q.—Had you any conversation with Gen. Garfield about this particular telegram? A.—I have not talked to him or seen him since.

Q.—Have you ever written to him on the subject? A.—No, Sir. We met the question officially.

Q.—Then you really have no knowledge of what induced him to send this telegram, save the fact that Cowles told you that Mr. Donn Piatt had threatened to get Gen. Garfield to assist him? A.—No, Sir; we have stated that in our sworn reply, which I take for granted the department communicated to Mr. Garfield, but I do not know whether they did or not.

Q.—You do not know of Gen. Garfield's having any improper intention in sending that telegram? A.—I do not think he had any improper intention.

Q.—You did not intend then by your affidavit to impute any wrong intention to him at all? A.—No, Sir; on the contrary, we stated that we had probably been led astray by the representations of Mr. Piatt, who is probably an intimate friend of his; I take it for granted that if Mr. Piatt telegraphed to Mr. Garfield that there was a fraud in this matter, Mr. Garfield would telegraph in the way he did. Mr. Garfield is a gentleman that I have very little acquaintance with, but I have great respect for him, and it would take more than a statement of that kind to make me believe anything bad of him.

THE EMMA MINE INVESTIGATION.

OVERTURES TO SENATOR MORTON FOR HIS SERVICES AS COUNSEL—MR. PARK'S EXAMINATION CONTINUED—TESTIMONY OF MINERS THAT THE EMMA MINE IS A TRUE VEIN.

WASHINGTON, April 19.—Ex-Senator Stewart was recalled before the Committee on Foreign Affairs to-day. It will be recollected from the former testimony that the witness had a conversation with Senator Morton in July, 1871, wishing to engage him as counsel in the Emma Mine suit, but which Senator Morton subsequently declined. In reply to Mr. Springer's question, the witness said he advised Lyon to send Senator Morton a retaining fee of $1,000, having previously informed the Senator that, if the suit turned out well, he should have a larger compensation. After the witness saw Senator Morton's testimony before this committee, given in March last, not knowing whether Lyon had complied with the suggestion to send a retaining fee to Senator Morton, he wrote to the Denver Bank for information as to whether a draft had been drawn by Lyon in favor of Senator Morton on the bank. The reply was that there was no evidence that such a check had been drawn.

The examination of Mr. Park by Mr. Hewitt was resumed, during which, among other things, he circumstantially stated how he settled with ex-Senator Stewart for his interest in the mine, giving him money and bonds amounting to about two hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars. The bonds to the extent of $100,000 were purchased below par, this investment being for the benefit of Mrs. Stewart. In reply to a question by Mr. Chittenden, Mr. Park said he never heard of Prof. Blake's letter of July 27, 1871, (in derogation of the mine,) until his attention was called to it last year by Mr. Chittenden. In June, 1871, Prof. Blake called on Mr. Park, representing that he was out of employment and wanted something to do. Park employed him to go to the Emma Mine and make a survey and examination. He was to receive $500 and expenses at first, and $2,000 on making his maps and report. Blake informed Park that he had acquaintances in London, and could be of great service to him in selling the mine, and that he should like to go to London with Mr. Park. Mr. Park told him it would be a long time before the mine could be offered for sale, but if the time should ever come he would consider the proposition of Prof. Blake; witness left Salt Lake on the morning of July 25, and a short time after reaching New-York Gen. Baxter handed him Prof. Blake's letter of July 26, 1871, which gave a favorable report of the mine.

Mr. Patrick, Superintendent of the Flagstaff Mine, testified that it had apparently given out when he took charge of it in December, 1873, and there appeared to be not more than a thousand tons of ore, but George Cullen, the Underground Superintendent, recovered the vein, and forty tons of ore a day had been taken out for the last seven months. The opinion of the witness, from his experience as a miner was, that under proper developement large quantities of ore would be developed in the Emma Mine. Many persons in Utah thought that the Flagstaff and Emma Mines were on the same vein.

George Cullen testified that the yield of the Flagstaff Mine had not given out since the vein was recovered; he had made ineffectual efforts to get into the Emma Mine, but had been excluded by certain interested persons there; his opinion was that the Emma Mine was a true vein, and that it was on the same vein with the Flagstaff Mine; as far as his knowledge went, the Emma Mine could be made to pay with proper explorations; the Bay City Tunnel Company had taken out a body of rich ore at the end of the tunnel, which was supposed to be on the Emma vein. The committee adjourned to to-morrow.

THE RAILROAD STRIKERS AT RHINEBECK.

POUGHKEEPSIE, April 19.—The Italians who were sent from New-York to take the place of the railroad strikers at Rhinebeck returned last evening, having refused to work for less than was demanded by the strikers. Last night a large two-story building owned by the Rhinebeck and Connecticut Railroad Company was burned. It was the one in which the Italians were quartered, and it is thought the strikers set it on fire to prevent its being used for that purpose again.

It appears that the strikers were reinforced by fifty men from Rondout, who returned to the latter place at 3 P. M. without having committed violence. Subsequently the Rhinebeck Constables made five arrests, and to-night all is quiet. Across the river, at Rondout, where another strike is in progress, affairs have assumed a more serious aspect. Brig. Gen. George Parker, of this city, has received a telegram from Capt. Tremper, of the National Guard, saying the Sheriff had ordered out a battalion of military and asking for orders. Gen Parker has ordered Capt. Tremper to obey the Sheriff and telegraph further particulars; but, as the telegraph office at Rondout closed at 9 o'clock, it is doubtful if any further intelligence can be obtained. It is believed, however, that up to this time, 11 P. M., all is quiet.

THE LABOR TROUBLE IN WEST VIRGINIA.

CINCINNATI, April 19.—Additional advices in regard to the threatened affray between the white and negro laborers on the Government locks at Brownstown, West Va., state that after a consultation between the parties the negroes agreed to leave by noon to-day if unmolested, which agreement was ratified by the whites. Contractor Dull, who brought the negroes on from Richmond, considers it necessary to leave the place.

LATER.—A special to the *Gazette* from Charleston says the troubles at Brownstown are not yet ended, and the negroes have not gone away, as previously reported. Last evening the rioters went to the house of Contractor Dull, and notified him that unless the negroes were sent away they would hang every negro and himself with them. Dull went to Charleston and asked the aid of the authorities, and with the Sheriff and 100 citizens returned to Brownstown this afternoon. No further advices have been received from the scene of the disturbance.

THE FREIGHT POOL BROKEN.

CHICAGO, April 19.—On account of the failure of the pool lines to adjust their difficulties amicably, and owing to the disputes which arose in the meeting held here last week and that held in New-York on Tuesday the pool has broken. Mr. Jay telegraphed the agent for the Michigan Central to-day to protect the road, which the agent did by taking freight at a reduction of five cents for fourth-class to New-York. The other roads followed, and fourth-class freight was taken in some cases as low as thirty cents, a reduction of ten cents.

CENTENNIAL ANNIVERSARIES.

LOCAL EVENTS CELEBRATED IN VARIOUS TOWNS IN MASSACHUSETTS.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

BOSTON, April 19.—Local Centennial celebrations have been held to-day at Concord, Lexington, Salem, and Newton. The two latter cities kept the one hundredth anniversary of important local events by brilliant social festivities. In Salem a very fine Centennial ball was given in Mechanics' Hall under the auspices of the Ladies' Centennial Committee, and a very large and fashionable assemblage was present, including Gov. Rice and staff. At Newton the children entered into the spirit of the day, and carried out with great success a Martha Washington reception this evening, those of a larger growth enjoying a brilliant social assembly afterward. The historic towns of Concord and Lexington kept alive memories of the famous 19th of April by modest local observances which were quite successful, though attended by few outsiders and carried out without any ostentatious display. At Lexington there was a so-called "antique and horrible" parade in the morning, with a grand military and civic ball in the evening. Concord, besides a parade of the artillery company in the morning, held a public meeting in the evening, followed by a grand ball. Eloquent addresses were made by Rev. Dr. Hosmer, of Newton, and others, and a poem written for the occasion was recited by G. W. Minns.

THE KILBOURN CASE.

WASHINGTON, April 19.—The hearing in the Hallet Kilbourn habeas corpus case was continued this morning before Chief Justice Cartter. After the admission of the proceedings of the court, touching the indictment of Mr. Kilbourn, and also the certificate from the Speaker of the House of Representatives to the District Attorney, sending the case to the Grand Jury, Hon. Jeremiah S. Black made a motion that the prisoner be admitted to bail, he being under indictment by the Grand Jury and under arrest on a bench warrant issued by the District Attorney, and spoke in support of the motion. At the conclusion of Mr. Black's remarks the Judge stated that he wished to hear the question as to the jurisdiction of the House of Representatives argued by counsel on both sides; that if the House of Representatives have legal authority they have the right to hold the prisoner, and it cannot be resisted in this court, and he would refuse to entertain the motion at this time. Argument was then commenced by Hon. Matt H. Carpenter for the petitioner, who was followed by Hon. Samuel Shellabarger, counsel for the Sergeant at Arms. The arguments will probably last several days.

AN IMPORTANT LEGAL DECISION.

BUFFALO, April 19.—The case of Wilhelmina Weick, charged with the murder of her stepson, was called this morning in the Supreme Court, Judge Henderson presiding. An important point of law was raised by the defendant's attorney, Hon. Josiah Cook. He first moved to have the case go over to next term on account of the ill-health of the prisoner, which was denied. He then moved to quash the entire panel of jurors, on the ground that the present jury of this court was not properly impaneled; that it was not a jury drawn from the body of the County of Erie, as prescribed by the charter; that the town of Hamburg was not represented in the jury-box from which the jury for this term of the court was drawn. The matter was argued at length, and Mr. Cook's motion, as far as this case is concerned, was granted, and the prisoner remanded to jail. How much this decision will affect several important trials which have been held and are on the calendar, including the case of George D. Lord, is a matter of considerable discussion among the lawyers of this city.

THE INDIANS QUIET.

OMAHA, April 19.—An official telegram to Gen. Crook from Fort Laramie, received yesterday, conveys the information that no Indians have left either the Red Cloud or Spotted Tail Agency with their families, since the fight with Crazy Horse on Powder River. A few people went to bring in their own people, and some of them have returned accompanied by Northern Sioux. The Cheyennes at the Red Cloud Agency are alarmed, and talk of going south. The indications are that the thrashing given Crazy Horse has affected the Ogallallas so favorably that they will keep quiet. A few miners have been killed near the Hills recently.

CALIFORNIA MINING STOCKS.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 19.—The following are the closing official prices of mining stocks to-day: Consolidated Virginia, 79½; California, 85¼; Segregated Belcher, 84½; Ophir, 67¾; Chollar, 120; Savage, 17½; Imperial, (new stock,) 6¾; Mexican, 35¾; Gould & Curry, 18½; Best & Belcher, 55¼; Hale & Norcross, 70¾; Crown Point, 21½; Yellow Jacket, 34½; Empire, 11½; Alpha, 76½; Belcher, 31½; Confidence, 24; Sierra Nevada, 22¾; Exchequer, 26¼; Overman, 77; Justice, 30¼; Caledonia, 11½.

A NEW PLANET DISCOVERED.

ANN ARBOR, April 17.—Prof. Watson reports the discovery on the night of the 16th inst., in the constellation Virgo, a planet hitherto unknown, the continued observation of which was interrupted by clouds. Last night he observed it satisfactorily. It shines like a star of the eleventh magnitude. Its position is right ascension thirteen hours, twenty-nine minutes, and declination eleven degrees, forty-seven minutes south. The motion is retrograde, one minute daily in right ascension, and north two minutes daily in declination.

A CLERGYMAN DEPOSED.

SPRINGFIELD, April 19.—The council composed of twenty-eight delegates, representing fifteen churches, called to day to investigate the alleged immoralities of Rev. E. S. Fitz, the Congregational minister of Southampton, voted 24 to 2 that he possessed tendencies that unfit him for the Christian ministry, and recommended an immediate cessation of the pastorate.

WESTERN WHISKY PROSECUTIONS.

JEFFERSON CITY, April 19.—Charles B. Wilkinson, ex-Collector of Internal Revenue at St. Joseph, Mo., who was recently arrested at San Francisco, on his return from Australia, and against whom there are three indictments for violation of the revenue laws and complicity in whisky frauds, arrived here to-day in charge of Col. H. Finnegass, of the United States Secret Service, California District. He will be arraigned on Saturday.

GOODS FOR THE CENTENNIAL.

PHILADELPHIA, April 19.—The steam-ship France, of the French Transatlantic Line, arrived at this port to-day, from Havre 8th inst., with 1,200 tons measurement of goods for the Exposition. The vessel will remain here until Sunday, when she will leave for New-York.

METHODIST CONFERENCE.

LEWISTON, April 19.—Bishop Haven presided at the Methodist Conference to-day. Committees were appointed, and reports read which show general spiritual prosperity. In the evening the Ladies' Missionary Society and Pastor and the Ladies' Christian Mission held their anniversary meetings.

FORGED RAILROAD BONDS.

PHILADELPHIA, April 19.—In the Wishart trial to-day Martin L. Sykes, an officer of the Chicago and North-western Railroad Company, testified that the bonds of the company exhibited in court were forged. The whole plate was counterfeit.

SAVINGS BANK SUSPENSION.

BOSTON, April 19.—The Lewiston, Me., Savings Bank suspended payment to-day, owing to a protracted run of the depositors. The bank expects eventually to pay in full.

AN UNTOWARD RESULT.

The Norwich (Conn.) *Bulletin* says: "An up-town man, who believes in self-improvement, suggested to his wife recently that they should argue some question frankly and freely every evening, and try to learn more of each other. The question for the first night happened to be whether a woman could be expected to get along without a spring hat, and he took the affirmative; but when he was last seen he had climbed up into the hay-loft and was pulling the ladder up after him."

WASHINGTON.

DEMOCRATIC SCHEMES.

WHY THE PUBLIC BUSINESS IS RETARDED—A CHANCE TO ASSAIL THE REPUBLICAN NOMINEE FOR PRESIDENT SOUGHT.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 19.—The House manifests so little zeal in hastening the legislation of the session, and Mr. Randall is so slow in work on the appropriation bills, that it is beginning to grow apparent that there is some purpose in the delay. It is not all due to stupidity and inexperience. One of the suggestions is that the Democrats mean to leave as short a time as possible between the passage of the bills in the House and the close of the fiscal year on the 30th of June. The Senate would thus be compelled to accept the bills as sent from the House, or allow the departments to stop for want of funds. There is another reason for delay still more probable. All the stories touching any man who may be a possible candidate for the Presidency are carefully stored up by the Democratic leaders in their private pigeon-holes, and the advice of those who attempt to control is that nothing against any one likely to be nominated at Cincinnati should be investigated at present. The meaning of the slow progress in the House then seems most likely to be that a large amount of work is to remain undone after the nomination of the Republican candidate in order that Congress may have an excuse to remain in Washington a month or two investigating the nominee. This is a very pleasant prospect, and it suggests to the gentlemen who desire to be President a little self-examination and the inquiry, in a strictly personal and private manner, whether they could afford to be investigated after having received the nomination. If any of the candidates feel a little nervous on this subject they would do well to take action of some sort between now and the middle of June to place themselves beyond the reach of the House, the simplest method being to withdraw entirely from the contest. There can be very little doubt that the House intends to find out what sort of man the Republican candidate is, and a good many scandals, if nothing worse, have been filed and indexed for future reference.

THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.

THE COMMITTEE ON EXPENDITURES LOOKING FOR EVIDENCE AGAINST MR. BLUFORD WILSON.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 19.—John Rosette, formerly United States District Attorney for the Springfield (Ill.) District, and who was the predecessor of Bluford Wilson in that office, was examined to-day by the House Committee on Expenditures in the Department of Justice. Mr. Rosette had no personal knowledge of any corrupt practices, but he heard that the whisky men of that district had raised a fund of thirty or forty thousand dollars to be used for political purposes, and thinks it was used to elect McNulty and Robinson to Congress. He also heard that Pete McCarty, the counterfeiter, who was arrested while Mr. Wilson was District Attorney, had raised $5,000, and that McCarty was given to understand that the money was to be paid Wilson. Rosette knew nothing of the facts, but expressed the belief that Wilson did not get the money and knew nothing whatever of it, and that the parties who induced McCarty to raise the money appropriated it themselves, and informed McCarty that they paid it to Wilson. McCarty subsequently forfeited his bail and escaped. Mr. Rosette was called with the expectation that he would testify to facts damaging to Wilson. Ex-Attorney General Williams was also before the committee in relation to the disposition of McCarty's forfeited bail bond. Members of the committee are convinced that, in trying to find something against Wilson, they are on the wrong track.

NOTES FROM THE CAPITAL.

ADMINISTERING THE IRON-CLAD OATH TO AN EX-CONFEDERATE SOLDIER—THE POST OFFICE APPROPRIATIONS—CENTENNIAL COINS.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 19.—Mr. Walls, a colored member of the House from Florida, whose seat was contested by Mr. Finney, was to-day unseated by a strict party vote and the contestant declared entitled to the seat. After the result of the vote was announced Mr. Finney was called and presented himself at the bar to be sworn, when an amusing scene occurred. Finney was in the service of the defunct Confederacy, but the Speaker had not been informed of that fact, and proceeded to administer to him the "iron-clad" oath. Finney was standing with uplifted hand, and when the Speaker repeated the words, "You do solemnly swear that you have never voluntarily borne arms against the Government of the United States," the hand of Finney dropped to his side as suddenly as though it had been struck down with a club. The members of the House were respectfully attending to the qualification of the new member, and this unexpected episode excited great laughter, in which the Speaker and Mr. Finney himself joined. When order was restored, the modified oath was administered, and Mr. Finney mingled with his Democratic friends and received their congratulations.

The Post Office Appropriation bill has been completed by the Committee on Appropriations, and will be reported to the House to-morrow. The amount appropriated by the bill is $33,433,109, a reduction of over $4,000,000 from the amount appropriated last year. The estimated receipts for the next fiscal year are $29,258,203, which, reduced from the amount appropriated, would leave a deficiency at the close of the year to be met by direct appropriation of over four million dollars. For stamps, $850,000 is named, a reduction from last year for this item of $136,000.

A bill was introduced in the House to-day and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means, authorizing the coinage, at the Mint at Philadelphia, of silver dollar and half-dollar pieces, the devices, emblem, and inscription to be the same as those prescribed for gold and silver coins of the United States, with such modifications as the Director of the Mint may deem necessary to illustrate Dana Bickford's system of international coinage and allow the words "First Centennial of American Independence" to be inscribed on the coin. These coins are to be of standard weight and fineness, and a legal tender in sums not exceeding $5. A limit is fixed to the number of Centennial coins to be issued, and the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to issue five-per cent. bonds and purchase silver bullion to coin the Centennial pieces.

The Treasury to-day disbursed in exchange for fractional currency about thirty-five thousand dollars in silver coin. There was a steady stream of applicants for silver, from the opening of the cash room at 9 o'clock until it was closed at 2 o'clock. Several large amounts were sent to banks and others who had applied for it.

Ichabod C. Nettleship appeared in the Criminal Court yesterday and entered into his own recognizance in $2,000 to appear and answer the indictment in the safe burglary case. He also states that in all his operation in the case he carried out only the orders of his superiors in the Secret Service. He also appeared before the Civil Service Committee inquiring into irregularities in the New-York Custom-house to-day. The committee decided to take his testimony in secret session. It is understood, however, that he corroborated the testimony given by A. B. Newcomb on Monday in relation to the employment of members of the secret service as inspectors, but that they received only one salary.

The National Academy of Science began its session at the Smithsonian Institution yesterday, and will continue in session several days. Among those in attendance are Profs. Silliman, Barnard, Mayer, Guyot, Loomis, Thurston, Hilgard, Baird, Coffin, [illegible]

FORTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

FIRST SESSION—April 19.

SENATE.

The galleries of the Senate Chamber were again densely crowded this morning, a large majority of the audience being ladies. So great was the rush that it was found necessary to close some of the doors soon after the Senate was called to order. Upon the floor of the Senate Chamber tables and seats for the use of the Managers of the Impeachment on the part of the House of Representatives, and the accused and his counsel were arranged as on Monday.

PRESIDENTIAL VETOES.

The CHAIR laid before the Senate a message from the President of the United States, returning without his approval the bill fixing the salary of the President at $25,000 per annum, which was read, and on motion of Mr. Clayton, of Arkansas, it was ordered that the message be printed and referred to the Committee on Civil Service and Retrenchment.

Mr. MITCHELL, of Oregon, from the Committee on Claims, reported back the bill for the relief of G. B. Tyler and E. H. Luckett, together with the message of the President vetoing the bill, and stated that the committee unanimously recommended that the bill be passed notwithstanding the objections of the President. It was placed on the calendar.

[The Senate at this point resolved itself into a Court of Impeachment in the Belknap case, the proceedings of which will be found elsewhere.]

THE TAX ON MALT LIQUORS.

Mr. LOGAN, of Illinois, called up the House bill to define the tax on fermented and malt liquors, which was considered during the morning hour yesterday.

Mr. EDMUNDS, of Vermont, submitted an amendment providing that nothing in the act shall have the effect to change the present rules of the law respecting evidence in any prosecution or suit. Agreed to, and the bill as amended was passed.

THE COUNTING OF VOTES FOR PRESIDENT.

Mr. THURMAN, of Ohio, called up the motion entered by him several weeks ago to reconsider the vote by which the bill in regard to counting the votes for President and Vice President was passed. He said he did not think the bill which passed the Senate could pass the House of Representatives, and the result would be that there would be no new law on the subject. He believed some law should be passed. He thought there were fatal omissions in the bill which had been passed. If the bill should be perfected it would, no doubt, receive the unanimous support of the Senate and be passed by the House of Representatives. Since the bill had passed the Senate there had been pointed out to him very interesting proceedings in Congress more than three-quarters of a century ago, and if the vote by which the bill was passed should be reconsidered, he would feel it to be his duty to lay these proceedings before the Senate.

Mr. MORTON, of Indiana, said he did not think any good would be accomplished by the proposed reconsideration. If the House did not like the bill which passed the Senate it could amend it. The Senate could disagree to such amendments and the bill could go to a Conference Committee. He was surprised to see when the vote was taken on this bill that it was, comparatively speaking, a party vote. He spoke at some length as to the necessity of having a new law on this subject and said since the bill had passed the Senate a circumstance had been discovered which would startle the country when made public.

Mr. BAYARD inquired what its nature was.

Mr. MORTON said he would not mention names, but it was a case where a Vice President, who was counting the vote for President, being himself a candidate, counted a false or void return in his own favor. The fact was in the possession of one of the Senators from Vermont.

Mr. THURMAN, referring to the statement of the Senator from Indiana, [Mr. Morton,] in regard to a Vice President counting a false vote, said he had seen it stated in the newspapers that this Vice President, when his attention was called to the fact that the return was false, directed the clerk to count, and then tore up the paper. That great man never did such a thing. It was no use to conceal the name of that man. It was no less than he whose hand wrote the Declaration of Independence. It was no less a man than Thomas Jefferson. It would not do now to make such a charge as that against him. He, [Mr. Thurman,] would wait for the production of the evidence, and he ventured to say that, when it was produced, there would be nothing in it to impugn the integrity of Mr. Jefferson.

After further discussion by Messrs. Burnside, Randolph, Maxey, Merrimon, and others, the vote by which the bill was passed was reconsidered—yeas 31, nays 23. The bill was then placed on the calendar, and Mr. Morton gave notice that he would call it up for consideration to-morrow.

THE SILVER BILL.

Mr. SHERMAN, of Ohio, moved to take up the bill to amend the laws relating to the legal tender of silver coin, commonly known as the "Silver bill." Agreed to. He said he called up the bill so that it would come up as the unfinished business to-morrow. He did not desire to go on with it to-day, and did not expect to have it disposed of to-morrow; but several Senators wanted to speak upon it to-morrow, and he called it up to oblige them.

THE JAPANESE INDEMNITY FUND.

Mr. FRELINGHUYSEN moved to take up the bill in relation to the Japanese indemnity fund. Agreed to. He then submitted an amendment to strike out the clause authorizing the President, after correspondence with the Japanese Government, and in a matter satisfactory to it, to transfer said fund, together with its increase, to the Government of Japan in trust, the income thereof to be perpetually used for the education of labor in Japan. Agreed to.

Mr. EDMUNDS, of Vermont, moved to strike out the second section in relation to the payment of prize money to the officers and crew of the United States vessels Wyoming and Jamestown for the destruction of piratical craft in 1863 and 1864.

After discussion by Messrs. Edmunds, Conkling, Thurman, Frelinghuysen, and others, and without action on the amendment, the Senate, on motion of Mr. CONKLING, went into executive session, and when the doors were reopened at 5 o'clock adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. LORD, of New-York, Chairman of the Belknap Impeachment Managers, reported a replication proposed to be made to the plea of jurisdiction filed on behalf of Belknap. The replication was adopted by the House, and it was ordered to be communicated to the Senate.

THE HALLET KILBOURN CASE.

The Sergeant at Arms made a report to the House that he had obeyed the writ of habeas corpus in the Hallet Kilbourn case, and that the body of Kilbourn had been ordered by the Judge into the custody of the Marshal.

REVISION OF THE LAWS.

Mr. DURHAM, of Kentucky, Chairman of the Committee on Revision of the Laws, reported that that committee had disposed of about two thousand amendments in the revision, and he asked that they be printed and recommitted. So ordered.

A REFUNDING BILL.

Mr. WHITEHOUSE, of New-York, introduced a bill for refunding the interest-bearing debt of the United States into United States consols, bearing four per cent. gold interest and having forty years to run. Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

THE NEW POSTAL RATES.

Mr. COX, of New-York, presented the petition of Ivison, Blakeman, Taylor & Co. and eighteen other publishers of New-York City against the excessive rate of the Senate Postal bill on books and other printed matter not issued at stated intervals, and for the restoration of the old rate. Referred.

CENTENNIAL COINS.

Mr. O'BRIEN, of Maryland, introduced a bill for the coining of Centennial coins. Referred. The bill provides for the coinage of silver dollars and half-dollars, one side of the coins to give the corresponding value in the coins of the other principal commercial nations.

THE FLORIDA CONTESTED ELECTION CASE.

The House then resumed consideration of the Florida contested election case. After speeches by Mr. Townsend, of New-York, against the report of the election, Messrs. Poppleton, of Ohio; De Bolt, of Missouri; Thompson, of Massachusetts, and Harrison, of Virginia, in favor of it, and Mr. Walls, of Florida, on his own behalf, the report was adopted—yeas 113, nays 83—and J. J. Finley was declared entitled to the seat. Mr. Finley then came forward and took the oath of office (modified.)

THE DISPOSITION OF LANDS.

The House then took up the Senate bill to repeal the act making restrictions in the disposition of public lands in Alabama, Mississippi, Arkansas, and Florida, confining them to the Homestead law. Several amendments were offered, but no action was taken.

EXECUTIVE DOCUMENTS.

The Speaker laid before the House various Executive documents, including an immense mass of paper done up in half a dozen huge packages, containing the response to a call for information as to the shareholders in national banks.

The House then, at 5:15, took a recess till 7:30.

The evening session was devoted to general debate on the bill to transfer the Indian Bureau to the War Department.

A NOBLE CHARITY.

The Managers of the New-York Asylum for Lying-in Women held their annual meeting yesterday afternoon at the asylum, No. 85 Marion street. Rev. Dr. Burchard presided, and addresses were delivered by Messrs. Thomas F. Cock and Charles S. Ward. The fifty-third annual report of the Managers set forth that the total receipts for the year were $13,549 37, inclusive of a bequest of $5,000 of the late William B. Astor. The expenditures were $10,135 52, including the cost of repairs to the asylum and investments. During the year, ninety-four women were confined and ninety-five children born. The mortality was confined to one child, three weeks old. This asylum is open to all poor respectable married women free of charge, and is in its interior arrangements a model of neatness, cleanliness, and comfort, while the medical attendance is all that could be desired. Appended is a list of the officers elected to serve during the ensuing year: Mrs. T. A. Emmet, First Directress; Mrs. Bache McEvers, Second Directress; Mrs. Thomas Cook, Third Directress; Mrs. James Brooks, Fourth Directress; Mrs. Samuel Jaudon, Fifth Directress; Mrs. Frederick Jones, Sixth Directress; Mrs. J. R. Nevius, Treasurer; Mrs. Henry H. Anderson, Secretary.

MILITIA AT THE CENTENNIAL.

ORDERS ISSUED BY ADJUTANT GENERAL TOWNSEND—THE ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE ENCAMPMENT OF TROOPS AT FAIRMOUNT PARK, PHILADELPHIA.

ALBANY, April 19.—The Adjutant General has issued a general order permitting all bodies of the regularly uniformed, armed, and equipped militia of the various States visiting Philadelphia during the Centennial Exhibition to pass and repass through this State. The following circular has also been issued:

GENERAL HEAD-QUARTERS STATE OF NEW-YORK,
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
ALBANY, April 17, 1876.

[Circular No. 1.]

To the end that all the organizations of the National Guard may be informed of the arrangements made by the State of Pennsylvania for the encampment of the organized militia and the National Guard in Fairmount Park on the occasion of the Centennial Exhibition, the following communication from the Adjutant General of that State is published:

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
HARRISBURG, April 11, 1876.

Gen. Franklin Townsend, Adjutant General of New-York, Albany, N. Y.:

GENERAL: About two hundred and sixty (260) acres of land within the limits of Fairmount Park, and about a mile in its furthest distance from the Exhibition buildings have been designated by the Park Commissioners for the encampment of the organized militia and national guard. The Governor of Pennsylvania is charged by the Commissioners with the allotment and assignment of grounds to the military bodies who may visit Philadelphia during the Centennial. It is intended to set the land apart by States, and it is, consequently, desirable that as early as practicable you report: First, what, if any, organizations from your State intend to visit the Exhibition for the purpose of encampment, and when; second, the number of men in each organization who are expected to be present; and, third, the name of each regimental battalion and company commandant, and the designation by name, letter, or number of the several bodies. It is understood that all bodies must come provided with camp equipage and arrange for and provide themselves with their subsistence. As some inquiries may be necessary before the detailed information requested can be given, it is, in view of the near approach of the opening of the Exhibition, earnestly desired that, if possible, in the acknowledgment of this communication, you furnish such probabilities as you may deem sufficiently reliable for immediate advice. Very truly yours,

JAMES W. LATTA,
Adjutant General Pennsylvania.

Organizations of the National Guard intending to visit Philadelphia during the Centennial Exhibition will make a report to these head-quarters at the earliest moment practicable, giving the information desired by Adjt. Gen. Latta, and also make a requisition for the necessary number of tents, which is all the aid that the means at the disposal of the Military Department of the State will admit of. By order of the Commander in Chief.

FRANKLIN TOWNSEND,
Adjutant General.

THE WATER-FRONT.

THE SUBCOMMITTEE OF VARIOUS PUBLIC BODIES INQUIRING INTO THE SUBJECT.

The subcommittee representing the Chamber of Commerce, the Produce Exchange, the Importers' and Grocers' Board of Trade, the Cheap Transportation Association, and the Council of Political Reform, which was appointed to inquire into and report on the dock system, met yesterday afternoon at the Chamber of Commerce, Mr. William D. Booth presiding. Mr. Lawrence Turnure said that as the improvement of the water-front was a very important matter they should act very carefully in this matter. They should consider whether the dock system was conducted on a proper basis or not, whether the money was judiciously expended or not, and also whether the work was properly prosecuted. They should consider who owned the bulkheads already constructed, and what property was acquired by the Dock Commissioners by purchase. Mr. O. B. Potter said the object of the Council of Political Reform was to stop all work until a commission should report on the whole subject. Mr. Turnure thought 250 feet entirely too wide for the street along the water-front. He did not think the City required so wide a street. Mr. Charles Spear also thought there was no necessity for such a wide street.

Mr. William H. Guion thought that those who planned so wide a street looked to the future wants of the City. Increased freight business may demand it, and he thought that a street of 250 feet in width near the water-front would not be too wide. Mr. B. P. Baker agreed with Mr. Guion.

After some further discussion, on motion of Mr. Gustave Schwab, it was resolved that the subcommittee meet the Dock Commissioners to-morrow afternoon at 2 o'clock, in order to ascertain the sum absolutely necessary to secure the work now in progress, and the sum the Commissioners propose to spend during the present year. The committee then adjourned.

THE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

MONTHLY REPORT OF THE CITY SUPERINTENDENT—CONDITION OF THE SCHOOLS—MISCELLANEOUS BUSINESS.

At the meeting of the Board of Education yesterday, City Superintendent Kiddle presented a report for the month of March, of which the following are the salient points: Examinations were held in the schools of the Sixth, Tenth, and Seventeenth Wards, with the following general results: Out of 348 classes examined, the instruction in 245 was found to have been excellent; in 96, good; in 6, fair; and in 1, indifferent. In 311 the discipline was reported as excellent; in 37 good and in 4 fair. Of the 31 schools examined the general management in twenty-five is excellent, and in six good. There were on the school registers on March 3, 111,530 pupils, and the average attendance during the month was 99,634, or 4,794 in excess of the average attendance of the corresponding month of last year. The number of pupils refused admission during the month for want of accommodation was 286. The semi-monthly report of the Superintendent of Truancy gave the number of cases investigated at 798, of which 236 were habitual truants or non-attendants. Two hundred and thirty-two were returned to school and four committed to the care of the Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents. The resignation of Mr. Owen Murphy as a Trustee of the Seventeenth Ward was accepted. An application of the Women's Centennial Union for permission to make collections in the female schools, with the view of establishing a fund for supplying medals for superior scholarship to the pupils, was denied. The Committee on Nautical School presented a report, which was adopted, accepting the resignation of Lieut. George W. De Long as senior instructor, he having been assigned by the Navy Department for duty elsewhere. To provide for the vacancy thus created the committee promoted the junior instructor, Lieut. Jaques, to the position of senior instructor.

PROVIDING FOR IMMIGRANTS.

At a meeting of the Board of Deputies of Benevolent and National Societies held last Tuesday afternoon, the committee appointed at the previous meeting to prepare a petition to be submitted to the Legislature presented the following document which was, on motion, adopted:

To the Honorable the Legislature of the State of New-York:

The undersigned Benevolent and Emigrant Societies of the City of New-York respectfully represent to your honorable body that, in consequence of a decision by the Supreme Court of the United States, rendered March 20, 1876, the laws under which the Commissioners of Emigration obtained a revenue which enabled them to grant to the immigrants such relief and protection as are guaranteed to them under said laws have been declared unconstitutional; all of which is set forth fully in the Message of His Excellency the Governor of the State of New-York, with accompanying documents, submitted to your honorable body on Wednesday, April 12.

That in the opinion of your petitioners, immediate action should be taken on the recommendations of His Excellency the Governor, and that the bill recently introduced to meet such recommendations should be promptly passed:

That this action is imperative from the fact that the immigrants now cared for in the State Emigrant Refuge and Hospitals at Ward's Island have a just claim on the State, under existing laws, and have paid to the State a commutation tax entitling them to its protection and care, and that the valuable buildings now owned by the State on Ward's Island have been erected from the fund provided by said commutation tax.

And your petitioners will ever pray.

The St. George's Society, The St. Andrew's Society, The Société Belge de Bienfaisance, The Swiss Benevolent Society, The Irish Emigrant Society, The German Society, The French Society, The Scandinavian Emigrant Society, The Italian Society, The St. David Society, The United Hebrew Society.

ARRIVALS AT THE HOTELS.

William Hamersley, of Hartford, is at the Albemarle Hotel.

Chief Engineer Charles H. Loring, United States Navy, is at the Union Square Hotel.

Gen. John C. Robinson, of Binghamton, is at the Coleman House.

Gen. G. J. Magee, of Schuyler County, N. Y., is at the Metropolitan Hotel.

Gen. R. H. Jackson and Major Jared A. Smith, United States Army, are at the Sturtevant House.

Robert G. Hervey, President of the Illinois Midland Railroad Company, is at the Hoffman House.

Ex-Gov. Alvin Saunders, of Nebraska, and City Treasurer C. L. Magee, of Pittsburg, are at the St. Nicholas Hotel.

Ex-Senator James A. Bayard, of Delaware; Judge Charles Mason, of Utica; Baron Notkes, of Russia; Rev. Dr. T. K. Conrad, of Philadelphia; Smith M. Weed, of Plattsburg, N. Y., and ex-Congressman J. M. S. Williams, of Massachusetts, are at the Fifth Avenue Hotel.

LAW REPORTS.

UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT.

BONDS OF AN INDEBTED INSURANCE AGENT—A HELL GATE COLLISION CASE.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—In the United States Supreme Court to-day the following cases were heard:

No. 195.—*Magee and Hall vs. Manhattan Life Insurance Company.*—Error to the Circuit Court for the District of Alabama.—This was an action on a bond, on which the plaintiffs in error were sureties, given for the faithful performance of the duties of an agent of the insurance company by one Vorhees, in Mobile, Ala. The defense was that before the execution of the bond Vorhees was largely indebted to the company, and that the bond was required as a condition of his being retained as agent; that the company had exacted of the agent an agreement that he would turn over all his future commissions, to be applied to the payment of his past indebtedness, well knowing that he would have to retain sufficient of their money to live upon in such a case, as he had no other means of subsistence; that the fact was fraudulently concealed from the sureties, and that if they had known of it they would not have signed the bond. The court sustained demurrer to this plea, and the judgment on demurrer is assigned as error here, the plaintiffs in error contending that the demurrer should have been overruled, so that the question of fraud could have been passed upon by a jury. It is also insisted that the insurance company was bound to put the sureties in possession of all the facts in the case, both in morals and law, and that their not doing so vitiated the bond. This doctrine, it is asserted, is held by all commentators. P. Phillips for plaintiffs in error, Carlisle & McPherson for defendant.

No. 211.—*Robert et al. vs. Propeller Galeta.*—Appeal from the Circuit Court for the Southern District of New-York.—This was a case of collision between three barges in tow through Hell Gate by the tug Finn and the propeller. The barges were sunk. The District Court found no fault on the part of the Finn, and therefore came to the conclusion that the propeller was in fault, either in not stopping sooner than it did, or in throwing herself athwart the tide, or in not keeping to the right edge of the tide, or in not keeping her stem in the proper direction, or in all of these particulars. The Circuit Court was not able to find the propeller guilty of any of these faults, and accordingly reversed the decree. The parties here rely each upon the decision of the court in its favor, the appellants maintaining that the District Judge was right and the appellees that the Circuit Judge was right, in reversing that decree. R. D. Benedict for appellants, William M. Evarts for appellees.

A JUDGMENT AGAINST THE CITY.

Judgment was filed in the County Clerk's office yesterday for $389,224 66 against the City, in a suit brought by John H. Starin, Jr., as Assignee of William McKeag. The latter was attorney for the Board of Excise Commissioners from June 1, 1857 until 1866. He claimed to have expended large sums of money, &c., and to have entered 14,515 suits, in 8,656 of which appearances and answers were put in. McKeag claimed $453,800, and interest from Dec. 30, 1871. The City's answer denied their responsibility for the amount, and set up the Statute of Limitations as barring out the claim. The matter was referred to Delano C. Calvin, now Surrogate, who reported that as the suit was not maintainable against the County until the passage of the Consolidation act in 1874, the claim was not barred by the Statute of Limitations. In regard to the compensation, several lawyers testified that the services were worth $3,000 per annum, while others testified that they were worth only $1,000. Mr. Calvin deems both estimates too small, and awards a larger amount. Mr. Calvin's fees were cut down from $1,250 to $313.

"FERREOL" NOT RESTRAINED.

Judge Johnson, in the United States Circuit Court, in Equity, yesterday, rendered a decision on the motion in the case of Isaac Carillo and Charles Rebello against Shook & Palmer to restrain the performance of the play of "Ferreol" at the Union Square Theatre. He says: "In the case of Boucicault vs. Hart, Mr. Justice Hunt, in June, 1875, decided that to secure a copyright of a book or a dramatic composition the work must be published within a reasonable time after the filing of the title-page, and that the two copies must then be delivered to the Librarian of Congress, as required by law. Upon this application for a preliminary injunction, it is fitting that, without further inquiry or examination on my part, this decision should be followed as the law of this circuit, and I must accordingly deny the motion." Ex-Judge Dittenhoefer appeared for Shook & Palmer, and A. S. Sullivan for the plaintiffs.

THE TRIESTE-HOMANS CASE.

The dramatic circumstances attending the marriage by Judge Otterbourg, at the Essex Market Police Court, on Jan. 7, of Ludwig Trieste to Julie M. Homans were again brought to public attention yesterday in a suit brought to trial before Chief Justice Daly, in the Special Term of the Court of Common Pleas. The present action is brought by Trieste to have the marriage set aside and declared null and void. The plaintiff's counsel urged that the ceremony at the court was not a marriage, that it was entered into on false representations, and that Trieste was compelled to take the step under duress. The trial of the case will be resumed to-day. The defendant's answer is that she was seduced under promise of marriage.

THE BARMORE WILL CASE.

Of the Barmore contested will case, which has proved one of the most remarkable of its kind in our courts, little remains to be said since the last decree of Surrogate Calvin admitting the will to probate. It is stated, however, that proceedings will be taken for disbarring Titus B. Eldridge, of the contestants' counsel, and that he will be proceeded against criminally. The heirs of Mr. Barmore, it is understood, consented that the contestants' counsel should have the allowances originally awarded them because they performed their labor in good faith without any knowledge of the frauds and perjuries employed, and the interest on $30,000 in addition to the $20,000 provided for by the will, will be paid to Mrs. Eldridge by her sisters.

COURT OF APPEALS.

ALBANY, April 19.—The Court of Appeals day calendar for Thursday, April 20, 1876, is as follows: Nos. 81, 82, 83, 102, 160, 156, 97, and 167.

In the Court of Appeals, Wednesday, April 19: No. 152.—McGill vs. The Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railroad; submitted. No. 111.—Marston vs. Swett; argued by James Lansing for appellant; Esek Cowen for respondent. No. 164.—Claflin vs. Lenheim; argued by Aaron J. Vanderpoel for appellant; submitted for respondent. No. 46.—Mayer vs. Mayor, &c., of New-York; passed. No. 100.—Voorhees vs. Olmstead; argued by Joseph H. Choate for respondent; case still on.

Proclamation made and court adjourned.

DECISIONS.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

By Judge Barrett.

In the matter of Greene to vacate assessment.—I think the petitioners have made out a just case for equitable relief. The facts are clearly stated and are not denied, and it would be a hardship in so plain a matter to drive them to a test proceeding. Motion granted.

Prince vs. Conner.—Both sureties are bad and must be rejected.

Sullivan vs. Raphael.—Judgment granted.

Phœnix vs. Dupuy.—Motion denied with $10 costs and stay vacated.

Phinney vs. Southworth.—Motion denied without costs and without prejudice to any other application which the plaintiff may be advised to make, and also without prejudice to a renewal at the proper time.

Timpson vs. Andrews.—It is quite clear that the items of $15 after notice and $20 for trial of issue of law were improperly allowed, and I would reserve the taxation, with costs, to the defendant of this motion but that no objection seems to have been taken before the Clerk. I will, however, upon the demand of other relief and the prayer of a readjustment, direct the latter. A readjustment before the Clerk is accordingly ordered, without costs of this motion.

French vs. Raymond.—Order granted.

Motions Granted.—Manhattan Life Insurance Company vs. Bromey, No. 1; Same vs. Same, No. 2.

Hubbard vs. Sweet, Jr.—Commission granted, with a stay.

Wilson vs. O'Neil.—Application granted.

Bryson vs. Carey.—Report confirmed; allowance filled and judgment granted.

Redlich vs. Benjamin.—Motion granted for fourth Friday.

Kerr vs. Conover.—Report confirmed and judgment granted.

Sturtevant vs. Therasson.—Extra allowance of $150 granted.

Brody vs. Schoenemann.—Motion granted.

Harden vs. Corbett.—Motion granted and Philo T. Ruggles appointed Referee to hear and determine.

Astor vs. McClare.—The objections raised cannot be taken on motion. The defendant should have demanded if the alleged defects appeared on the face of the complaint, or by answer if they did not. Being in default the motion must be granted.

Drake vs. Smith.—The claim was assignable and no demand was necessary by the assignee in order to maintain an action for the damages assigned. It would have been different if the assignment had been of the property or the thing, and the assignee had sought to replevy the thing, and the demand for damages for the conversion being assignable the assignee succeeds to all the remedies as well as all the rights of his assignor. Motion denied, with $10 costs.

Anthony vs. Bramp.—It is quite evident that the amended answer was put in bad faith and merely to delay the plaintiff. The attempt to raise the general issue therein by a denial on information and belief is bad. The issue is really as to ratification, and the weight of testimony as to the material witnesses is clearly with the plaintiff. Motion denied, with $10 costs, and stay vacated.

In the matter of F. Street.—After hearing Mr. Tiball that the Referee's charges are reasonable, and such as are usual in similar cases, upon further explanations the costs may be taxed as moved for.

In the matter of One Hundred and Fifty-first Street.—Report of Commissioners confirmed.

In the matter of Wells, &c.—I find in looking at the papers that the suit is in another court. I do not find the undertaking for granting such a warrant under the circumstances, and if it existed I should still refer the applicant to the Judges of the tribunal which he has invoked.

Dieckerhoff vs. Allbern.—The order of arrest by the Superior Court Judge was doubtless void, and if that were all the prisoner would have to be discharged. He cannot, however, be discharged on habeas corpus from his imprisonment under the order of arrest issued by Mr. Justice Donohue. The motion to vacate the order must also be denied, because the alleged irregularity is not specified, viz., the order to show cause not proved by affidavit, and, if it were, the court could permit the undertaking to be filed nunc pro tunc. It does not even clearly appear by the moving affidavits that this order of arrest was a second order in the same case. True, the defendant says no other suit has been commenced, but non constat there was neglect to serve the process. If that were the case, the order to show cause should have specified the irregularity. It is unnecessary, therefore, to pass upon the effect of a second order of arrest in the same case. Motion denied, with $10 costs, and defendant remanded under the order of this court.

By Judge Donohue.

Robbins vs. Farley.—If plaintiff will assign bid to defendant, motion denied, otherwise granted.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

By Judge Van Vorst.

Blunt vs. The Mayor, &c.—Judgment for the plaintiff on the demurrer, with leave to defendant to answer on terms.

Thomson vs. Thomson.—Order signed.

Robinson et al. vs. Beard et al.—Judgment for plaintiff.

Lockwood vs. Bischop.—Judgment for plaintiff. Opinion.

By Judge Larremore.

Kimball vs. Newton et al.—See decision.

By Judge Van Brunt.

Losee vs. Matthews.—Findings signed.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

By Judge Speir.

Anderson vs. Priest, impleaded, &c.—Motion denied, with $10 costs to plaintiff.

The Fire Association of Philadelphia vs. Cheppa et al.—I think there should be a reference in this case. The complaint prays for an accounting, and upon a careful examination of the answer I am unable to see how the case can be properly disposed of without accounting on both sides.

Brague vs. Lord et al.—The plaintiff is entitled to $10 costs on the appeal from the order made on the Judge's minutes only.

Way vs. Crowfut.—I do not think this is a case entitling the defendant to an allowance; motion denied.

Fowle vs. Remsen et al.—Motion for an allowance denied.

Bell vs. Borst et al.—The papers do not make a case for an arrest; motion for an order to arrest denied.

Funke et el. vs. The New-York Mutual Insurance Company.—I do not find any authority for taxing the items in this case rejected by the Clerk. Motion to retax denied.

Anthracite Insurance Company vs. Hubbell.—The motion to compel a reply denied, and the motion to place the case on the short calendar granted.

Rust vs. Hansell et al.—Case and exceptions settled and ordered on file.

Jacobson et al. vs. The Charter Oak Life Insurance Company.—Order to show cause discharged and temporary injunction vacated, with $10 costs to defendant.

Fazer et al. vs. The New-York and Harlem Railroad Company.—Motion denied.

Plunkett vs. Appleton et al.—Order staying plaintiff's proceedings pending appeal to Court of Appeals.

Struppman et al. vs. Muller et al.—Order appointing J. C. Julius Langbein, Receiver, &c.

Way vs. Crofutt.—Motion denied.

By Judge Curtis.

Tilman vs. Almena.—Reference ordered.

By Judge Sanford.

Holmes vs. Holmes.—I decline to settle the within proposed case for the reasons stated in memorandum.

MARINE COURT—CHAMBERS.

By Judge McAdam.

Ginsterg vs. Lowenthal.—Motion granted as per indorsement on papers.

Hollock vs. Holly.—Motion denied.

Gross vs. Cuthbertson.—Motion granted as per order signed.

McAndrews vs. Marsh.—W. G. Peckham, Esq., appointed as Receiver.

Tarrant & Co. vs. Crane.—A. Barton Hough appointed Receiver.

Motions to Advance Causes Granted.—Hotopp vs. Estele; Callery vs. Hopkins; Drying vs. Falk; Bandmann vs. The New-York Gas-light and Heat Company.

Boreel vs. Mason.—Order entered.

Rambo vs. Baxter.—Order signed.

Fleiss vs. Fitzpatrick.—Order entered.

COURT NOTES.

The case of the United States against A. D. Oppenheimer for the forfeiture of a case of imported goods arriving on the steam-ship Pommerania, in July, 1875, and valued, with duties, at about twelve hundred dollars, occupied the attention of the United States District Court yesterday. It is alleged that the attempt was made to smuggle the goods into this port at an undervaluation.

Henry C. Cole, accused of uttering forged bonds to the amount of $10,000, five years ago, was placed on trial yesterday before Judge Sutherland, at the Court of General Sessions. The trial will occupy several days. Assistant District Attorney Bell conducts the prosecution, and Charles W. Brooke the defense. Cole has been dodging justice, but was arrested on a bench warrant last December in Trenton, N. J.

The case of Auguste Struppman against Augusta Mueller and others was argued before Judge Speir in the Superior Court, Special Term, yesterday. The action is brought to determine the construction of the will of Adam Mueller. The Supreme Court decided that the will vested the property in his children. In the present action the husbands of Mueller's two deceased daughters claim tenancy by courtesy. As to one of them the question is raised as to whether his child was born alive, and as to both, whether the property can be divided under the will until Mueller's youngest child arrives at full age. Decision was reserved.

COURT CALENDARS—THIS DAY.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Held by Barrett, J.

Nos.
22—Jones vs. Butler.
56—Home Insurance Co. vs. Jones. (No. 1.)
57—Same vs. Same. (No. 2)
74—French vs. Ruger.
75—Peters vs. Little.
96—Prouty vs. Swift et al.
102—Smith vs. Halberstadt.
113—Phil. & R. C. & I. Co. vs. Butler.
114—Same vs. Same.
115—Matter of Loebr.
116—Matter of Redmond, (two motions.)
117—Matter of Redmond.
120—Blandy vs. Gould.
127—Hammond vs. Elmore.
133—P. & R. Coal & Iron Co. vs. Butler.
142—Maritime Bank vs. Moffit.
148—The Loaners' Bank vs. Beardsley.
152—Faile et al. vs. Reardon.
209—Nelson, Jr., vs. The Mayor, &c.
211—Busselman vs. Gunari
217—Von Schiller vs. Von Schiller.
218—Lynch vs. The Mayor.
219—Matthews vs. The Mayor.
227—Van Akin vs. Van Akin.
239—Emigrant Ind. Bank vs. Garvin, &c.
242—Lynch vs. The Mayor, &c.
246—Seaver vs. The Mayor, &c.
247—Doyle vs. N. Y. Eye & Ear Inf.
260—Mann vs. Willoughby.
261—Curtis, Ex'r, vs. Brown, Jr.
262—Viele vs. De Wandelear.
263—Vanderpoel vs. White.
264—O'Connor vs. The Mayor, &c.
265—Westbrook vs. Duncomb, &c.
266—Greer vs. Robinson.
267—Moran vs. Watkins.
268—Paton vs. Lanouette.
269—Rucker vs. Mead, &c.
270—Same vs. Same.
271—Smith vs. Mead, &c.
272—Same vs. Same.
273—Same vs. Same.
274—Machado vs. Reading, Ex'r.
275—Heilbrun vs. Racey.
276—Oddone vs. Aumann.
277—Whitson vs. David.
278—Hiller vs. Burlington & Missouri R. R.
279—Royce vs. Thill.
280—N. Y. Life Ins. Co. vs. Gayton.
281—Rollwagen vs. Powell, &c.
282—Matter of the Industrial Exhibition Co.
283—Pool vs. Saxton.
284—Met Gas-light Co. vs. The Mayor, &c.
285—Welsh vs. Ellenville Glass Works.
286—Rasines vs. Ambrose.
287—Bowen vs. George.
288—Vallotton vs. Sims.
289—Griswold vs. Hubbell.
290—Sun Mutual Ins. Co. vs. Hubbell.

Nos.
291—Haven vs. Hubbell.
292—Lewi, &c., vs. Harding.
293—Morrison, Ex'r, vs. Wright.
294—Ogden vs. Pettis, &c.
295—Bailey, &c., vs. Dart.
296—Sutphen vs. Lash.
297—Cameron vs. O'Brien.
298—Bailey vs. Soutter.
299—Hollister vs. Hollister.
300—Gooke vs. Hoes.
301—Nosser vs. Oswald.
302—Turner vs. McEwen.
303—Ehinger, &c., vs. Schappert.
304—Moran vs. Watkins.
305—Smith vs. Smith.
306—Dunkak vs. Bacharach.
307—Matter of Holt.
308—Lamb vs. Shelley.
309—Whittaker vs. Hunt.
310—Tallcott vs. Moore.
311—Schanck vs. Green, Controller.
312—N. Y. Dispensary vs. Green, Controller.
313—Moller vs. Molier, (No. 2.)
314—Same vs. Same, (No. 3.)
315—Same vs. Same, (No. 4.)
316—Rullman vs. Gosche.
317—Ingersoll vs. Keyser.
318—Reiss vs. Payne.
319—Continental Bank vs. Black, &c.
320—Harrington vs. The Mayor, &c., of N. Y.
321—Mombrun vs. Wettstein.
322—Suller vs. Kennedy.
333—Niven vs. Niven.
334—Ferguson vs. Butcher, &c.
335—Huntoon vs. Clapp.
336—Philadelphia Warehouse Co. vs. Jones.
337—Buckmaster vs. Meyer &c.
338—Kelley vs. Mathan, &c.
339—May, &c., vs. Strauss.
340—Same vs. Same.
341—Muller vs. Strauss, &c.
342—Werthelmer versus Strauss.
343—Stiefel, &c., vs. Strauss.
344—Brown vs. Ackerman, &c.
345—Kenworthy vs. Bowles (No. 1.)
346—Same vs. Same. (No. 2.)
347—Welck vs. Davids.
348—Iron Clad Paint Co. vs. Kirkpatrick.
349—Luders vs. Rusmus.
350—Prayer vs. Milne.
351—Stromer vs. Cooke.
352—Donohue vs. Erhardt.
353—McVey vs. Cantrell.
354—Hoe vs. Buckmaster.
355—Musbaum vs. Laufer-ty.
356—Rosenstein vs. Rosenstein.
357—De Embil vs. Ramirez.
358—German Amer. Bank vs. Vilmar.
359—Nat. Steam-ship Co. vs. Sheahan.
360—Bank of N. America vs. Isham.
361—O'Donnell vs. The Mayor, &c.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

Held by Van Vorst, J.

Nos. Law and Fact.
55—Miller et al. vs. Sledge et al.
230—Lester vs. Rosen et al.
318—Laford et al. vs. Deems et al.
338—Meyer vs. Schiffer et al.
340—Baron vs. Marks et al.
352—Billings vs. Thomson et al.
355—Martin vs. Funk et al.
357—Collins vs. Rone et al.
359—Tallman vs. Tallman et al.

Nos.
404—Taylor vs. Phillips et al.
406—Feldman vs. Welp et al.
408—Rawlinson vs. Cody et al.
410—Murray vs. Armstrong.
411—Same vs. Same.
412—Hitchins vs. Lake Shore & M. S. R. Co.
415—Delafield vs. Smith et al.
416—Sonneborn et al. vs. Jackson et al.

362—Bates vs. Pell et al.
367—Manhattan Life Ins. Co. vs. O'Neal et al.
369—Halstead vs. Seaman.
371—Blackwell et al. vs. Gray.
372—Blackwell vs. Indig.
373—Blackwell vs. Huscamp.
375—James vs. Cowing et al.
376—Herriot, &c. vs. Herriot.
51—Green vs. Milbank et al.
386—Groat et al. vs. Cooper.
393—Munroe vs. Pinckney.

417—Coudert et al. vs. Rowe et al.
418—Denby vs. McKenzie et al.
419—Ford vs. Conner, &c. et al.
420—Mittnacht vs. Stauf et al.
421—Ellis vs. Andrews.
422—Arrell vs. Ogden et al.
423—Overhiser vs. Dean et al.
424—Dixon vs. Smith.
425—Murphy vs. King.
426—The Mayor, &c., New-York vs. Goodman et al.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—PART I.

Held by Lawrence, J.

Nos.
1279—Colt vs. N. C. Ore Dressing Co.
2847—Casey vs. The Mayor, &c. of New-York.
1373—Beach vs. Barns.
1451—New-York Eye and Ear Infirmary vs. Swain.
1059—Eckert et al. vs. Storey et al.
1353—Luders vs. Rasmus et al.
1403—Maltby et al. vs. Wheeler et al.
847—Sixth National Bank vs. Chicago & A. R. R. Co.
1487—Johnson, Administratrix, vs. Erie Railway Co.

Nos.
1495—Mack vs. Gaines.
1475—Chatham National Bank vs. Hendrickson.
1391—Wilkinson, Trustee, vs. Prentice.
1425—Levy, an Infant, vs. Levy.
1449—Ebbinghausen vs. Keating.
1399—Diggles vs. Farnsworth et al.
1425½—Not vs. Carroll.
1350—Partridge vs. Thayer.
1369—Nicolay et al. vs. Schumaker.
1159—Fisher vs. Levy et al.
1507—Brown vs. Husted, impleaded.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—PART II.

Held by Dykman, J.

Nos.
860—Mace vs. Sage, Jr.
893—Same vs. Same.
1448—Hart vs. Wheatcroft et al.
2338—Leahy vs. Mayor et al.
1772½—N. Y. State Loan & Trust Co. vs. Palmer Jr., et al.
380—Christie vs. Parker.
1824—Hollacher versus O'Brien, Sheriff.
1258—Ogden vs. Van Moers.
1026½—Nagle vs. The Mayor, &c.
1125½—Morange vs. Lent.
736½—Sloats vs. The Mayor, &c.
2404—Nelson, Jr., vs. The Mayor, &c.
1404—Koehler vs. Marshall et al.
1422—Bergold vs. Puchter.

Nos.
1318—Hoag vs. Conner, Sheriff.
872—Lexow vs. Julian.
2110—De Lavalette vs. Wendt, Ex'r, &c.
1442—McDonnell vs. Hill.
2803—Toner vs. The Mayor, &c.
1368—Nicolay et al. vs. Unger et al.
2848—Hildebrand vs. The Mayor, &c.
1320—Port vs. Harriett et al.
698—Gourand vs. Spencer.
1011—Drake vs. The Mayor, &c.
1436—Purcell vs. The Mayor, &c.
1437—Hayes vs. The Mayor, &c.
226—Langley vs. Catholic Male O. Asylum.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—PART III.

Held by Larremore, J.

Nos.
863—Pavenstedt et al. vs. Gillespie et al.
673—Piatt, Ass'e, vs. Van Name et al.
1733—Noonan vs. The Mayor, &c.
2489—Snebly vs. Conner, Sheriff.
1237—Kleinknecht vs. Conner, Sheriff.
2537—Berringer vs. Wengenroth.
933—Pickering vs. Randolph et al.
621—Averill vs. Webster et al.
1721—O'Brien vs. The Mayor, &c.

Nos.
1185½—Bols vs. N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R. Co.
16—Dickerson vs. Wason et al.
625—Strasburger versus Belding et al.
1127—The Manhat. L. Ins. Co. vs. Devlin.
718—Wann vs. Ashley.
111—Heyman et al. vs. Am. P. Sponge Co.
1809—Moody et al. vs. Pell.
1497—Newberger vs. Mouquin.
1501—Siddons vs. Southern Railway Ass'n.
1503—Ebert vs. Robinson.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

Held by Speir, J.

Nos. Issues of Fact.
38—Dugan vs. Callaghan.
1—Davis vs. The Mayor, &c.

Nos.
28—Hunter vs. Howard, Jr.
36—Beyer et al. vs. Kester et al.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART I.

Held by Monell, C. J.

Nos.
627—Carrington et al. vs. Ward.
879—Potts vs. Hyman.
2080—Gilroy vs. The Mayor.
787—Sun Print. & Pub. Co. vs. Tribune Ass.
283—Jaeges vs. Kelly, Sheriff.
823—Ryerson vs. Judson.
885—Banker vs. Borbe.
1041—Riddle vs. Crawford.
1042—Descher vs. Trey.

Nos.
1044—Semmons vs. Furkersburgh.
1045—Sadlier, Surv'r, vs. N. Y. & Y. Fire Ins. Co.
1046—Sadlier, Surv'r, vs. Safeguard Fire Ins. Co.
1047—Sadlier, Surv'r, vs. Commercial Fire Ins. Co.
1048—Cooper vs. Opdyke et al.
1049—Reilay vs. Stage.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART II.

Held by Sedgwick, J.

Nos.
1847—Smith vs. Frost.
1005—Schuyler et al. vs. Mer. Exch. Nat. Bank et al.
674—Coady vs. Erie Railway Co.
1534—Smith et al. versus Isaacs.
297—Brodie vs. O'Brien, Sheriff.
1028—Robbins et al. vs. Johnson et al.
949—Solomon vs. The Metropolitan Ins. Co.

Nos.
869—Smith et al. versus Klaber.
856—Kerrigan vs. B'way & 7th Av. R. R. Co.
889—Fairbanks vs. Gano et al., Ex'rs.
788—Brown vs. Fisk, Jr., et al.
712—Harrington et al. vs. Shevlin et al.
650—Townsend vs. Martini.
950—MacDonald vs. The U. S. Security Co.
1023—Caistairs, Jr., et al. vs. Malone.

COMMON PLEAS—EQUITY TERM.

Held by C. P. Daly, C. J.

No.
19—Hopper vs. N. Y. Colored Orp. Asylum.

No.
33—Schaffler vs. Huleschurd.

COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM—PART I.

Held by Van Hoesen, J.

Nos.
1098—Allen vs. James.
1618—O'Donnell vs. Hanning.
1534—Gross vs. Bouton.
1539—Andrews vs. Wheeler.
1540—Obernath vs. Cochran.
2071—Ford vs. The Mayor.
1693—Pfiffer vs. The Mayor.
2122—Kalebar vs. Bleecker St. & F. F. R. R. Co.
1784—McShane vs. Leask.
1528—Campbell vs. Farley.
1755—Capron vs. Fallet.
1613—Staples vs. Straus.
2328—Meyershoff vs. Fiske
2074—Baker vs. Rodman.
2078—Ballantine vs. Wilson.
1592½—Taylor vs. Phillip.
1131—McKenney vs. McCloskey.
1267—Springer vs. Saroni.

Nos.
1088—Wyman vs. Brennan
2114—Garrison vs. The Mayor.
1811—Abrahams vs. The Mayor.
1751½—Wood versus The Mayor.
1999—Brennan vs. The Mayor.
936½—Krymborg versus O'Brien, Sheriff.
1004½—Crocheron vs. N. S. S. I. Ferry Co.
1589—Howell vs. Smith.
706—Hunt vs. Roberts.
2079—Wuest vs. Seiler.
2447—Chapman vs. Douglas.
1697—Ball vs. Leavitt.
1097—Nettel vs. Lightstone.
51—Ely vs. Stillwell.
1705—Hunt vs. Cordes.

COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM—PART II.

Held by Van Brunt, J.

Nos.
1415—Burns, Adm'r, vs. Luise et al.
219—Schwartz vs. O'Brien
1676—Heilman vs. Raphael.
997—Crowell vs. Jackson.
1802—Gamble vs. Coddington.
1804—Keating vs. McDonough.
1478—Chase vs. Morey et al.
1810—Donnelly vs. The Mayor.
1812—Gelbaur vs. World Mut. L. Ins. Co.
1813—Van Orden vs. Burr.
1825—Brill vs. The Mayor.
1827—Barker vs. Zabriskie.
2059—De Groot vs. Crow.
1834—Heyman vs. D. D., E. B. & B. R. R. Co.
1836—Hutchins, &c., vs. D. D., E. B. & B. R. R. Co.

Nos.
2285—Whiting, Jr., vs. The Mayor.
1852—Kinkel vs. The Mayor.
1853—Brown vs. Patterson.
1857—Slote vs. Redfield et al.
1863—Love, &c., vs. Dryfoos.
1864—Lambert vs. The Mayor.
1865—Houghtaling, &c., vs. The Mayor.
2007—Strong vs. Sproul.
1856—Crowell vs. Evans.
1913—Elsner vs. Strauss et al.
1924—Van Wyck vs. Ullman.
1927—Woester vs. 42d St. & Grand St. R. R.

COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM—PART III.

Held by J. F. Daly, J.

Nos.
1908—Avery vs. McWilliams.
1906—Harrison vs. Boyle.
2050—Brown vs. The Mayor
1654—Crosse vs. Bogart.
1405—Reynolds vs. Erie Railway Co.
1846—Grovesteen vs. Richardson.
1899—Lone, Adm'r, vs. The Mayor, &c.
1900—Vogel vs. Adler.
1902—Corcoran vs. N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R. Co.
1904—Bernheimer vs. Putzel.
1658—Chemical Nat. Bank vs. Kolmer.
1822—Keating vs. Gapen.

Nos.
1991—Mapelsdon vs. Decker.
2094—Wice, by Gd'n, vs. The Com. Ins. Co.
1988—Fruzza vs. Squadville.
2044—Solomon vs. Reed.
2102—Nichols et al. vs. Marvin.
2103—Mattlarge vs. Stolk et al.
1993—Schlag vs. Schlag.
1995—McKee vs. The Mayor.
1996—Same vs. Same.
2005—Hegle vs. Dinsmore.
1696—Schweitzer vs. Nat. Life Ins. Co.
2445—Oakley vs. The Mayor.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART I.

Held by Alker, J.

Nos.
3308—Johansen vs. Braun.
6704—Claflin vs. Reynolds.
4053—Apgar vs. Suydam.
3110—Ehrlich vs. Schwartz
4013—Solomon vs. Schultz.
4061—Averil vs. Eckhardt.
4064—Phelps vs. Huntoon.
4065—Cole vs. Ferry.
4067—Fitzpatrick vs. Long.

Nos.
4069—Koon et al. vs. Solomons.
4070—Engel et al. vs. Logae.
4071—Baressa vs. Barnum.
4072—Hoffman vs. Weiwood.
4077—Goebel vs. Roediger.
4079—Burkholder et al. vs. Cormer.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART II.

Held by Sheridan, J.

Nos.
6900—Hillabrand vs. Beck et al.
2780—Cary vs. The Mayor.
3587—Patrick et al. vs. Welsh.
2810—Lass vs. Henckendorff.
6420—Mutual Benefit Ice Co. vs. Arch.
5489—Rubenstein vs. Levinsky.
5341—Sabin et al. vs Thayer.

Nos.
7258—Ackerman vs. McDivitt.
5354—Dinkel vs. Noelke, et al.
6779—Burnatia vs. Franz.
599—Moffatt vs. Diggs et al
5271—Hennessy vs. Warren.
4059—Solomon vs. Benak.
4061—Slingerland vs. Hardie.
4062—Arnold et al. vs. Allen.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART III.

Held by Shea, C. J.

Nos.
1592—Salomon vs. Lewenthal.
6792—Emmerts vs. Leonard.
5784—Mayer vs. Cormer.
6224—Isaacs et al. vs. Bernhard.
4956—McDonough vs. Paddock.
7296—Hughes vs. Beringer et al.
6636—Tilson et al. vs. Leon.

Nos.
6992—Karcher vs. Pollitz.
7416—Rothschild vs. Sureman et al.
6518—Steinberg vs. Rothschild.
7335—Bick vs. Miers.
6871—Gibson vs. King.
6940—Thompson vs. Clark.
2189—Clarkson vs. Brennan.
6817—Noues vs. Ferry.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.

Held by Sutherland, J.

The People vs. Henry Cole, forgery—continued.

SUPREME COURT.

ROCHESTER, April 19.—The following is the day calendar for the Supreme Court, General Term, on Thursday, April 20, 1876: Nos. 2, 140, 141, 73, 186, 13, 29½, 188, 191, 198, 200, 217.

FINANCIAL AFFAIRS.

SALES AT THE STOCK EXCHANGE—APRIL 19.

SALES BEFORE THE CALL—10 A. M.

800	Western Union..	67
2400	do..........	66⅞
900	do..........	67
600	do.......b3.	67⅛
200	do..........	67⅛
800	do..........	67¼
500	do.......b3.	67¼
1000	do..........	67⅜
100	Pacific Mail..b3.	19¼
100	do..........	19⅜
400	do..........	19⅜
100	do.........c.	19⅝
600	do.......b3.	19¾
1200	do..........	19¾
100	N. Y. C. & Hud...	112¼
1600	Erie Railway....	15¾
300	do.....s10.	15⅝
100	do......b3.	15¾
600	do..........	15⅝
600	do.........c.	15⅝
600	do..........	15¾
600	do..........	15⅞
100	do.........c.	15⅞
100	do..........	16
100	do..........	16⅛
100	North-western...	40⅞
100	Rock Island......	103⅞
100	St. Paul Pref.s60.	65½
800	do..........	66
300	do.......s3.	66
300	do..........	66⅛

600	St. Paul..........	39⅞
29	Del., Lack. & W..	113¾
200	Mich. Central....	54½
600	do..........	54¼
100	do..........	54⅛
400	do.........c.	54¼
200	do..........	54⅜
200	do..........	54½
900	do..........	54⅝
200	do.....b60.	54¾
200	do..........	54½
200	do..........	54⅝
30	do..........	55
300	do..........	54⅞
1000	Lake Shore.....	55⅝
2000	do..........	55½
1000	do.......s3.	55⅜
3500	do..........	55¼
3000	do..........	55⅜
1000	do..........	55½
2100	do..........	55⅝
1000	do.......s3.	55⅝
4100	do..........	55¾
2200	do..........	55⅞
1900	do.......s3.	55⅞
2900	do..........	56
100	do..........	56⅛
1400	do..........	56¼
100	Tol. & Wabash...	2½
300	do.......s3.	2½

GOVERNMENT STOCKS—10:15 AND 11:30 A. M.

$30,000 U.S.6s,'81,R.120⅞
10,000 do......12.120¾
1,000 U. S. 5-20 C., '65 N....12.118½
1,000 U.S.6s,Cur.12.126
5,000 do..........126⅛

$15,000 U. S. 5s, '81, R........b.c.116⅛
10,000 U. S. 5s, '81.C.117¾
5,000 U.S.5-20C.,'67.120⅛
1,000 do......12.120⅜
1,000 do..........120½

FIRST BOARD—10:30 A. M.

$2,000	Mo. 6s, '77....	102
1,000	Mich. 6s. '78.	103½
5,000	N.Y.S.7s,B.,R.	104⅝
5,000	St. L., J. & C. 1st.......b.c.	102
3,000	Am. D.I.Co.7s.	100½
7,000	Leh. & W.B.C.	95
1,000	M.&St.P.7s,G.	100⅛
2,000	M. & St. P. 1st, LaC. Div......	102
1,000	M.&St.P.C.S.F.	88
5,000	C. & N. W. C..	103
3,000	N. W. C. C. G..	92
8,000	do......b.c.	92
2,000	C.,C.,C.&I 1st.	111½
10,000	H.&St.Jo.8s,C.	79
4,000	U. Pac. 1st...	103¾
6,000	do..........	103⅞
5,000	U. Pac.7s, L.G.	99
4,000	U. Pac. S. F....	90¾
10,000	do..........	90½
1,000	do..........	90⅜
15,000	N. Y. C. 1st, R.	120
1,500	N. Y. C.6s,'83.	105
2,000	N. Mo. 1st.....	95⅜
1,000	C. Pac. G.bds.	106
1,000	W. Pac. bds..	96¾
1,000	Del.&H.R.bds. '94.......b.c.	109
9	American Ex.Bk.	114
25	Bank of N. York.	120
20	Bank of Com'ce.	115⅛
25	Nassau Bank....	104
7	Metropol'n Bank.	125½
10	Del. & Hud.C.b.c.	115
100	Canton Co....b.c.	37½
100	Cons. Coal....b.c.	41
100	do......s10.	40¾
200	do..........	40½
100	do..........	40⅛
1500	W. U. Tel...b. c.	67½
1000	do..........	67⅝
2100	do..........	67⅝
200	do..........	67⅞
1000	do..........	67¾
1000	do..........	67⅝
300	do......s3.	67½
200	do......b3.	67⅝
500	do..........	67½
1100	do......s3.	67⅜
800	do..........	67⅜
450	do..........	67¼
600	do..........	67⅛
100	do..........	67¼
200	do..........	67⅜
600	do..........	67½
400	Erie Railway.b.c.	16⅛
900	do......s3.	16
700	do..........	16
200	do......b3.	16
400	do......s3.	15⅞
100	do......s5.	15¾
900	do..........	15⅝
800	do..........	15¾
500	do..........	15⅞
35	Amer. Ex.....b.c.	60½
100	Wells-F. Ex..b.c.	86½
100	Adams Ex....b.c.	108
10	do..........	108⅜
500	Pacific Mail..b. c.	19⅞
100	do..........	20
200	do..........	19⅞
600	do..........	19¾
200	do......s3.	19⅝
100	do.......c.	19½
300	do..........	19½
300	do..........	19⅜
100	do......s3.	19¼
200	do..........	19⅛
100	do..........	19¼
100	Union Pac..b.c.c.	64
200	H. & St.Jo.Pf.b.c.	25¼
100	do..........	24½
100	Cen.R.of N. J.b.c.	100
100	Chi.& R.I.b. c.s3.	104
10	do..........	104½
10	do.......c.	104½

100	Chi. & N. W...b.c.	41⅛
100	do......b10.	41⅛
400	do..........	41
100	do..........	40½
100	Chi. & N. W. Pf. b.c.b60..........	60½
100	H. & St. Jo....b.c.	16¾
100	do......s4.	16½
70	do..........	16⅜
100	do..........	16½
400	C., M. & St. P.b.c.	39⅞
400	do..........	39⅝
200	do..........	39⅜
400	Chi., M. & St. P. Pf.........b.c.s3.	66⅛
100	do.......c.	66⅛
300	do..........	66
100	do..........	65⅞
100	do..........	65¾
200	do..........	65⅝
650	do..........	65½
50	Chi.,Bur.& Q.b.c.	118
100	R. R. E.2d Pf.b.c.	105¼
500	Ohio & Miss..b.c.	17⅛
80	do..........	17⅜
700	do......s3.	17
100	Mich. Cen.....b. c.	54¾
200	do..........	54⅝
200	do..........	54½
100	do..........	54⅜
100	do..........	54½
400	do..........	54⅜
200	do..........	54¼
200	do..........	54⅛
300	do.......c.	54⅛
300	do..........	54
300	do..........	53⅞
100	do......b3.	53¾
500	do..........	53¾
100	do.....s10.	53⅝
200	do..........	53½
200	do......s3.	53⅜
800	do..........	53⅜
400	do..........	53⅜
300	do......s3.	53¼
100	do..........	52¾
300	do......b3.	52⅝
200	do..........	52⅜
700	do..........	52¼
400	do..........	52
200	do..........	51¾
800	do..........	51⅞
900	do..........	52
400	do..........	52¼
200	do..........	52⅛
300	do.......c.	52
400	do..........	51¾
500	do..........	52
200	do..........	52¼
200	do..........	52⅜
200	do..........	52¼
100	do..........	52⅛
300	do..........	52
200	do..........	51¾
100	do..........	51⅞
900	L. S. & M. S...b.c.	56⅛
2100	do..........	56
900	do......s3.	55⅞
1400	do..........	55⅞
1100	do......s3.	55¾
1000	do..........	55⅝
2300	do......s3.	55½
100	do......s5.	55½
500	do..........	55⅝
2200	do..........	55½
700	do......s3.	55⅝
3100	do..........	55¼
1800	do......s3.	55⅛
2000	do..........	55⅛
2600	do......s3.	55
1200	do......s3.	54⅞
1200	do..........	55
1400	do..........	55⅛
1900	do..........	55¼
100	N. J. South..b.c.c.	1¼
100	N. Y. C. &H.b.c.c.	112⅜

SALES BEFORE THE CALL—12:30 P. M.

$10,000	M. & St. P. C. S. F..........	88
5,000	U. Pacific S. F.	90¼
10,000	do..........	90
2,000	N. J. S. 1st....	27
10,000	H.&St.Jo.8s,C.	79
250	Union Mining Co.	1⅝
200	Consol. Coal.s60.	40
4000	Ohio & Miss 2d.	70
6000	do..........	69½
10	N. Y. C. & Hud...	112⅛
100	do..........	112¼
100	Erie Railway....	15⅞
200	do......b3.	16
100	N. J. Cent......s3.	100
400	West. Union..b3.	67⅝
1400	do..........	67⅝
2500	do..........	67¾
700	do......b3.	67⅞
1400	do..........	67⅞
1400	do......b3.	68
1300	do..........	68
600	do..........	67⅞
1500	do..........	67¾
200	do......b3.	67¾
2600	do..........	67⅝
1000	do..........	67½
300	Pacific Mail......	19⅞
600	do......b3.	20
200	do..........	20⅛
1200	do..........	20
600	do......b3.	20⅛
700	do......b3.	20¼
1500	do..........	20¼
900	do..........	20⅛
200	do..........	20
200	do..........	19⅞
400	do..........	20
200	do..........	20⅛
1100	do..........	20
100	North-western....	40⅞
100	do..........	40⅝

100	Ohio & Miss...b3.	17⅛
200	Union Pacific....	64½
100	do..........	65
200	St. Paul..........	39⅝
400	do..........	39¾
100	do..........	39⅝
100	do......b3.	39¾
300	Mich. Central....	51¾
200	do..........	52
100	do..........	52⅛
100	do..........	52½
100	do..........	52¾
100	do..........	52½
200	do..........	52¼
300	do..........	52
200	do..........	52⅛
300	do......b3.	52¼
300	do......s3.	52
200	do..........	51¾
100	do..........	51½
100	do..........	51⅝
1000	do..........	51½
300	do..........	51⅝
100	do......s3.	51¼
200	do..........	51⅜
100	do..........	51½
300	Lake Shore......	55⅝
200	do..........	55½
1200	do..........	55⅜
800	do..........	55⅜
1300	do......s3.	55¼
800	do..........	55⅜
400	do..........	55⅜
1200	do......s3.	55½
500	do..........	55⅝
1100	do..........	55½
300	do..........	55⅜
900	do..........	55⅜
600	do......s3.	55⅛
1400	do..........	55½

GOVERNMENT STOCKS—2 P. M.

$21,000 U. S. 5-20 R., '68..........122
$90,000 U.S.5s,C.'81.117¾

SECOND BOARD—1 P. M.

$12,000	N. W. C. C. G.	91⅞
15,000	M.&St.P.C.S.F.	88
5,000	Erie 3d.......	102½
3,000	do..........	102½
5,000	St. L., J. & C. 1st......b.c.	102
1,000	D. M. & T. 1st.	101½
4,000	U. Pacific 1st.	103¾
1,000	U. Pacific S. F.	90
8,000	do..........	90¼
15,000	C. C. & I.C.1st.	47
5,000	St.L.&I.M.1st.	100½
2,000	T.P.& W.,W.D.	80
3,000	D. & H. R.,'84.	110
1,000	W. Pac. bds...	97
1,000	L. & N. C., '98.	93
1,000	do..........	92½
20	Ninth Nat. Bank.	80
87	D. & H. C. Co...b.c.	114⅝
100	Prod's Con. Land & Pet. Co....b.c.	109¼
100	do..........	110
200	C. Coal of Md..b.c.	40¼
20	U. S. Express....	71¾
200	West. U. T.b.c.b3.	67¾
200	do..........	67⅝
3100	do..........	67½
100	do......b3.	67½
100	do......b4.	67⅝
1000	do..........	67⅝
50	Chic., B. & Q.b.c.	117¾
20	do..........	117⅞

400	Pac.M.S.S.Co..b.c.	20⅛
950	do..........	20
100	do..........	19⅞
300	do..........	20
200	N.Y.C.&H.R.b.c.c.	113
100	do..........	113¼
200	Erie Railway.b.c.	15⅞
1400	do..........	15¾
500	Mich. Cent....b.c.	51½
100	do..........	51⅝
300	do..........	51¾
100	do..........	51⅝
100	do..........	51½
300	do..........	52
100	L.S.&M.S...b.c.b3.	55⅛
3200	do..........	55⅜
300	do......b3.	55½
100	do..........	55⅛
60	Harlem........b.c.	138½
58	C., C. & I.....b.c.	53¾
92	do..........	53
100	Cent. R. of N. J...	100¼
200	do......b.c.	100⅛
200	do..........	99¾
20	do.....opg.	100
100	do......s3.	99¾
100	do..........	99⅞
300	Chic. & R. I...b.c.	104
200	C., M. & St. P.b.c.	39¾
200	do..........	39⅝
20	Del., Lack. & W..	113¼
100	Chic. & Alton.b.c.	102
20	Morris & Essex.	105¼

SALES FROM 2:30 TO 3 P. M.

$1,000	Tol.&Wab.2d.	62½
10,000	M.&St.P.C.S.F.	88½
5	Bank of Com.....	115½
15	Del. & Hudson...	114¼
300	Pacific Mail......	19⅞
500	do..........	19¾
300	Western Union...	67½
600	do..........	67⅝
1000	do..........	67⅝
200	do..........	67½
2600	do..........	67⅜
1400	do..........	67¼
400	do......s3.	67¼
70	Wells Fargo Ex..	86½
190	American Ex.....	60
15	Adams Express..	108½
100	N. Y. C. & Hud...	112⅝
133	do......s3.	112⅝
28	do..........	112½
400	New-Jersey Cen..	100
100	do......s20.	99
100	do..........	99⅞
100	Erie Railway...s5.	15⅝
100	do..........	15⅝
100	do..........	15⅝
1400	do......b3.	15¾
200	do..........	15½
400	do..........	15⅝
100	Rock Island.......	104¼
100	do......s3.	104¼
100	do..........	104⅜
100	Pac. R. of Mo...b3.	14½

200	Mich. Cen.....s3.	52
400	do..........	52
100	do..........	52¼
100	do..........	52⅛
200	do..........	52
300	do..........	51⅞
100	do..........	51¾
200	do..........	52
400	do..........	52⅛
100	do..........	52¼
100	do..........	52⅛
800	Lake Shore......	55⅝
500	do......b3.	55¼
100	do..........	55⅜
600	do..........	55⅜
1000	do......b3.	55⅛
100	do..........	55⅜
500	do......b3.	55¼
600	do..........	55⅜
100	do..........	55⅛
200	do......u.r.	55½
100	do......s3.	55⅜
300	do..........	55⅜
1000	do..........	55⅜
100	do......s4.	55⅜
100	do......b3.	55⅜
100	do..........	55⅛
58	C., C., C. & I......	52½
100	Toledo & Wab.....	2½
200	Del.Lack.&W..s5.	113
200	Ohio & Miss...b3.	17⅛
100	H. & St. Jo. Pref...	25
20	C., B. & Quincy..	117¼

WEDNESDAY, April 19—P. M.

The chief feature of speculation on the Stock Exchange to-day was a break of nearly 4 ₩ cent. in Michigan Central, the price of which fell off from 55 at the close last evening to 51¼. The immediate cause assigned for the decline was the confirmation of the reports current yesterday that the New-York Central Railroad had withdrawn from the compact between the trunk lines entered into on the 2d of March last. The dealings were on a scale of unusual magnitude for this stock, and were attended with considerable excitement. Rumors were rife that two well-known capitalists, prominently identified with the road, and who have hitherto professed themselves believers in the future prosperity of the property, had sold out their interest and, it was added, left their particular friends in the lurch. The same influences which operated against Michigan Central also adversely affected Lake Shore, but not to the same extent, the price of the latter yielding only 1 ₩ cent., with a recovery of ½ ₩ cent. at the close. The Granger shares declined early in the day, but closed steadier, the fluctuations being comparatively slight. Western Union advanced to 68 shortly before 1 o'clock, but afterward became weak and settled down to 67¼. Pacific Mail closed at 19¾, after declining to 19⅛ and advancing to 20¼. Hannibal and St. Joseph Preferred fell from 25¼ to 24½, and Erie from 16⅛ to 15½, closing at 25 and 15⅝ respectively. Investment shares were firmer, with the exception of Delaware, Lackawanna and Western, which declined to 113. New-York Central rose to 113¼ and Rock Island to 104⅜, the former closing at a reaction of ½ ₩ cent. Express shares were quiet and steady. The transactions aggregated 192,000 shares, of which 77,900 were in Lake Shore, 43,700 in Western Union, 24,000 in Michigan Central, 16,500 in Pacific Mail, and 14,700 in Erie.

The money market was easy at 3@4 ₩ cent. until late in the afternoon, when there were large offerings as low as 2@2½ ₩ cent. to Stock Exchange borrowers. In the discount market the rates remain steady at 4½ to 6 ₩ cent. for prime names.

The foreign advices reported a further gain of £215,000 sterling by the Bank of England on balance to-day. This, coupled with the fact that 3 months' bills are discounted at 1⅝@2 ₩ cent. on the open market, leads to the expectation that the minimum rate of discount will be reduced by the Bank Directors at their meeting to-morrow. The London market was firm; but depression was reported on the Continental Bourses, growing out of renewed fears about the Eastern question. At London Consols advanced to 94⅞@95 for both money and the account. United States bonds were steady except for New 5s, which sold down to 104⅝, a decline of ¼ ₩ cent. Erie sold at 14¼@14¾. At Paris Rentes were lower, and at Frankfort United States new 5 per cents declined to 104¼.

The Sterling Exchange market was quiet, and business is still done at $4 86½@$4 86¾ for 60 days' bills, and at $4 89½@$4 89¾ for demand.

The gold speculation was dull, and presented no feature worthy of comment. All the transactions were at 113@113⅛, these being the opening and closing prices, respectively. On gold loans the rates ranged from 3 ₩ cent. interest for carrying to flat. The specie engagements for to-morrow's outgoing steamers are reported at $100,000. The $300,000 engaged yesterday was not shipped to-day.

Government bonds were less active than yesterday and prices made a further decline of ⅛@¼ ₩ cent. In railroad mortgages prices generally advanced ¼ to ½ ₩ cent., the market being firm. The Pacific issues were higher, with the exception of Union sinking funds, which fell off to 90 and closed at 90¼. Ohio and Mississippi seconds receded to 69½. State bonds were dull and featureless.

UNITED STATES TREASURY,
NEW-YORK, April 19, 1876.

Gold receipts	$344,703 88
Gold payments	1,854,827 30
Gold balance	45,774,312 37
Currency receipts	421,274 33
Currency payments	615,454 19
Currency balance	36,440,091 37
Customs	337,000 00
Canceled gold certificates sent to Washington	1,800,000 00

CLOSING QUOTATIONS—APRIL 19.

	Tuesday.	Wednesday.
American Gold	113	113
United States 5s, 1881, coupon	117⅞	117⅞
United States 5-20s, 1867, coupon	120⅝	120⅝
Bills on London	$4 86½@$4 86¾	$4 86½@$4 86¾
New-York Central	112⅛	112¾
Rock Island	104	104⅜
Pacific Mail	19⅜	19¾
Milwaukee and St. Paul	39¾	39⅝
Milwaukee and St. Paul Preferred	66⅛	65½
Lake Shore	56	55⅛
Chicago and North-western	40¾	40¾
Chicago and North-western Pref.	60⅛	60
Western Union	67⅛	67¼
Union Pacific	64⅞	65
Toledo and Wabash	2½	2½
Delaware, Lack. and Western	113¾	113
New-Jersey Central	100½	100
Panama	128	128
Erie	16⅛	15⅝
Ohio and Mississippi	17⅛	17⅛
C., C. and Ind. Central	4¼	4⅛
Harlem	138¼	138
Hannibal and St. Joseph	16¾	16⅛
Hannibal and St. Joseph Pref.	25	25
Michigan Central	55	52⅛
Illinois Central	98¼	98¼
Missouri Pacific	14⅛	14½

The extreme range of prices in stocks and the number of shares sold are as follows:

	Highest.	Lowest.	No. of Shares.
New-York Central	113¼	112¼	861
Erie	16⅛	15½	14,700
Lake Shore	56¼	54⅞	77,900
Wabash	2½	2½	500
North-western	41⅛	40½	1,100
Rock Island	104⅜	103⅞	800
Milwaukee and St. Paul	39⅞	39⅜	2,900
Mil. and St. Paul Preferred	66⅛	63½	2,650
Del., Lack. and Western	113¾	113	229
New-Jersey Central	100⅛	99¾	1,500
Michigan Central	54⅞	51¼	24,030
Chicago and Alton	102	102	100
Union Pacific	65	64½	400
Hannibal and St. Joseph	16¾	16½	370
Han. and St. Joseph Pref.	25¼	24½	400
Ohio and Mississippi	17⅛	17	1,530
Missouri Pacific	14½	14½	100
Western Union	68	66⅞	43,750
Pacific Mail	20¼	19⅛	16,500
Union Mining	1⅝	1⅝	550
New-Jersey Southern	1¼	1¼	100
Adams Express	108	108	100
Wells, Fargo & Co. Express	86½	86½	200
Consolidation Coal	40½	40⅛	200
Canton	37½	37½	100
Total sales			192,381

The following were the closing quotations of Government Bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
United States Currency 6s	126	126⅛
United States 6s, 1881, Registered	120¾	121
United States 6s, 1881, Coupons	121¾	122
United States 5-20s, 1865, Registered	114½	114¾
United States 5-20s, 1865, Coupons	117⅝	117¾
United States 5-20s, 1865, new, Reg	118⅝	118⅞
United States 5-20s, 1865, new, Coup	118⅝	118⅞
United States 5-20s, 1867, Registered	120½	120¾
United States 5-20s, 1867, Coupons	120½	120¾
United States 5-20s, 1868, Registered	122	122½
United States 5-20s, 1868, Coupons	122	122½
United States 10-40, Registered	116¾	117
United States 10-40, Coupons	118	118½
United States 5s, 1881, Registered	116⅛	116⅜
United States 5s, 1881, Coupons	117¾	118

The Sub-Treasurer disbursed in coin $17,000 for interest and $8,000 for called bonds.

The following table shows the transactions at the Gold Exchange Bank to-day:

Gold cleared	$19,192,000
Gold balances	897,797
Currency balances	964,68

The following is the Clearing-house statement to-day:

Currency exchanges	$54,826,29
Currency balances	2,929,45
Gold exchanges	3,532,35
Gold balances	635,73

The following were the bids for the various State securities:

Alabama 5s, 1883....	33½	N.C.N.C.R.Jan.&Ju.	60
Alabama 5s, 1886....	33½	N.C.N.C.R.Ap.&Oct.	60
Alabama 8s, 1886....	33½	N.C.N.C.R.c.offJ&J.	45
Arkansas 6s, Fund...	30	N.C.N.C.R.c.offA&O	45
Georgia 7s, indorsed.	103	N. C. Fund. Act '66.	11
Ga. 7s, Gold Bonds...	105½	N. C. new bs. J. & J.	8
Louisiana 6s........	45	N. C. new bs. A. & O.	8
La. 6s, new bonds....	45	Ohio 6s, '86..........	110
La. 6s, n. Fl'g Debt.	45	Rhode Island 6s.....	108
La. 7s, Penitentiary.	45	South Carolina 6s....	34
La. 6s, Levee bonds.	46	S. C. 6s, Jan. & July.	34
La. 8s, L. B. of 1875.	45	S. C. 6s, Apr. & Oct.	34
Michigan 6s, 1883...	105	S. C. Fund. Act '66..	34
Michigan 7s, 1890...	111	S. C. L. C. '89, J. & J.	34
Mo. 6s, due in 1876..	101½	S. C. L. C. '89, A. & O.	34
Mo. 6s, due in 1877..	102	S. C. 7s of 1888.	35
Mo. 6s, due in 1878..	102	S. C. Non-Fund. bds.	3
L. B. due '82 to '90 inc.	104½	Tennessee 6s, old..	42¼
Fund'g bs. due 1894-5.	104½	Tenn. 6s, new bds...	40½
Asy. or Un. due 1892.	104½	Tenn. 6s, new series.	40⅞
Han. & St.J. due 1876.	101½	Virginia 6s, old.....	34
Han. & St.J. due 1880.	103½	Va. 6s, new bds., '66.	34
Han. & St.J. due 1887.	103½	Va. 6s, new bds., '67.	34
N. Y. Reg. B'ty Lo..	104½	Va. 6s, consol. bds.	75
N. Y. Coup. B'ty L'n.	104½	Va. 6s, ex-mat. coup.	67¼
N. Y. 6s, G. L'n, '91.	120	Va. 6s, deferred bds.	8⅞
N.C.6s, old Jan.&Jun.	16	Dis. of Col. 3.65s, 1924.	69
N. C. 6s, Apr. & Oct.	16	Dis. of C. sm. bds. R.	69¼

The Mercantile National Bank has declared a dividend of *Four ₩ cent.*, payable May 1.

The Mercantile Trust Company will pay, on May 1, the May coupons of its guaranteed real estate first mortgage bonds.

COMMERCIAL AFFAIRS.

NEW-YORK, Wednesday, April 19, 1876.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been as follows:

Ashes, pkgs	18	Molasses, N. O., bbls	45
Bees-wax, pkgs	5	Lead, pigs	2,207
Cotton, bales	1,529	Spirits Turp., bbls	261
Cotton-s'd Cake, bgs	225	Resin, bbls	1,027
Dried Fruit, pkgs	5	Oil-cake, pkgs	1,047
Eggs, bbls	2,328	Pork, pkgs	236
Flour, bbls	10,557	Beef, pkgs	112
Wheat, bushels	40,800	Cut-meats, pkgs	1,884
Corn, bushels	8,875	Lard, pkgs	500
Oats, bushels	24,550	Stearine, pkgs	67
Malt, bushels	15,410	Butter, pkgs	3,713
Barley, bushels	6,000	Cheese, pkgs	393
Grass-seed, bags	100	Tallow, pkgs	35
Beans, bbls	197	Dressed Hogs, No.	3
Peas, bushels	16,280	Pea-nuts, bags	73
Corn-meal, bbls	30	Rice, pkgs	59
Corn-meal, bags	492	Rice Chaff, bags	300
Oat-meal, bbls	100	Tea, half-chests	32
Hemp, bales	10	Tobacco, hhds	456
Hides, bales	95	Tobacco, bxs. & cs.	1,211
Leather, sides	6,606	Whisky, bbls	360
Moss, bales	10		

ASHES—Have been very moderately sought after at $5 for Pots and $7 for Pearls, ⅌ 100 ℔.

BRICKS—Have been in fair request within the previous range as to values in the leading instances.

COFFEE—Rio quiet and weak; quoted within the range of 15¾c.@18¾c. for Ordinary to prime invoices; sales, 2,412 bags by the Hevelius and 1,978 bags by the America on private terms. Other kinds dull at late figures.

COTTON—Has been quoted firm for early delivery, though inactive. The unfavorable reports as to the condition of the South-western rivers tended to strengthen the confidence of holders....Ordinary quoted at 9 11-16c.; Low Middling at 12 7-16c.@12 11-16c.; Middling at 13¼c.@13 7-16c. ⅌ ℔....Sales were officially reported for prompt delivery of 1,013 bales, (of which 130 bales were on last evening,) including 310 bales to exporters, 489 bales to spinners, and 214 bales to speculators....And for forward delivery, the dealings were less extensive, checked by the advanced prices claimed....Sales have been reported since our last of 20,700 bales, (of which 4,300 bales were on last evening and 16,400 bales to-day,) with 2,000 bales on the calls, on the basis of Middling, with April options closing at 13 9-32c.@13 5-16c.; May, 13 11-32c.; June, 13 19-32c.@13⅝c.; July, 13 13-16c.@13 27-32c.; August, 13 31-32c.@14c.; September, 13 21-32c.@13 29-32c.; October, 13 11-16c.@13 23-32c.; November, 13 17-32c.@13 9-16c.; December, 13 17-32c.@13 9-16c., showing an advance of 1-32c.@5-32c. ⅌ ℔., closing steady. The receipts at this port to-day were 1,525 bales, and at the shipping ports were 4,560 bales, against 6,455 bales same day last week, and thus far this week 20,879 bales, against 29,361 bales same time last week. The receipts at all the shipping ports since Sept. 1 1875, have been 3,877,898 bales, against 3,275,325 bales for the corresponding time in the preceding Cotton year....Consolidated exports (four days) to Great Britain from all the shipping ports, 10,304 bales; to the Continent, 2,231 bales; stock in New-York, 188,279 bales; consolidated stock at all the shipping ports, 886,127 bales.

Closing Prices of Cotton in New-York.

	Uplands.	Alabama.	N. O.	Texas.
Ordinary	9 11-16	9 11-16	9 11-16	9 11-16
Strict Ordin'y	10 9-16	10 9-16	10 9-16	10 9-16
Good Ordin'y	11 3-16	11 3-16	11 5-16	11 5-16
Strict G'd Or.	11 15-16	11 15-16	12 1-16	12 1-16
Low Middling	12 7-16	12 9-16	12 11-16	12 11-16
Strict L. Mid.	12 15-16	13 1-16	13 3-16	13 3-16
Middling	13¼	13⅜	13 7-16	13 7-16
Good Middling	13¾	13⅞	14	14
Strict G'd Mid.	14⅛	14¼	14⅜	14⅜
Middling Fair	14½	14⅝	14¾	14¾
Fair	15⅛	15¼	15⅜	15⅜

Stained.

Good Ordinary	9 13-16	Low Middling	11 7-16
Strict G. Ordinary	10 15-16	Middling	12 5-16

FISH—A moderate business has been reported, since our last, in the leading kinds, with values quoted about as before....We quote: Dry Cod from $4@$5 50 ⅌ cwt.; Dry Cod, in drums, $5 25@$7; new Mackerel quoted at $20@$28 for No. 1, $15 50@$17 for No. 2, and $10 50@$12 for No. 3 ⅌ bbl.; Pickled Herrings, $4 50@$7; Smoked Herrings at 24c.@28c. for scaled, and 15c.@18c. for No. 1 ⅌ box; Dutch Herrings at $1 15@$1 20 ⅌ keg.

FLOUR AND MEAL—A fair inquiry prevailed to-day for State and Western Flour, chiefly for low grades, at generally steady rates....Sales have been reported since our last of 13,100 bbls. of all grades, including unsound lots at $3 50@$6, chiefly unsound Extras at $4 75@$5 75; inferior to choice No. 2 at $3 10@$4, mainly at $3 50@$3 80; poor to choice Superfine and Western at $4 25@$4 75, chiefly at $4 40@$4 50; inferior to choice Extra State at $5@$5 35, mainly at $5 10@$5 25; choice to fancy do., $5 35@$5 75; City Mills Extra, $5 10@$6 50, mainly at $5 75@$6 25, for the West Indies, (the latter for favorite brands,) and $5 15@$5 35 for the English markets; poor to very choice shipping Extra Western at $5@$5 35, chiefly at $5 15@$5 25; round-hoop Ohio at $5@$5 35 for small lots and lines; and trade and family Extras within the previous range. Included in the sales have been 4,200 bbls. shipping stock, part City Mill product, on the basis of our quotations....Southern Flour held more confidently within the previous range, but not active; sales of 1,050 bbls....Rye Flour quiet, at a shade easier rates; sales of 275 bbls. chiefly at $5@$5 25 for good to very choice Superfine....Corn-meal in less request at unchanged figures; sales equal to 470 bbls.

GRAIN—A comparatively light movement has been reported in Wheat since our last at rather easier prices....Spring Wheat has been offered more freely, in part to arrive, while the demand has been very moderate for export as well as for milling purposes. The somewhat stronger range of ocean freights operated against free dealings for shipment. Winter Wheat attracted little attention, and the transactions were not important, having been confined to Red Western and New-York "no grade" Red Winter. Sales have been reported to-day of 87,000 bushels, including choice No. 2 Milwaukee Spring, crop of 1874, in store, at $1 28; prime No. 2 do., afloat, of fresh receipt, at $1 26½, with choice hard No. 1 Minnesota Spring, in store, quoted at $1 36 bid; No. 3 Milwaukee Spring, good to very choice, at $1 17@$1 20, chiefly at $1 17@$1 18, only about 2,000 bushels having been placed at $1 20; very good mixed Milwaukee Spring, afloat, at $1 22; ungraded Spring at $1 07@$1 20; very good Red Western reported at $1 32, and New-York "no grade" Red Winter at $1 07 ⅌ bushel....Corn has been comparatively dull for early delivery and generally quoted somewhat cheaper. Export call light. Sales have been reported to-day of only 29,000 bushels, including New-York "no-grade" Mixed Western at 69½c.; old Mixed Western, in store, poor to very good, at 67½c.@70c.; Warm Corn, on track, one car load, at 66c.; Yellow Southern, prime, from dock and delivered, at 72c.@73c.; and White Southern, odd lots, reported at 70½c.@73c. No New-York, Mixed Western, Steamer Mixed, or Low Mixed reported sold. New-York "no grade," Mixed Western, to arrive in fifteen days, quoted at 65c. asked, with 63c. bid; and for May delivery, at 58c. asked, ...And for forward delivery, the transactions have been fair, with options for April and May on New-York Mixed Western quoted firmer....Mixed Western, New-York inspection, April option, quoted at the close at 67¾c.@68c.; do., May, seller's option, 64¾c.@65c.; do., seller first half of May, at 65c. bid and 66c. asked, and New-York steamer Mixed, seller June, at 62½c. asked and 60c. bid....sales have been reported of 5,000 bushels Mixed Western, New-York inspection, seller April, at 67¾c.; 15,000 bushels do., at 68c. ⅌ bushel....Rye, in light supply and wanted, with prices favoring sellers. Prime Western, in store, held firmly at 90c. Prime Canada, in bond, quoted at 92c., bid. Prime State, to arrive from Albany, quoted at 95c. as the best bid, with 98c.@$1, asked....Barley dull and irregular; five car-loads Bay sold at 97½c., delivered. Shipments by steam have been made for Liverpool of 20,000 bushels Canada, from this port....Peas, Malt, and Buckwheat as last quoted....Oats have been in moderate request, and rather weak as to values, under more urgent offerings. Sales reported, to-day, of 35,000 bushels, including prime No. 2 Chicago, afloat, at 49c.@49½c.; good to about choice Mixed Western at 48½c.@49½c.; poor to choice White Western at 46½c.@52½c., chiefly at 47c. for ordinary Ohio, in store, and 49c.@51½c. for car lots of fair to about prime; White State, poor to choice, at 49c.@53½c., mainly good, afloat, (9,000 bushels,) at 51c.; Mixed State, fair to good, 48½c.@49c., with New-York No. 1 quoted at 49c.@50c., and New-York No. 2 at 47c.@47¼c.; and New-York "rejected" at 44½c. ⅌ bushel....Hay, Straw, and Feed essentially as last quoted. Included in the sales of Hay were 350 bales for Mobile, 200 bales for Fernandina, and 175 bales for South Carolina....Clover-seed has been in demand, for home use, with good to choice Western, in lots, quoted at 16½c.@16⅞c.; strictly prime to choice State at 16¾c.@17c.....Other Seeds unchanged.

PROVISIONS—Mess Pork has been in moderate request for export, but quoted lower....Sales have been reported since our last of 400 bbls. Western Mess, in lots, at $22 75@$22 85, closing at $22 75....And for forward delivery, Western Mess has been in slack demand, with April option quoted at the close at $22 65; May option at $22 60; June, $22 75@$22 80; July, $22 85; August, $23 each....Sales reported of 750 bbls., May option, at $22 60@$22 70; and 500 bbls., August, at $23....Of Prime Mess, small lots of Western sold at $21 25@$21 50....Of Extra Prime at $18 25@$18 50....Dressed Hogs in demand; City quoted at 10c.@10¼c....Western Hogs nominal....Cut-meats offered more freely and quoted a shade easier in price, without leading to much activity....Sales reported of 30,000 ℔. Pickled Bellies, in bulk, 14 to 11 ℔., at 12c.@12⅛c., and sundry small lots of City bulk stock within our previous range. Also a small lot of Western Short-cut Hams, 18 to 20 ℔., at 13c....Bacon quoted ⅛c. ⅌ ℔. lower, and quiet in the local market. Sales, 250 bxs. City Long Clear at 12⅜c. Western Long Clear quoted at 12⅜c.; do. Short Clear at 12⅞c....Western Steam Lard has been offered with more urgency and quoted lower, under less favorable advices from Liverpool and the Western markets. At the reduced figures more activity has been noted....Of Western Steam, for early delivery here, sales have been reported of 1,200 tcs. choice at $13 67½@$13 75, and 550 tcs. prime at $13 50@$13 62½, closing with prime quoted at $13 55....And for forward delivery, a very brisk business has been noted at the modified quotations....Western Steam, April option, quoted weak at the close, $13 52½@$13 55; May, do., $13 52½@$13 55; June, $13 67½@$13 70; July at $13 82½, and August at $13 92½@$13 95....Sales have been reported of Western Steam to the amount of 1,000 tcs., April option, at $13 55@$13 57½; 8,250 tcs., May option, at $13 52½@$13 62½; 9,250 tcs., June, at $13 67½@$13 75; 2,250 tcs., July, at $13 82½@$13 85, and 1,250 tcs., August, at $13 95@$14....City Steam and Kettle Lard in less request at drooping rates; quoted at $13 62½. Sales of 80 tcs....No. 1 City quoted at $12 75.....Refined Lard lower and in moderate demand; quoted for the Continent at $13 81¼, South America at $14 25, and for the West Indies at $13....Sales, 1,000 tcs. for the Continent at $13 13-16c....Beef steady. Sales, 120 bbls....Beef Hams inactive; Western, good to choice, quoted at $24@$26. Sales, 40 bbls....Butter in ample supply and weak in price on a moderate inquiry; quotations about as before....Cheese remains about as last quoted....Fresh Eggs in less request, and quoted weak at 17c.@19c. for good to fancy....Tallow quoted stronger on sales of 145,000 ℔. prime at 8 15-16c.@9c., closing at 9c....Stearine inactive prime to choice Western, in tcs., quoted at 14½c.@14¾c.; choice City, in hhds., 15c....Of Grease, 15 tcs. Yellow sold at 8¼c....Of Tallow-oil, 60 bbls. Western at 75c., showing a decline. And of Cotton-seed Oil, 50 bbls. Refined Summer Yellow at 52c.@53c.

SKINS—Have been in moderate request within our previous range of quotations.

SUGARS—Raw have been more active at the reduced figures quoted in our last, with fair to good Refining at 7 9-16c.@7 13-16c. ⅌ ℔. Sales to-day, 2,645 hhds. and 300 bxs., including 2,554 hhds. refining Cuba at 6¾c.@7⅞c., mainly at 7⅝c.@7⅞c.; 91 hhds. Porto Rico, in bond, at 4⅛c.@4¼c., gold, and 300 bxs. Centrifugal at 8¾c. And last evening, 1,000 hhds. refining Cuba at quoted rates....Refined steady and moderately active.

TEAS—Have been in fair request at previous prices, with sales reported since our last of 1,000 half-chests Green, 3,000 half-chests Japan, and 500 half-chests Oolong on private terms.

WHISKY—Dull at $1 11½; sales, 50 bbls.

FREIGHTS—A fair demand prevailed for Grain room on berth at steady rates, with a very moderate inquiry for accommodation from other export interests. And in the chartering line vessels for Grain and Petroleum were moderately sought after; rates on Grain tonnage quoted steady and rather firmer at the out ports; quotations on tonnage for Petroleum essentially unchanged. From the Provincial ports, a freer movement was noted in the line of Deal charters, but at reduced figures. Market otherwise without new features of importance....For Liverpool, the engagements reported, since our last, have been, by steam, small lots of Cotton at ¼d. ⅌ ℔.; 16,000 bushels Grain, in bulk, at 4½d.; 20,000 bushels Canadian Barley at 5d. ⅌ bushel; 300 bbls. Resin at 2s. ⅌ 280 ℔.; 1,850 bxs. Cheese at 25s.; 850 pkgs. Bacon and Lard, part reported at 20s. And by steam from the West, of through freight, 2,600 pkgs. Provisions, (Bacon and Lard,) on private terms. Also three ships, with Deals, from St. John, (reported as chartered there,) at 70s.@72s. 6d. ....For London, by sail, 2,000 bbls. Flour, rumored, but without confirmation; 3,000 Staves, (of recent shipment,) on private terms. Also a Norwegian bark, with about 1,500 bbls. Lubricating Oil, from Baltimore, reported at 5s. 6d. ⅌ bbl., an extreme rate....For Bristol, by sail, about 48,000 bushels Wheat at 6¼d. ⅌ bushel, and 300 tons Oil-cake at 20s. ⅌ ton; also, a British ship, 1,195 tons, placed on the berth hence, for general cargo....For Penarth Roads and orders, an Italian bark, 394 tons, hence, with 2,800 quarters Grain at 5s. 2½d. ⅌ quarter, flat....For the United Kingdom, a ship 1,078 tons, with Lumber, from Quebec, reported on private terms; and nine vessels, with Deals, from St. John, (reported as chartered there,) within the range of 70s.@80s., as to ports of destination....For Cork and orders, a Norwegian bark, 370 tons, with about 2,300 quarters Grain, from Baltimore, at 6s. 3d. ⅌ quarter....For Bremen, by steam, 500 bbls. Flour at 3 reich-marks....For Hamburg, by steam, 200 bxs. Bacon, reported on private terms; also an American brig, 271 tons, hence, with Resin, reported at 2s. 4½d....For Genoa, Leghorn, or Naples, an American bark, 533 tons, and an American brig, 427 tons, hence, with Tobacco, reported at 45s., and back with Marble, &c., to New-York or Boston at round sums....For Trieste or Venice, an Italian brig, 372 tons, hence, with equal to 2,000 bbls. Refined Petroleum at 5s. 3d. ⅌ bbl. and 25c. ⅌ case....For Melbourne, a British ship, 1,127 tons, hence, with general cargo, reported at about 25s. ⅌ ton measurement....For Port Natal, an American brig, 335 tons, hence, with general cargo, reported at 40s....For St. Jago, an American schooner, 274 tons, hence, with Coal, reported at $1 25 ⅌ ton. ....For Sagua, an American brig, with Lumber, from Machias, reported at $6....For Trinidad, Cuba, and back north of Hatteras, an American schooner, 299 tons, reported at $4 50 for Sugar....For Jamaica, an American schooner, about 2,000 bbls. capacity, hence, with general cargo, reported at $800....For Trinidad, P. S., an American schooner, 243 tons, hence, with general cargo, reported at $900....For St. Domingo and back, an American schooner, 151 tons, with general cargo, reported at $1,500....For Rio Janeiro, an American brig, 286 tons, hence, with White Pine Lumber, reported at $16; and an American schooner, 471 tons, hence, with general cargo, at 95c. ⅌ bbl....For St. John, N. F., a British brig, 235 tons, hence, with general cargo, reported at 40c. ⅌ bbl....For a Sound port, a schooner, with Lumber, from Jacksonville, at $6 50....For Providence, a schooner, 380 tons, with Coal, from Philadelphia, at $1 75 ⅌ ton....For Philadelphia, a schooner, with Lumber, from Pensacola, at $8....For New-York, a schooner, with Lumber, from Jacksonville, at $6.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Wednesday, April 19, 1876.

There was a slow but firm trade in horned Cattle on this forenoon: the herds ranged from poor to good, being in the aggregate fair and of rather smoother quality than have been received for several weeks. At Sixtieth Street Yards prices ranged from 8¾c.@11½c. ⅌ ℔., weights 5¾ to 8½ cwt. At Harsimus Cove prices were 9c.@12c. ⅌ ℔., weights 5¾ to 8½ cwt. From 55 to 57 ℔. has been allowed net, with a few head sold on 58 ℔. net. Nearly all of the herds to hand were sold off at noon. Milch Cows sold from $40@$65 ⅌ head, Calves included. Coarse quality Calves sold at 7c.@8½c. ⅌ ℔. Smooth quality Veals held on sale. Sheep sold on a slow trade generally in full carloads; prices, 5⅝c.@8½c. ⅌ ℔. Lambs not quoted. There were no Live Hogs on sale: City Dressed slow at 10c.@10⅛c. ⅌ ℔. for heavy Hogs; light Pigs, 10¼c. ⅌ ℔.

SALES.

At Sixtieth Street Yards—T. C. Eastman sold for self, 23 cars of horned Cattle; sales as follows: 20 poor Illinois Steers at 8¾c. ⅌ ℔., weight 5¾ cwt.; 35 coarse Illinois Steers at 9¼c. ⅌ ℔., with 25c. on ⅌ head, weights 6 to 8 cwt.; 97 common Illinois Steers at 10c. ⅌ ℔., with 50c. off ⅌ head, weight 6¾ cwt.; 39 common Illinois Steers at 10c. ⅌ ℔., weight 7 cwt.; 78 common Illinois Steers at 10c.@10¼c. ⅌ ℔., weight 7¼ cwt.; 60 common Illinois Steers at 10½c. ⅌ ℔., weights 7 to 7¼ cwt.; 42 fair Illinois Steers at 11½c. ⅌ ℔., weight 8½ cwt. D. Waixel sold for Morris & Waixels, 51 common Illinois Steers at 9½c. ⅌ ℔., weight 6¾ cwt.; 77 common Illinois Steers at 10¼c. ⅌ ℔., weight 7¼ cwt.; 16 common Illinois Steers at 10½c. ⅌ ℔., weight 7¾ cwt.; 18 fair Illinois Steers, at 11½c. ⅌ ℔., weight 8½ cwt.; held on sale, 4 car loads of horned Cattle. M. Lauterbach sold for Morris & Waixels 31 common Illinois Steers at 9¾c. ⅌ ℔., weight 6½ cwt.; 133 common Illinois Steers at 9½c.@10c. ⅌ ℔., weights 6 to 7 cwt. Ulery & Cary sold for Coon & Hasbury, 64 Illinois Steers, from common to fair, from 10c.@11½c. ⅌ ℔., weight 7½ cwt.; T. Wheeler sold for A. N. Monroe 31 common Illinois Steers at 10¼c. ⅌ ℔., weight 7 cwt., scant. Burchard & Merritt sold for A. N. Monroe 34 poor Illinois Steers at 9¼c. ⅌ ℔., weight 5¾ cwt.; 51 common Illinois Steers at 10¼c. ⅌ ℔., with $1 on ⅌ head, weight 6¾ cwt. Siegel & Meyer sold for selves 18 common Illinois Steers at 9¾c. ⅌ ℔., with $1 on ⅌ head, weight 7 cwt.; 81 common Illinois Steers at 9¾c. ⅌ ℔., weight 6¾ cwt.; 50 coarse Illinois Steers at 10c. ⅌ ℔., weight 7¼ cwt.; 31 coarse but fat Illinois Steers at 10½c. ⅌ ℔., weight 7¼ cwt. William Elliott sold 179 Ohio Sheep, weight 15,510 ℔., at 6¾c. ⅌ ℔.; 374 Ohio Sheep, weight 46,172 ℔., at 7⅜c. ⅌ ℔.; 132 Ohio Sheep, weight 15,570 ℔., at 8¼c. ⅌ ℔. Hume & Elliott sold 302 Ohio Sheep, weight 30,820 ℔., at 7¼c. ⅌ ℔.; 28 Ohio Sheep, weight 3,400 ℔., at 8¼c. ⅌ ℔.; 11 State Calves, weight 1,455 ℔., at 7c. ⅌ ℔.; 25 State Calves, weight 3,505 ℔., at 8½c. ⅌ ℔.; 14 State Calves at $4 50 ⅌ head.

At Forty-eighth Street Sheep Market—S. McGraw sold 6 State Calves, weight 805 ℔., at 7c. ⅌ ℔.; 8 State Calves, weight 1,165 ℔., at 8c. ⅌ ℔. J. Kirby sold 135 Ohio Sheep, weight 14,590 ℔., at 7½c. ⅌ ℔.; 69 Ohio Sheep, weight 7,350 ℔., at 7⅜c. ⅌ ℔.

At Harsimus Cove—Coney & McPherson sold for selves 15 coarse Tennessee Oxen at 9½c. ⅌ ℔., weight 8 cwt.; for Lowenstein & Co. 30 Missouri Steers, from common to fair, from 9½c.@11½c. ⅌ ℔.; weight 7½ cwt.; for J. A. McFillan 32 Kansas Steers, from common to fair, from 9¾c.@11c. ⅌ ℔., weight 6½ cwt. Martin, Fuller & Co. sold for selves 34 common Missouri Steers at 9¼c. ⅌ ℔., weight 6¾ cwt.; 18 common Missouri Steers at 9¼c. ⅌ ℔., with $5 off the lot, weight 6¼ cwt., strong; 45 common Missouri Steers at 9¾c. ⅌ ℔., weight 6¾ cwt. D. G. Culver sold for S. W. Allerton 115 Illinois Steers, from common to good, from 10¼c.@12c. ⅌ ℔., weight 8½ cwt. S. O'Donnell sold for self 36 common Illinois Steers at 9½c. ⅌ ℔., weight 5¾ cwt.; 31 common Illinois Steers at 9¾c. ⅌ ℔., weight 7 cwt. S. W. Sherman sold for S. W. Allerton 47 common Illinois Steers at 9½c. ⅌ ℔., weight 5¾ cwt., scant; 51 common Illinois Steers at 9¾c.@10½c. ⅌ ℔., weight 6¾ cwt. C. Kahn sold for Kahn & Furst 92 still-fed Illinois Steers at 9c.@10½c. ⅌ ℔., weight 6¾ cwt.; 29 common Illinois Steers at 9½c.@10½c. ⅌ ℔., weight 6¾ cwt.; for I. Brown, 85 still-fed Ohio Steers at 10c. ⅌ ℔., weight 7 cwt. M. Lauterbach sold for Klopfer & Co. 10 fair Missouri Steers at 11c. ⅌ ℔., weight 7¾ cwt.; held on sale 2 Bulls and 2 Steers, Missouri Cattle. B. Maines sold for self 18 common Illinois Steers at 9¼c. ⅌ ℔., weight 6¾ cwt. M. Goldschmidt sold for Hirsch, Meyer & Co. 19 common Illinois Steers at 9¼c. ⅌ ℔., weight 5¾ cwt., strong; 33 common Illinois Steers at 9¼c.@9¾c. ⅌ ℔., weight 5½ to 6½ cwt.; 23 common Illinois Steers at 10c. ⅌ ℔., weight 6¾ cwt.; 17 common Illinois Steers at 10¼c. ⅌ ℔., weight 6½ cwt.; 33 Illinois Steers from common to fair from 10¾c.@11c. ⅌ ℔., weight 7½ cwt.; held on sale 77 Illinois Steers; sold for Klopfer & Co. 20 common Missouri Steers at 10¼c. ⅌ ℔., weight 7 cwt.; 9 coarse but fat Missouri Steers at 10½c. ⅌ ℔., weight 8 cwt. Judd & Buckingham sold 217 Illinois Sheep weight 17,250 ℔., at 5¾c. ⅌ ℔.; 176 Ohio Sheep, weight 14,760 ℔., at 6c. ⅌ ℔.; 187 Ohio Sheep, weight 15,350 ℔., at 6½c. ⅌ ℔.; 155 Ohio Sheep, weight 15,930 ℔., at 7⅛c. ⅌ ℔.; held on sale 2 car-loads of Sheep. Kase & Pidcock sold 171 shorn Ohio Sheep, weight 14,820 ℔., at 5¾c. ⅌ ℔.; 487 shorn Ohio Sheep, weight 41,290 ℔., at 5⅝c. ⅌ ℔.; 142 Missouri Sheep, weight 14,070 ℔., at 6¾c. ⅌ ℔.; 179 Missouri Sheep, weight 16,370 ℔., at 7¼c. ⅌ ℔.; 197 Illinois Sheep, weight 16,280 ℔., at 6¾c. ⅌ ℔.; 170 Illinois Sheep, weight 14,000 ℔., at 6½c. ⅌ ℔.; 156 Illinois Sheep, weight 16,610 ℔., at 7½c. ⅌ ℔.; held on sale 3 car-loads of Sheep.

RECEIPTS.

Fresh arrivals for yesterday and to-day at Sixtieth Street Yards: 1,173 head of horned Cattle, 1 Cow, 693 Veals and Calves, 1,826 Sheep.

Fresh arrivals for yesterday and to-day at Fortieth Street Hog Yards: 3,816 Hogs.

Fresh arrivals for yesterday and to-day at Forty-eighth Street Sheep Market: 11 Cows, 83 Calves.

Fresh arrivals for yesterday and to-day at Harsimus Cove: 1,131 head of horned Cattle, 1,541 Sheep, 2,574 Hogs, 33 Horses.

Gross arrivals at Weehawken Yards for week ending April 17, 1876: 39 Beeves, 1,342 Sheep, 152 Calves, 5,771 Hogs, 46 Horses.

BUFFALO, April 19.—Cattle—Receipts, to-day, 765 head, making the total supply for the week thus far 8,840 head, or 520 cars, of which 329 cars were through consignments, the balance on sale here, against 479 cars for the same time last week, a difference in the receipts of the week thus far of 41 cars more, and 385 cars for the same week last year; only 35 cars were disposed of since our last report; only a few buyers were present; quite a number of lots of good Cattle remaining unsold will probably be shipped East in first hands on account of dullness of trade here; the prices are full ⅛ weaker than yesterday; sales of Illinois Steers, averaging 1,084, 1,349, and 1,432 ℔., at $4 70@$5 25@$5 30; Missouri Steers, averaging 1,115, 1,200, and 1,300 ℔., at $4 80@$5 10@$5 25; Ohio Steers, averaging 1,089 and 1,239 ℔., at $4 87½@$5; Michigan Steers, averaging 1,015 ℔., at $4 75. Sheep and Lambs—Receipts to-day, 600 head, making the total supply for the week thus far 6,200 head, against 12,400 head for the same time last week, and 7,400 head for the same week last year; the market was a shade more active; prices fully as low as the opening quotations of yesterday; 1,600 head were disposed of for Eastern trade, 2 cars remaining unsold; sales of Ohio sheep, averaging 101 ℔. at $7; 79 ℔. at $5 50; 99 ℔. at $6 50; Michigan Sheep, averaging 85 ℔., at $6 35; 110 ℔. at $7 40; 81 ℔. at $6; 76 ℔. at $5 05; no Lambs on the market. Hogs—Receipts to-day, 1,700 head, making the total supply for the week thus far, 8,600 head, against 11,500 head for the same time last week, and 7,800 head for the same week last year; the market was moderately active; sales of 8 cars Yorkers at $7 70@$7 90; a few cars of Heavy Hogs sold to city trade at $8@$8 10; and one car Mixed, and a few tail-ends of loads remain unsold.

CHICAGO, April 19.—Cattle—Receipts, 6,300 head; market fairly active; prices weakening under the heavy receipts, with a strong downward tendency; common to choice, $3@$5; Butchers and Stockers, $3 50@$4; fair to prime shipping, $4@$4 65; sales of good at $4 80@$5; shipments, 1,500 head. Hog—Receipts, 12,000 head; market slow and a shade easier, but not quotably lower; Light Bacon, $7 75@$7 90; mixed and good packers, $7 75@$8; shipping, $7 80@$8 12½; shipments, 1,500 head. Sheep—Receipts, 2,000 head; market active and firm; common to extra, $4 50@$6 50.

THE STATE OF TRADE.

CHICAGO, April 19.—Flour steady and firm. Wheat unsettled and lower; closed firm; No. 1 Chicago Spring, $1 13; No. 2 do. do., $1 03¼, spot; fresh, $1 04½, spot; $1 05⅜@$1 05½, May; $1 06⅛, June; No. 3 Chicago Spring, 93½c.@94¼c.; Rejected, 82c. Corn generally unchanged, but some sales rather lower; No. 2 at 48¼c.@48⅜c., spot; 48½c.@48⅝c., May; 49c. bid, June; 49c.@49⅛c., July. Oats dull and a shade lower; No. 2 32¼c., spot; 33½c.@33¼c., May. Rye firmer at 65½c.@66½c. Barley—Cash higher and options lower, at 63c.@64c., spot; 61¾c.@62c., May; 58½c., June. Pork—Demand active at $22 15@$22 20, spot; $22 15@$22 17½, May; $22 37½, June; $22 60@$22 65, July. Lard in fair demand, but at lower rates; $13 20@$13 25, spot; $13 22½, May; $13 37½, June; $13 50@$13 55, July. Bulk Meats dull, weak, and lower; Shoulders, 8¼c.; Clear Rib Sides, 12½c.; Clear Sides, 12¾c. Clover-seed in good demand and a shade higher at $9@$9 60. Timothy-seed—Demand good and tending upward at $2 30@$2 65. Whisky, $1 06½. Receipts—Flour 8,500 bbls.; Wheat, 42,000 bushels; Corn, 63,000 bushels; Oats, 32,000 bushels; Rye, 390 bushels; Barley, 1,300 bushels. Shipments—Flour, 8,500 bbls.; Wheat, 110,000 bushels; Corn, 237,000 bushels; Oats, 6,500 bushels; Rye, 3,100 bushels; Barley; 2,800 bushels. At the afternoon call of the board Wheat lower at $1 05¼, May; $1 05⅞, June. Corn and Oats unchanged. Pork weaker at $22 37½, June; $22 57½, July. Lard weaker at 13⅛c., June; 13½c., July.

NEW-ORLEANS, April 19.—Sugar steady and strong; inferior, 5½c.@6c.; good common, 6¾c.; fair to fully fair, 7c.@7¾c.; prime to choice, 8c.@8½c. Molasses in good demand; fair fermenting, 40c.@42c. Coffee quiet but firm; ordinary to prime, 16½c.@19c. Bran, 75c.@80c. Flour quiet but steady; common, $3 12½; fine to Superfine, $3 25@$4; Double Extra, $4 25@$4 50; Treble do., $4 62½@$5 50; choice, $5 75@$6; choice Extra, $6 25@$6 75; choice Family, $7@$7 75. Corn-meal—Little or no demand; sales at $2 40. Corn—Supply and demand moderate at 60c.@62c. Oats firmer; St. Louis, 43c.@44c. Hay—The market is bare of choice; prime, $18@$20. Pork nominally $23@$23 50. Dry-salted Meats—Only jobbing trade; Shoulders quoted at 8⅞c.@9⅛c.; Clear Rib Sides, 12½c.; Clear Sides, 13c. Bacon very dull; Shoulders, 9⅝c.; Clear Rib Sides, 13c.; Clear Sides, 13¼c. Sugar-cured Hams dull; good supply; Large, 13½c.; Medium, 14c.; Small, 14¼c.@14¾c. Lard—Good supply; job sales of tierce Refined at 14¼c.@14½c.; Keg, 14¾c.@15c.; Bucket, 15c. Whisky—Louisiana Rectified—Job sales at $1 10@$1 11; Western, $1 12. Exchange—New-York Sight, ⅛ premium; Sterling, 551½@552, Bank; Gold, 113½.

ST. LOUIS, April 19.—Flour—Medium grades of Fall Extras in good demand and firm; others dull and weak; Extra Fall, $4 25@$4 65; Double Extra do., $4 75@$5 25; Treble Extra do., $5 25@$5 75. Wheat inactive and lower for inspected; sample lots steady and in good demand; No. 2 Red Fall, $1 48 bid, cash; sales at $1 47½, April; No. 3 Red Fall, $1 35. Corn inactive; No. 2 Mixed, 48½c.@49c., cash; 48¾c., April; 47½c.@47¼c., May; at the close April sold at 48c. Oats inactive, No. 2, 36½c. asked. Rye quiet; unchanged. Barley dull; unchanged. Whisky steady at $1 08. Pork dull at $22 75. Lard dull; nominally 13⅜c.@13½c. Bulk Meats easier; Shoulders, 8¼c.; Clear Rib and Clear Sides, 11¾c. and 12c. Bacon easier; Shoulders, 9¼c.; Clear Rib and Clear Sides, 12¾c. and 13c. Live Hogs steady; unchanged. Cattle weak, dull, and lower to sell; little disposition to buy; only a local trade. Receipts—2,200 bbls. Flour, 16,000 bushels Wheat, 80,000 bushels Corn, 5,000 bushels Oats, 1,000 bushels Rye, 1,500 bushels Barley, 2,500 head Hogs, 1,400 head Cattle.

CINCINNATI, April 19.—Flour steady and firm. Wheat steady, with a fair demand at $1 20@$1 30. Corn moderately active and higher; sales at 56c.@60c., cash; 55c., April; 51c.@52c., May. Oats quiet but firm at 37c.@43c. Rye steady at 74c.@76c. Barley unsettled and lower; No. 2 Spring, $1 03@$1 06. Pork nominally unchanged. Lard dull and lower; Steam-rendered held at 13¼c., spot; sales at 13⅞c., buyer July; Kettle do., 13¼c.@14c. Bulk Meats easier; Shoulders, 8½c., cash; 9¼c., buyer June; 9¼c., buyer July; Clear Rib Sides, 11¾c., cash; 12¼c., buyer July; Clear Sides nominally 12c. Bacon dull and drooping; Shoulders, 9½c.; Clear Rib Sides, 12⅝c.; Clear Sides, 12⅞c.@13c. Live Hogs quiet but steady; common to good Light, $6 50@$7 75; fair to medium Heavy, $7 80@$8; a few Extra Butchers', $8 10@$8 20; receipts, 2,275 head; shipments, 1,266 head. Whisky—Demand good and upward tendency at $1 07. Butter steady and unchanged. Freights unchanged.

TOLEDO, April 19.—Flour quiet. Wheat easier; No. 1 White Michigan, $1 29½; No. 2 do., $1 19; Amber Michigan, spot and May, $1 27; June, $1 29; No. 2 Amber Michigan, $1 08; No. 2 Red Winter, $1 30½; No. 3 Red, $1 14; Rejected Lake Shore Red, 88c. Corn weak; High Mixed, 54¾c.; May, 52½c.; June, 51c.; July, 52c.; Low Mixed, 53c.; Kansas, 54½c.; no grade, 52c.; damaged, 49½c. Oats easier; No. 1, 41¾c.; No. 2, 37¼c.; White, 41½c.; Michigan, 37½c.; Rejected, 34c.; Clover-seed, $9 80. Receipts—800 bbls. Flour, 3,000 bushels Wheat, 26,000 bushels Corn, 3,000 bushels Oats. Shipments—400 bbls. Flour, 22,000 bushels Wheat, 46,000 bushels Corn, 15,000 bushels Oats.

BUFFALO, N. Y., April 19.—Receipts—Flour, 4,600 bbls.; Wheat, 22,500 bushels; Corn, 33,000 bushels; Oats, 11,000 bushels; Barley, 3,800 bushels. Shipments—Flour, 4,600 bbls.; Wheat, 22,500 bushels; Corn, 30,000 bushels; Oats, 11,000 bushels; Barley, 3,800 bushels. Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat dull; holders firm; no important sales. Corn quiet and firm; sales, 15 cars new at 59c.@60c., on track. Oats scarce and asked for sparingly; no sales. Rye inactive. Barley inactive. Seeds dull and unchanged. Pork dull at $23 for Heavy Mess. Lard dull at 14c. Highwines nominally $1 10 for City made.

OSWEGO, April 19.—Flour in moderate demand; prices unchanged; sales, 1,600 bbls. Wheat in light demand; No. 1 Milwaukee Club held at $1 35; No. 1 White Michigan, $1 45; extra do., $1 55, in round lots. Corn quiet; old Western Mixed, 67c. Barley dull; sales, 3,000 bushels No. 1 Canada at $1 01¾. Oats quiet; sales, 3,000 bushels State, on private terms. Corn-meal, $26 bolted; $25, unbolted, ⅌ ton. Mill-feed—Shorts, $17; Shipstuffs, $18; Middlings, $20@$21 ⅌ ton. Railroad Freights—Flour to Boston, 50c.; to New-York, 40c.; to Albany, 30c.

THE COTTON MARKETS.

NEW-ORLEANS, April 19.—Cotton steady; Middling, 12¼c.; Low Middling, 11½c.; Good Ordinary, 10¼c.; net receipts, 1,475 bales; gross, 1,511 bales; exports, to France, 2,026 bales; coastwise, 1,789 bales; sales, 2,500 bales; stock, 221,716 bales; sales last evening, 100 bales.

MOBILE, April 19.—Cotton steady; Middling, 12¼c.; Low Middling, 11¼c.; Good Ordinary, 10¼c.; net receipts, 173 bales; gross, 173 bales; exports coastwise, 36 bales; sales, 800 bales; stock, 38,476 bales.

GALVESTON, April 19.—Cotton quiet; Middling, 12¾c.; Low Middling, 11¾c.; Good Ordinary, 10⅝c.; net receipts, 588 bales; gross, 588 bales; exports coastwise, 224 bales; sales, 733 bales; stock, 33,857 bales.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

LONDON, April 19—12:30 P. M.—United States bonds, 10-40s, 106; new 5s, 104¾.

1:30 P. M.—It is the general opinion of the Stock Exchange that the bank rate will be lowered at the meeting to-morrow. The rate of discount for three months' bills in the open market is 1⅞ ⅌ cent., which is 1⅛ ⅌ cent. below the Bank of England rate.

3 P. M.—Consols, 94⅞ for both money and the account. Erie Railway shares, 14½.

3:15 P. M.—The amount of bullion gone into the Bank of England on balance to-day is £215,000. Consols, 94 15-16 for both money and the account.

FRANKFORT, April 19.—United States bonds, new 5s, 101¼.

BERLIN, April 19.—The weekly statement of the Imperial Bank of Germany shows an increase of 11,859,000 marks.

PARIS, April 19.—Exchange on London, 25f. 24c. for short sight. Rentes, 66f. 87½c.

LIVERPOOL, April 19—12:30 P. M.—Cotton—The market is quiet and steady; Middling Uplands, 6⅜d.; Middling Orleans, 6⅝d.; sales, 8,000 bales, including 1,000 bales for speculation and export; receipts, 58,000 bales, of which 48,000 are American. Futures quiet and steady; sales of Middling Uplands, Low Middling clause, May and June delivery, at 6 11-32d.; do., do., June and July delivery, at 6 7-16d.; do., do., July and August delivery, at 6½d.

1:30 P. M.—Provisions—Bacon, 53s. 6d. ⅌ cwt. for Long Clear Middles.

2:30 P. M.—Provisions—Bacon—Short Clear steady at 53s. 6d. Beef—Extra India Mess steady at 117s. Lard—Prime Western dull at 58s. Cheese—American choice dull at 62s. Produce—Tallow—Prime City firmer at 41s. 6d.

3:15 P. M.—Cotton—Of the sales to-day 4,700 bales were American.

5:30 P. M.—Cotton—Futures firm; sales of Middling Uplands, Low Middling clause, May and June delivery, at 6⅜d.; do., do., June and July delivery, at 6 15-32d.; do., do., July and August delivery, at 6 17-32d.

LONDON, April 19—2:30 P. M.—Produce—Turpentine—Spirits steady at 23s. 6d. ⅌ cwt.

5:30 P. M.—Produce—Refined Petroleum, 10¾d. ⅌ gallon. Common Resin, 4s. 9d.@5s.

Evening—Linseed Cake, £10 10s. ⅌ ton. Spirits of Turpentine, 22s. 9d.@23s. ⅌ cwt.

ANTWERP, April 19.—Petroleum, 29½f. for fine pale American.

THE REAL ESTATE MARKET.

The following business was transacted at the Exchange yesterday, (Wednesday,) April 19:

V. K. Stevenson, Jr., by order of the Supreme Court, in foreclosure, J. P. O'Neill, Esq., Referee, sold in one parcel two five-story brown-stone-front tenement-houses, 72 feet deep, with lots each 25 by 98.9, situate on West Thirtieth street, north side, 100 feet east of Eighth avenue, for $40,252, the purchaser being Max Denziger, the plaintiff in the legal action.

James M. Miller, by order of the Superior Court, in foreclosure, Joseph Meeks, Esq., Referee, sold a five-story brick tenement-house, with lot 24.6 by 78, located on First avenue, west side, 75.5 feet north of Fifty-seventh street, for $16,990, to John N. A. Griswold, a party in interest in the legal proceedings. The same auctioneer, under a similar court decree, same Referee, also sold a four-story and basement brown-stone-front house, with lot 17.7 by 100.8, on East Eighty-eighth street, south side, 204.11 feet west of Third avenue, for $7,500, to G. N. & N. A. Williams, defendants in the legal action.

A. H. Muller & Son, under a Supreme Court foreclosure decree, A. H. Purdy, Esq., Referee, disposed of three lots, each 25 by 93.11, Nos. 363, 365, and 367 East Ninth street, south side, 183 feet west of Avenue C, for $2,600 apiece, to A. Bayles, plaintiff in the foreclosure suit. The last lot was knocked down for $3,175, but the purchaser failed to comply with the terms of the sale.

R. V. Harnett, under a court decree similar to the above, R. M. Henry, Esq., Referee, disposed of a four-story brick store and tenement, with lot 19.7 by 78, on Second avenue, east side, 59.2 feet south of Thirty-seventh street, for $10,340, the buyer being Henry Faubell, plaintiff in the foreclosure proceedings. This property rents at the rate of $1,500 per annum.

William Kennelly, by order of the Supreme Court, in foreclosure, R. F. Farrell, Esq., Referee, sold a three-story and basement brown-stone-front house, with lot 20.10 by 74.1, on West Thirty-fourth street, north side, 41.8 feet east of Tenth avenue, for $8,000, to William D. Murphy, plaintiff.

E. A. Lawrence & Co., also under a Supreme Court foreclosure decree, E. D. Gale, Esq., Referee, sold a tract of land, containing fourteen City lots, located on Washington Heights, 740.6 feet west of the King's Bridge road, adjoining lands of L. Chittenden and William M. Tweed, for $14,500, to Thomas Messenger, plaintiff in the legal action.

A. J. Bleecker, Son & Co., also under a court decree similar to the above, W. W. Ladd, Esq., Referee, sold two lots, together in size 50.11 by 75, on Sixth avenue, (as widened,) east side, 50 feet north of One Hundred and Sixteenth street, for $7,700, to N. H. Tappan, plaintiff in the foreclosure action, and two lots, each 25 by 100, on West One Hundred and Sixteenth street, north side, 75 feet east of Sixth avenue, for $2,400 each, to the same buyer.

Hugh N. Camp, by order of the Supreme Court, in foreclosure, G. F. Miller, Esq., Referee, sold in one parcel four lots, each 25 by 102.2, on East Seventy-third street, north side, 100 feet east of Avenue A, for $5,000, to H. M. Smith & Son.

The remaining auctions announced for to-day were disposed of as follows: Sale by Peter F. Meyer, of buildings and plot on West Forty-seventh street, east of Eighth avenue, adjourned to the 26th inst. Sale by William Kennelly, of a house and lot on West Thirty-fourth street, east of Tenth avenue, adjourned to same date. Sale by V. K. Stevenson, Jr., of a plot of land, bounded by Helen street, Morrisania avenue, Ella and Lewis streets, Morrisania, Twenty-third Ward, adjourned to same date. Sale by George H. Scott, of a house and lot on West Seventeenth street, east of Ninth avenue, adjourned to May 3. Sale by Messrs. Bleecker, Son & Co., of the house and lot No. 155 Zabriskie street, Jersey City, adjourned to May 3. Sale by R. V. Harnett, of one lot on West One Hundred and Thirtieth street, east of Sixth avenue, adjourned sine die, and sale by E. A. Lawrence & Co., of a large plot of land on East Eighty-fourth street, east of Avenue B, no announcement as to disposition made.

TO-DAY'S AUCTIONS.

For to-day the following sales are announced, all but the last named taking place at the Exchange:

By E. H. Ludlow & Co., Surrogate Court sale, under the direction of the Executors of Robert H. Pearson, deceased, of the five-story and basement brown-stone-front store, with lease of lot 28.4 by 114.6, No. 29 Barclay street, north side, 50 feet west of Church street, Columbia College lease, dated May 1, 1874, term 21 years, with two renewals, ground rent $1,793 per annum and taxes; also the five-story and basement marble-front store, with lease of lot 25 by 75, No. 45 Warren street, south side, 150 feet west of Church street, Trinity Church lease from May 1, 1873, term twenty-one years, with two renewals, ground rent $1,500 per year and taxes. Also Supreme Court foreclosure sale, C. H. Hildreth, Esq., Referee, of one lot, 25 by 100, on Morrisania avenue, north-west corner of Mott street, Morrisania, Twenty-third Ward. Also similar sale, same Referee, of a plot of land, 100 by 150, on Washington avenue, 100 feet south of Fletcher street, Fordham, Twenty-fourth Ward.

By A. H. Muller & Son, Assignee's sale, in bankruptcy, of one five-story brick factory, with two lots, each 25 by 100, on Rivington street, south-west corner of Attorney street.

By E. A. Lawrence & Co., Supreme Court foreclosure sale, J. P. O'Neil, Esq., Referee, of a house, with lot 25 by 102.2, on East Seventy-fourth street, north side, 125 feet west of Third avenue.

By William Kennelly, Supreme Court foreclosure sale, William Sinclair, Esq., Referee, of a house, with lot 24.10 by 69.3 by 25 by 63.3, on Water street, east side, part of the Romaine estate.

By Hugh N. Camp, Supreme Court foreclosure sale, G. P. Hawes, Esq., Referee, of a plot of land, 77.2 by 100.11, on East One Hundred and Eighteenth street, south side, 275 feet west of Third avenue.

By R. V. Harnett, Supreme Court Receiver's sale, R. S. Rosenthal, Esq., Receiver, of the five-story and basement brick building, (front,) and brick building, (rear,) with lot 28.8 by 105 by 31.10 by 104.11, No. 7 Frankfort street, south side, between William and Nassau streets.

By V. K. Stevenson, Jr., Supreme Court foreclosure sale, J. J. Freedman, Esq., Referee, of a plot of four lots, 50 by 204.4, on East Seventy-sixth street, north side, extending through to Seventy-seventh street, 45 feet east of Madison avenue.

By M. A. J. Lynch, public auction sale of the three-story and basement brown-stone-front house, with lot 22 by 100.5, No. 120 East Forty-sixth street, near Lexington avenue.

By D. M. Seaman, Supreme Court foreclosure sale, William Sinclair, Esq., Referee, of two houses, with lots each 22 by 86.6, on Market street, east side, 22.3 feet south of Henry street.

By ——, auctioneer, mortgagee's sale, under the direction of Aaron Burnett, Esq., of a tract of land, 217.4 by 520 by 201.7 by 455.10, on the King's Bridge road, west side, adjoining the Institution for the Blind.

By A. D. Mellick, Jr., & Brother, on the premises, at 2:30 P. M., Executors' sale, to close the estate of David Anderson, deceased, of a very desirable mansion house and outbuildings, with three acres of land, on the banks of the Passaic River, New-Jersey.

EXCHANGE SALES—WEDNESDAY, APRIL 19.

NEW-YORK.

By V. K. Stevenson Jr.	
2 five-story brown-stone-front tenement-houses and lots, on West 30th st., n. s., 100 ft. e. of 8th av., lots each 25x98.9, houses each 72 ft. deep, sold in one parcel	$40,252
By James M. Miller.	
1 five-story brick tenement-house and lot, on 1st av., w. s., 75 ft. n. of 57th st.; lot 24.6x78	$16,990
1 four-story and basement brown-stone-front house and lot on East 88th st., s. s., 204.11 ft. w. of 3d av., house 17.7x100.8	7,500
By A. H. Muller & Son.	
3 lots, Nos. 363, 365, and 367, East 9th st., s. s., 183 ft. w. of Avenue C, each 25x93.11; $2,600 each	$7,800
By Richard V. Harnett.	
1 four-story brick store, tenement, and lot, 2d av., e. s., 59.2 ft. s. of 37th st., lot 19.7x78	$10,340
By William Kennelly.	
1 three-story and basement brown-stone-front house and lot, West 34th st., n. s., 40.8 ft. e. of 10th av., lot 20.10x74.1	$8,000
By E. A. Lawrence & Co.	
1 plot, Washington Heights, 745.6 ft. w. of King's Bridge road, adjoining lands of L. Chittenden and William M. Tweed, containing 14 city lots, size 112 53-100x317 82-100x115 43-100x343.11	$14,500
By A. J. Bleecker, Son & Co.	
1 plot, 6th av., (as widened,) e. s., 50 ft. n. of 116th st., 50.11x75	$7,700
2 lots, West 116th st., n. s., 75 ft. e. of 6th av., each 25x100; $2,400 each	4,800
By Hugh N. Camp.	
4 lots, East 73d st., n. s., 100 ft. w. of Avenue A, each 25x102.2, sold in one parcel	$5,000

RECORDED REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

NEW-YORK.

Tuesday, April 18.

129th st., s. s., 135 ft. w. of 3d av., 25x99.11; Annie E. Brown to William Guilfoyle	$10,000
3d av., w. s., 48 ft. s. of 4th st., 24x80; John Beaden to Mary Kohl	17,675
West st., n. e. corner Clarkson st., 75x186x irregular, ⅓ part of; Maria Brush, Executrix, to John H. Staine	33,333
West st., n. e. corner Clarkson st., 75x186x irregular, ⅓ part of; Charles A. Brush and wife to John H. Staine	33,333
West st., n. e. corner Clarkson st., 75x186x irregular, ⅓ part of; Henry Mort Brush to same	33,333
3d av., w. s. 48 ft. s. of 40th st., 24x80; Mary Kohl and husband to John Beaden	100
Avenue A, w. s., 25 ft. s. of 8th st., 50x94; De Witt C. Ginnell to Eliza Repper	nom.
Avenue A, w. s., same property; Eliza Repper to Frederick W. Repper	9,000
78th st., s. s., 255 ft. e. of 3d av., 25x10..2½; Charlotte Seebald and husband to George W. Chamberlain	nom.
57th st., s. s., 101 ft. w. of Madison av., 19x100.5; Samuel Schiffer and wife to Ferdinand Forsch	65,000
Stanton st., n. s., 25 ft. w. of Goerck st., 24.5x75; Carl L. Vath, Executor, to Louis Vath	13,000
52d st., n. s., 305 ft. e. of 9th av., 20x105.5; Francis Cook and wife to Martha Ruck	9,000
Rose st., n. s., to New Chambers st., 27.6x93x irregular; Stephen H. Gaines to Phebe Metford	....
33d st., s. s. 475 ft. w. of 9th av., 26.5x98.9; Charles G. Havens to James McDonald	6,000
127th st., n. e. corner of Madison av., 60x99.11; Edward V. Loew and wife to Alfred H. Timpson	20,000
72d st., s. s., 217.1 ft. e. of 3d av., 17.10x102.2; Patrick O'Connor to Seymour & Haight	14,500
72d st., s. s., 235 ft. e. of 3d av., 17.11x102.2; same to same	14,500
Tiebout av., w. s., 100 ft. n. of Clark st., 25x250x irregular, 24th Ward; Philippa Saunders to Lenoria Hughes	8,000
53d st., s. s., 245 ft. e. of 7th av., 20x93.6; Jos. Seligsberg and wife to James H. Seymour and wife	20,100
Madison av., n. e. corner 127th st., 60x99.11; Nathaniel Terveny and wife to Edward V. Loew	20,000
John st., s. e. corner Gold st., 20.3x42.1; Josiah H. De Witt and wife to De Witt Wire Cloth Company	21,000
1st av., s. w. corner 25th st., 24.10½x75; John H. Egbert and wife to Michael Hays	10,000
62d st., n. s., 118 ft. e. of 2d av., 16x100.5; also, 92d st., s. s., 150 ft. w. of Boulevard, 28.5x75.5¼x irregular; Louis Feldman to Jos. Lindow	nom.
62d st., n. s., 175 ft. e. of 10th av., 25x100.5; Martha Ruck and husband to Francis Cook	21,000
3d av., s. e. corner of 102d st., 50.5x110; also, 102d st., s. s., 60 ft. e. of 3d av., 150x100.11; William A. Cauldwell and others, Executors, to William A. Cauldwell	nom.
3d av., s. e. corner of 102d st., 50.5x110; also, 102d st., s. s., 160 ft. e. of 3d av., 150x100.11; Caroline C. Bishop and husband to William A. Cauldwell	nom.
3d av., e. s., 50.5 ft. s. of 102d st., 50.6x100; also, 102d st., 110 ft. e. of 3d av., 50x100.11; William A. Cauldwell and others, Executors, to Caroline C. Bishop	nom.
3d av., e. s., 50.5 ft. s. of 102d st., 50.6x110; also, 102d st., s. s., 110 ft. e. of 3d av., 50x100.11; William A. Cauldwell and wife to Caroline C. Bishop	nom.
87th st., n. s., 325 ft. e. of 10th av., 75x100.8½; also, 87th st., n. s., 250 ft. w. of 9th av., 75x100.8½; also, 87th st., n. s., 100 ft. w. of 9th av., 75x100.8½; also, 9th av., n. w. corner of 87th st., 75.8½x100; William A. Cauldwell, Executor, to William A. Cauldwell	nom.
87th st., n. s., 325 ft. e. of 10th av., 75x100.8½; also, 87th st., n. s., 250 ft. w. of 9th av., 75x100.8½; also, 87th st., n. s., 100 ft. w. of 9th av., 75x100.8½; also, 9th av. n. w. corner of 87th st., 75.8½x100; Caroline C. Bishop and husband to William A. Cauldwell	nom.
87th st., n. s., 325 ft. w. of 9th av., 75x100.8½; also, 87th st., n. s., 175 ft. w. of 9th av., 75x100.8½; also, 9th av., w. s., 75.8½ ft. n. of 87th st., 50x100; William A. Cauldwell and others, Executors, to Caroline C. Bishop	nom.
87th st., n. s., 125 ft. w. of 9th av., 75x100.8½; also, 87th st., n. s., 175 ft. w. of 9th av., 75x100.8½; also, 9th av., w. s., 75.8½ ft. n. of 87th st., 50x100; same to same	nom.
84th st., s. s., 395 ft. w. of 8th av., 25x102.2; Caroline C. Bishop to William A. Cauldwell	nom.
84th st., same property; Caroline C. Bishop and husband to William A. Cauldwell	nom.
Pearl st., n. s., No. 77; also Stone st., No. 44; William A. Cauldwell and others, Executors, to Caroline C. Bishop	nom.
Pearl st., n. s., No. 77, same property; William A. Cauldwell and others, Executors, to Caroline C. Bishop	nom.
58th st., s. s., 375 ft. w. of 9th av., 25x100.5; same to William A. Cauldwell	nom.
58th st., s. s., same property; Caroline C. Bishop and husband to same	nom.
58th st., s. s., 400 ft. w. of 9th av., 25x100.5; William A. Cauldwell and others, Executors, to same	nom.
58th st., s. s., same property; Caroline C. Bishop and husband to same	nom.
147th st., n. s., 125 ft. w. of 10th av., 75x99.11; also, 10th av., w. s., 50 ft. n. of 147th st., 49.11x100; William A. Cauldwell and others, Executors, to William A. Cauldwell	nom.
147th st., n. s., 125 ft. w. of 10th av., 75x99.11; also, 10th av., w. s., 50 ft. n. of 147th st., 49.11x100; Caroline C. Bishop and husband to William A. Cauldwell	nom.
10th av., n. w. corner 147th st., 50x100; also, 147th st., n. s., 100 ft. w. of 10th av., 20x99.11; William Cauldwell and others, Executors, to Caroline C. Bishop	nom.
10th av., n. w. corner 147th st., 50x100; also, 147th st., 100 ft. w. of 10th av., 25x99.11; William A. Cauldwell and others to same	nom.
St. Nicholas av., n. w. corner 146th st., 25x125; William A. Cauldwell and others, Executors, to William A. Cauldwell	nom.
St. Nicholas av., n. w. corner 146th st., 125x100; same to same	nom.
St. Nicholas av., same property; Caroline C. Bishop and husband to William A. Cauldwell	nom.
St. Nicholas Av., s. w. corner 147th st., 74.11x100; William A. Cauldwell and others, Executors, to Caroline C. Bishop	nom.
147th st., s. w. corner St. Nicholas av., 25x99.11; William A. Cauldwell and wife to same	nom.
136th st., n. s., 475 ft. w. of 6th av., 25x99.11; William A. Cauldwell and others, Executors, to William A. Cauldwell	nom.

LEASES RECORDED.

Broadway, No. 130, 21 years; William C. Rhinelander to William H. Hume and others	$6,400
East 125th st., No. 70, 3 years; William B. Asten and others to John Edwards	2,500
Henry st., No. 169, 3 years; Mary Keenan to Henry W. Erich	1,000

CITY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—A LARGE, FIRST-CLASS HOUSE, four-story and basement, furnished or unfurnished, with all the modern conveniences, Nos. 36 and 38 East 39th st., between Madison and Park avs.; house 38.6 feet front; lot, 55 feet by half the block. Apply to THOMAS MURPHY, No. 31 Broad st.

THE ELEGANT FULL-SIZE FOUR-STORY brown-stone house No. 20 West 21st st., for sale low; well built and arranged, and of extra depth. Also, No. 16 East 29th st., three-story brick house, 25 feet wide, in good order; lot, 98.9. Also, a first-class house of extra width, with stable adjoining, on Murray Hill, close to 5th av. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine st.

TO LARGE STEAM-SHIP COMPANIES, MANUFACTURERS, &c.—For sale or lease, in bulk or in parcels, a plot of about seventy-five lots, near 45th st., with a water front of 400 feet on the North River, and running to the bulk-head line. All riparian rights secured and paid for; undisputable titles from the State and City of New-York. HOMER MORGAN & CO., No. 2 Pine st.

TO LEASE—TEN VERY DESIRABLE LOTS N West 23d st. and 11th av.; six do. on West 24th st. and 11th av., making the entire avenue front, between 23d and 24th sts.; side lots on the streets; are fitted up with racks and offices, well suited for the lumber business; would be let together or divided.
Apply at No. 420 West 23d st.

NO. 35 WEST 38TH ST., NEAR 5TH AV., on Murray Hill, medium-sized, five-story, well-built and arranged French-basement dwelling, for sale low, with or without the exquisite furniture.
Permits at No. 4 Pine or No. 33 East 17th st.
V. K. STEVENSON, JR.

FOR SALE—TWO BEAUTIFUL HIGH-STOOP brown-stone houses, with all modern improvements; one on 86th st., and the other on 87th st., just west of Avenue A; location delightful; five minutes from boat and handy to two car lines; taken for debt, and will be sold at a great bargain and for little money.
WAKEMAN & LATTING, No. 93 Nassau st., New-York.

RIVER FRONT FOR SALE OR LEASE—As a whole or in parcels, for five or more years, a plot of about seventy-five lots, below 50th st., with 400 feet of river front on the North River: all riparian rights: large factory, engine and boilers, &c. HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine st.

$30,000 WILL BUY A FIRST-CLASS four-story high-stoop brown-stone house, 20x60x98.9, located on 39th st., between Park and Lexington avs. For full particulars apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine st.

$22,000 FOR A SPLENDID FOUR-STORY brown-stone house, between Broadway and 5th av., below the Park. J. W. STEVENS, Broadway and 52d st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—THE ELEGANT HARD-wood-finished house No. 24 East 69th st., between Madison and 5th avs.; four-story, high stoop, brown stone, 25x65x102. HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine st.

THREE-STORY HIGH-STOOP BROWN-STONE houses, 82d st., near 3d av.; all improvements; rent, $720. J. C. WILSON, No. 1,457 3d av., or owner, No. 126 East 16th st.

FOR SALE—IN 49TH ST., NEAR 5TH AV., AN ELEGANT full size brown-stone house and lot, with porte-cochere to stable on the rear, less than $40,000. E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—THE FOUR-STORY brown-stone house No. 14 West 50th st., one of the best locations in the City. Apply at No. 7 West 50th st.

BROOKLYN REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—BUILDINGS SUITABLE FOR MANUFACTORIES, in Brooklyn, convenient to Hamilton and South Ferries and to the water front, for sale on liberal terms to close an estate.
Apply to C. KELSEY, No. 162 Columbia st., Brooklyn, or to B. A. HEGEMAN, Executor, No. 26 Exchange place, New-York.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE.—ELEGANT COUNTRY SEAT ON the easterly bank of the Hudson at Rhinebeck, in the immediate vicinity of the country seats of several New-York gentlemen; considered to be one of the finest places on the river; eighty-five acres of highly cultivated land; large brick mansion, coach-house, farmer's, coachman's, and gardener's cottages and other outbuildings; beautiful river and mountain views; proverbially healthy and neighborhood unexceptionable; will be sold for half what it cost. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine st.

SARATOGA RESIDENCE FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.—A nearly new and elegant house, with a large lot, on Franklin square, near the United States Hotel, furnished or unfurnished, and admirably adapted for a large family; will be sold cheap for cash or exchanged for house or productive property in New-York or Brooklyn. Address or apply to OWNER, Room No. 191, Westminster Hotel, New-York, for ten days, between hours of 10 and 2.

FOR SALE.—AT NEW-HACKENSACK, DUTCHESS County, N. Y., in the neighborhood of John Roach's farms, Morgan L. Mott, and James A. Seward; a nice place of four acres; high ground; buildings, fruit, and water. For particulars inquire of M. Vananden, New-Hamburg, or of Susan B. Ackerman on the premises. Also, ninety-five acres, cheap, without buildings, three and one-half miles south-east of Poughkeepsie.
NEW-HACKENSACK, April 18, 1876. E. BRUNDIGE.

AT WESTFIELD, N. J.—FIFTY-FIVE MINUTES from New-York, a desirable house; lot 75x200 feet; barn, hennery, small fruit, and splendid water; location, first class, near good schools and churches; for sale; price, $7,500, easy terms, or to lease, $600. Apply to OWNER, on premises, or to
C. F. CONANT,
No. 350 Washington st., New-York.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—FURNISHED OR unfurnished, at Plainfield, a beautiful country residence, handsome house, with thirteen large rooms, hard-wood floors, all modern improvements, large stable, conservatory, pear-orchard, other fruits, three acres of lawn, large shade-trees, flagged walks, hedges; ten minutes from depot, forty passenger trains daily. Address C., Post Office Box No. 1,466 New-York.

FOR SALE OR RENT—A LARGE HANDSOME house and grounds near railroad depot, at Flanders, Morris County, N. J., arranged with all modern conveniences; suitable for a genteel private residence or boarding-house; terms easy to a reliable party. Address D. A. NICHOLAS, Box No. 10 Post Office, Flanders, Morris County, N. J.

THE MOST DESIRABLE AND EXTENSIVE residence, situated in the very heart of New-Haven, for sale or exchange on exceedingly favorable terms and price; one and one-half acres of ground, fine barn, hennery, gardener's house, graperies, &c. Address P. R. C., owner, Astor House, New-York.

TO LET AT RAVENSWOOD, LONG ISLAND—Three houses, eight to thirteen rooms; ample grounds: twelve minutes by horse cars from ferries; will be rented low to desirable tenants. Apply to J. H. HOPKINS, Ravenswood, or at Globe Life Insurance Company, No. 347 Broadway.

ORANGE, N. J.—FOR SALE OR TO LET, FURnished or unfurnished, beautiful villas and villa sites at Eagle Rock; stages daily on arrival of 1:10 P. M. train from New-York. Auction sale May 9.
A. J. COMPTON, No. 41 Pine st.

ORANGE, N. J.—COUNTRY HOUSES, LANDS, and village lots for sale, a great variety. Also, furnished and unfurnished houses to let for season or year, by WALTER E. SMITH, formerly Blackwell & Smith, Orange, corner of Main and Cone sts.

CHEAPEST GRASS FARM IN WESTCHESTER COUNTY—Eighty acres; only five miles from City limits; great sacrifice to prompt buyer. OWNER, No. 162 Broadway, Room No. 15.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF A VALUABLE FARM AT NEW-HAMBURG,
On the Hudson River,
Owned and formerly occupied by G. W. McLanahan, to be sold at auction on
WEDNESDAY, April 26,
at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, New-York.

The farm is located one and one-half miles north of railroad station, and consists of 160 acres of land in a high state of improvement, having been used by the owner as a dairy farm, principally for butter produced from a herd of Alderney cows. The improvements consist of extensive barns, sheds, yards, and all outbuildings suitable for such an establishment, engine-room, engine for working the churns, &c., good dwelling for farmer, dairy-room, with spring water, fine garden, grape, green, and forcing houses. The dwelling used by the owner is 82x30 feet, has furnace, range, water, bath, and water closets; large stable and coach-house, lawn, &c. This property is located near the country-seats of Mr. James Donaldson, Mr. Banks, Messrs. Sheafe, Grinnell, Dr. Banta, and other fine places, and has an extensive view of the River and Valley of the Hudson from the Catskill to the West Point Mountains.

Maps and particulars at office of
ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON.
No. 7 Pine st.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

ABSOLUTE SALE, BY ORDER OF THE SURROGATE COURT, UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE EXECUTORS OF ROBERT H. PEARSON, OF LEASEHOLD PROPERTY ON BARCLAY AND WARREN STS.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on THURSDAY, April 20, 1876, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway:

BARCLAY STREET, No. 29.—The five-story brown-stone-front store and lot 28x114.6 feet, leased from Columbia College, twenty-one years from May 1, 1874, with two renewals; ground rent $1,793 per annum and taxes.

WARREN STREET, No. 45.—The five-story marble-front store and lot 25x75 feet, leased from Trinity Church, twenty-one years from May 1, 1873, with two renewals; ground rent $1,500 per annum and taxes.

Terms of sale, cash.

JONATHAN EDWARDS, } Executors of
CLEMENT J. DESPARD, } Robert H. Pearson.

RICHARD V. HARNETT, Auctioneer,
WILL SELL AT AUCTION ON
THURSDAY, APRIL 20,
at 12 o'clock, at Exchange Sales-room, 111 Broadway,
BY ORDER OF THE SUPREME COURT,
under direction of Richard S. Rosenthal, Esq., Receiver.

FRANKFORT ST.—The valuable plot of land and buildings situate on south side of Frankfort st., between Printing House square and William st., and known as No. 7 Frankfort st.; size of lot, 28.8 feet front and 31 feet rear in width, and 105 feet in depth.
SALE ABSOLUTE.
Maps, &c., at Auctioneer's office, No. 111 Broadway, basement.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

THIRTY-SEVEN VALUABLE LOTS ON MADISON AND 2D AVS., AVENUE A, 71ST AND 72D STS., VIZ:

MADISON AVENUE.—Eight full-sized lots, east side Madison av., between 55th and 56th sts.; ready for improvement.

SECOND AVENUE.—Five lots north-east corner of 72d st.

SEVENTY-SECOND STREET.—Seven lots, between 2d and 3d avs.

AVENUE A.—Four lots south-east corner of 71st st.

SEVENTY-FIRST STREET.—Eleven lots, between 1st and 3d avs.

SECOND AVENUE.—Two lots, east side, near 71st st.

To be sold at auction on
THURSDAY, APRIL 27,
at 12 o'clock,
at the Exchange Salesroom,
No. 111 Broadway.
Sixty per cent. may remain on bond and mortgage.
ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON,
Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALE.

M. A. J. LYNCH & Son, No. 106 Broadway, corner Pine st., M. A. J. LYNCH, Auctioneer, will sell on THURSDAY, April 20 1876, at 12 o'clock noon, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, the handsome three-story high-stoop brown-stone house, No. 120 East 46th st., near Lexington av.; all the modern improvements; sixty per cent. can remain on bond and mortgage for a term of years. Permits and particulars at the office of the auctioneer.

THIS DAY AT PLAINFIELD, N. J., 3 P. M.—A. J. BLEECKER & SON will sell twelve beautiful lots on 7th st., east of Mrs. Spooner's, by order of Executors.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

A SMALL PRIVATE FAMILY WANT TO rent a three-story house between 42d and 8th sts. and 5th and 8th avs.; rent must be low. Address JONES, Box No. 5,680, New-York Post Office.

DWELLINGS TO LET.

TO RENT—FULLY FURNISHED, FOR THE SEASON or by the year, situated on Rye Neck, on the Sound, about fifty minutes' ride via New-Haven Railroad, a large private residence, containing twenty-two rooms, including bath-room, furnace, hot-house, abundance of drinking and rain water; excellent garden, in good order, with plenty of fruit; commodious stables and outbuildings; at a low price to satisfactory parties. Apply to the Executors of Samuel L. Mitchill, No. 30 Broadway, New-York.

CHEAPEST RENTS IN NEW-YORK.—123D st., between 6th and 7th avs., five new elegant four-story brown-stone-front houses; every improvement; gas fixtures of the latest patterns; will be rented to desirable parties at $800 per year, and two years lease if desired; only five minutes' walk from depot, and ten minutes from 42d st. Can be seen at all hours of the day.
Particulars at office,
PORTER & CO.,
No. 2,328 3d av., New-York.

WEST 45TH ST., 300 FEET FROM 5TH AV.—First-class four-story high-stoop brown-stone dwelling, 20x55, and bay window; lot 100 feet; to let, unfurnished or furnished, low, or for sale.
Offices No. 4 Pine st., or No. 33 East 17th st.
V. K. STEVENSON, JR.

TO LET—THE MANSION ON BARRETTO'S POINT, Twenty-fourth Ward, cheap for a term of years to a good tenant; contains twenty-one rooms; suitable for a Summer boarding-house or private dwelling; high ground and perfectly healthy; very fine water views and the best facilities for bathing and boating. Apply to A. C. STEWART, No. 87 Franklin st.

LONG BRANCH.—ON THE BLUFF, SOUTH OF the West End Hotel, new elegant house and stable to rent; house contains nine bedrooms, parlor, dining-room, kitchen, with range, laundry, stationary tubs, bath-room, &c.; all new and attractive furniture; full particulars and plans of the house at our office. F. G. & C. S. BROWN, Broadway, corner Wall st.

TO RENT, FURNISHED, AT LAKE MAHOPAC—The Kaufman's mansion and grounds; the house contains fourteen rooms, and has all modern improvements, stable, carriage-house, &c.; six acres of land; situated on the lake shore, between the hotels. HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine st.

TO LET—COTTAGE HOUSE OF SEVEN ROOMS on Dey st., Jersey City, three minutes to station at Marion; fare to New-York, seven cents; time, twenty minutes; Passaic water; immediate possession. Inquire at depot, or of A. W. FRY, Mayor's Office, City Hall, Jersey City.

TO LET—THE THREE-STORY BRICK DWELLING-house, No. 125 Waverley place; has all improvements; Call from 12 to 5 P. M. Also, the entire dwelling part of No. 76 6th av., corner Waverley place, with the photograph gallery. Keys at McMANUS'S, fashionable tailor, No. 129 Waverley place.

AT IRVINGTON, ON THE HUDSON.—TO let, modern dwelling, twelve rooms, with stable, chicken-house, &c.; an acre of land; near to depot and steam-boat landing. Inquire of EDMUND COFFIN, No. 77 Cedar st., New-York, or WILLIAM WALKER, Irvington, N. Y.

TO LET—AN ELEGANT MANSION, FURNISHED; one and a half hours from City, on west side of the Hudson River, to a private family only, but would be willing to board with the party, if desirable arrangements could be made. Address or call before 1 P. M., at No. 132 West 23d st.

BETWEEN RIVERDALE AND YONKERS, on the banks of the Hudson, one of the most desirable residences, handsomely furnished, with ten acres, will be leased for two or three years at low rent to good tenant. Apply to WILLIAM N. CLARK, No. 170 William st.

EASTMINSTER APARTMENT HOUSE—Nos. 228 and 230 East 50th st.—Seven rooms (all light,) private hall to each room; servants' stairs; trunk room, Janitor; steam heated; tiled main hall; rents $55 to $70 per month. Apply to A. B. OGDEN, 9 to 10 A. M. on the premises.

$600.—DESIRABLE RESIDENCE ON Fordham Heights; near depot and Jerome Park; three acres; abundance of fruit and shade; unexceptionable location. OWNER, No. 162 Broadway, Room No. 15.

TO RENT—COUNTRY HOME FOR SEASON OR year, two and a half miles from Elizabeth; horse cars to City; house, eleven rooms, pleasantly situated; high ground, lawn, shade, and fruit; rent low. WM. R. WARD, Waverley, N. J.; Newark Post Office.

TO LET—FIRST-CLASS UNFURNISHED HOUSES, between Madison and 7th avs., on every street from 42d to 59th; rents from $1,500 to $4,000. For permits, and full particulars, apply to B. W. WILLIAMS, No. 837 6th av.

TO LET, FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED.—Large mansion, fourteen rooms; stable, &c.; five acres of old fruit and shade trees; on Southern Railroad of Long Island, within thirty-five minutes of New-York City Hall. A. RAPELYE, 113 William st.

NINTH WARD.—TO LET, LOWER PARTS OF houses No. 163 Charles st. and No. 774 Greenwich st.; in excellent order; modern improvements; good yards; moderate rent. RUFUS KING, owner, No. 67 7th av.

A FULLY FURNISHED, FULL SIZE, HIGH-stoop, brown-stone dwelling, convenient to Union square; rent only $2,400; 18th st.
V. K. STEVENSON, Jr.,
No 33 East 17th st., or No. 4 Pine st.

TO LET OR LEASE—NO. 18 EAST 40TH ST., between 5th and Madison avs.—This extra and superb house, of extraordinary width and size, 30x72, brown stone, four stories and basement. JOSIAH JEX, No. 1,235 Broadway.

TO LET, AT MORRISTOWN, N. J.—A DESIRABLE two-story and French roof furnished house; location the best; water, gas, &c.; to a good party the rent would be low. Apply to RANDOLPH BROS., Room No. 35, No. 111 Broadway.

COUNTRY SEAT TO LET—THOROUGHLY furnished; Passaic River, forty-five minutes from New-York; garden, fruits, lawns; fine view; complete order; low rent; three-quarters of a mile from depot. J. FISHER SATTERTHWAITE, No. 10 Pine st.

BARGAIN.—LARGE FOUR-STORY BROWN-stone house, 35th st., near 5th av., $2,500, unfurnished; Park av., $2,200; 38th st., near 5th av., $2,500; elegantly furnished house near 5th av. POULEY & GOODING, No. 1,299 Broadway.

TO LET—FOR ONE OR MORE YEARS, THE COTtage and grounds of Philip Schuyler, Esq., situated on the Hudson River, midway between Dobbs' Ferry and Irvington; house completely furnished. JOHN F. DOYLE, No. 37 Wall st.

TO RENT, AT CRESSKILL, N. J., NEAR depot, good house, eight rooms, stable, three acres; rent, $17 per month. Inquire at Relief Fire, No. 149 Broadway.

TO LET—HANDSOME TWO-STORY HIGH BASEment houses; ten rooms; modern improvements; freshly painted; rent, $360; twenty minutes from ferry. Apply on premises, No. 71½ Yates av., Brooklyn.

A FIRST-CLASS FURNISHED HOUSE TO let in Flushing, Long Island; all improvements; low rent. Apply to Mr. PITNEY, No. 460 3d av., New-York.

HAIGHT HOUSE, NO. 2 EAST 15TH ST.—Apartments to let, the most desirable in the house, completely furnished. For terms, address W. H., Post Office Box No. 4,098.

TO LET.—CALL AND SEE THE BEAUTIFUL parlor flat at No. 64 Clinton place; eight rooms and all improvements. Parties can do their own cooking or take their meals at the Brevoort House.

TO LET—AT FORT WASHINGTON, A HANDSOME brick residence, stable, and two acres of ground; fine river views; two minutes from depot. Apply to LESPINASSE & FRIEDMAN, No. 3 Pine st.

A SMALL HOUSE AND ELEGANTLY-furnished flat to let; furniture for sale very low. Apply for furnished or unfurnished houses to A. DAILEY, No. 666 6th av.

TO LET, UNFURNISHED—A THREE-STORY high-stoop brown-stone house; in perfect order, all improvements; near elevated railroad station; rent low. OWNER, No. 332 West 31st st.

AT MORRISTOWN, MADISON, AND SUMMIT—Furnished and unfurnished residences and cottages to let. J. HENRY JOHNSON & CO., Morristown, N. J.

FRENCH FLATS TO LET—NEARLY OPPOSITE Madison square on East 23d st., three very desirable flats, eight rooms in each; every modern convenience. HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine st.

TO LET.

French flats; all modern improvements, and all light rooms. T. M. EDGAR, No. 369 West 19th st.

TO LET CHEAP—SECOND AND THIRD FLOORS of dwelling No. 85 Morton st., near Hudson; eight rooms. Inquire on the premises.

NO. 9 WASHINGTON PLACE, NEAR BROADWAY—Three-story brick, basement and attic, 25x55, besides laundry. Apply on the premises.

TO LET—NO. 607 5TH AV. APPLY TO W. P. SEYMOUR, No. 171 Broadway, or E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine st.

TO LET—FOUR-STORY HIGH-STOOP HOUSE, NO. 250 West 14th st.; rent taken in board. Inquire as above.

TO LET.—FIRST FLOOR NO. 190 WEST HOUSton st.; inquire in the corner.

DWELLINGS TO LET.

TO LET—HOUSE NO. 93 3D AV.; RENT, $1,600.
House No. 122 East 10th st.; rent, $1,500.
House No. 324 East 13th st.; rent, $1,200.
House No. 14 West 13th st.; rent, $1,200.
House No. 100 East 30th st.; rent, $1,200.
House No. 235 East 31st st.; rent, $1,500.
House No. 262 Monroe st.; rent, $500.
House No. 112 Bank st., (with stable,) $1,200.
For permits apply to H. MERRITT, No. 53 3d av.

FOR RENT—$2,500; FIVE ELEGANT FOUR-story brown-stone residences; portico fronts; cabinet trim on three stories; 71 feet deep; five superb mirrors on parlor floor; butler's pantry and dining-room on same.
$1,200—Three four-story high-stoop brown-stone houses, ash and black-walnut trim on two floors.
KINGMAN F. PAGE,
No. 21 East 60th st., and Nos. 17 and 19 Warren st.

STORES, &C., TO LET.

OFFICES
TO LET
IN THE
DREXEL BUILDING,
Broad and Wall sts.

RENTS MODERATE.

OFFICES TO LET,
WITH ALL THE MODERN IMPROVEMENTS,
SPLENDID LIGHT AND VENTILATION,
SUITABLE FOR
Banks, Bankers, Brokers, Merchants, Lawyers, Railway, Insurance, and other Companies,
IN BUILDINGS
No. 4 WALL ST.,
Nos. 38, 39, 40, 42, 57, 64, 66, 69, 71, 73, 75, AND 80 BROADWAY,
Nos. 5, 7, 17, 19, 34, 38, 49, 53 NEW ST.,
Nos. 17, 19, 21, AND 38 BROAD ST.,
Nos. 55 AND 57 EXCHANGE PLACE,
ALL NEAR WALL ST.
APPLY AT THE OFFICE OF
EDWARD MATTHEWS,
No. 71 BROADWAY.

OFFICES TO LET
IN THE
TIMES BUILDING.
ON THE SECOND AND THIRD FLOORS.
These rooms are desirably located, are well lighted, in good order, and will be partitioned to suit tenants.
Apply to
GEORGE JONES,
Times Office.

TO LET OR LEASE,
THE OFFICES
Now Occupied by the
NEW-YORK GUARANTY AND INDEMNITY CO.,
NO. 52 BROADWAY,
EXTENDING THROUGH TO NEW ST.
WELL SUITED FOR A
LARGE CORPORATION,
Having very capacious Burglar and Fire-proof Safes.
ALSO, OTHER DESIRABLE OFFICES IN SAME BUILDING.
APPLY ON THE PREMISES.

TO LET OR LEASE—IN THE FOUR-STORY brick stores No. 16 Cliff and No. 241 Pearl sts.; the first floor and cellar of No. 16 Cliff st. and first and second floors of No. 241 Pearl st., equal to two floors each 28 by 198 feet. Apply to GEORGE G. SAMPSON, No. 67 William st.

TO LET—THE TWO LARGE WELL-LIGHTED floors, (third and fourth,) with steam power, in buildings Nos. 543 and 545 West 21st st., 50x60 feet. Possession May 1. THORNTON M. RODMAN, Real Estate Agent, No. 696 Broadway, corner 4th st.

TO LEASE—NO. 718 BROADWAY, STORE ABOUT 25x100, with basement and sub-cellar; also, third and fourth lofts, about 50x100; can be leased together or separately on favorable terms. Apply to HORACE S. ELY, No. 22 Pine st.

TO LET—THE WELL-KNOWN FURNITURE sales-room and warehouse, No. 3 Leroy place, (Bleecker st., near Broadway,) is offered on favorable terms. Apply to HORACE S. ELY, No. 22 Pine st.

TO LEASE—NO. 706 BROADWAY, STORE AND basement, about 25x130; well lighted, and in good order; can be rented at a low price, with immediate possession. Apply to HORACE S. ELY, No. 22 Pine st.

TO LEASE.—THE FOUR SPACIOUS AND ELEgant lofts No. 550 Broadway, (formerly Tiffany's,) size about 37x100. For terms and particulars apply to HORACE S. ELY, No. 22 Pine st.

FIFTH AV., NO. 164—BASEMENT STORE, 80 FEET deep, with cellar; front basement hall-room, suitable as an office for telegrapher, flowers, or stationery; three large floors, furnished or unfurnished.

AN ELEGANT SECOND-FLOOR STORE ON 5th av., near 23d st., to rent; suitable for millinery, tailoring, or fancy goods business. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine st.

A PROMINENT CORNER STORE TO LET—No. 30 Vesey st., corner Church st., 25x75; reasonable rent to a good tenant. Apply at No. 30 Vesey st., Room No. 6.

TO LET—THE FIRST LOFT OF STORE NO. 43 Jay st.; has a splendid office; rent, $30 per month. Inquire of JOHN H. WELSH, No. 271 Greenwich st.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

AT A SURROGATE'S COURT, HELD IN the County of New-York, at the Surrogate's office, in the City of New-York, on the tenth day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six.—Present, Hon. Charles P. Daly, Surrogate.—In the matter of the application of GEORGE ROTHMANN, the Executor, and LOUISE SEGER, the Executrix, of NICHOLAS SEGER, deceased, for authority to sell a part of the real estate of said deceased for the payment of his debts.—On reading and filing the application of George Rothmann, the Executor, and Louise Seger, the Executrix, of Nicholas Seger, deceased, aforesaid, for authority to sell a part of the real estate of the said deceased for the payment of his debts; Ordered, That all persons interested in the estate of the said Nicholas Seger, deceased, appear before the Surrogate of the County of New-York, at his office in the Court-house in said City, on the twenty-fourth day of May next, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, then and there to show cause why authority should not be given to the said George Rothmann and Louise Seger to sell so much of the real estate of the said deceased as shall be necessary to pay his debts. CHAS. P. DALY, Surrogate.
ap13-1aw6wTh*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against MARIA BARBARA KAPFF, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at the office of Ashbel P. Fitch, Nos. 93 and 95 Nassau street, in the City of New-York, on or before the thirty-first day of August next.—Dated New-York, the 5th day of January 1876.
SIXT. LUDWIG KAPFF, }
SIXT. CARL KAPFF, } Executors.
CHARLES SCHEDLER, }
ja8-1aw6mTh*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF S. D. VAN Schaick, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JOHN DICKINSON, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of business, at the office of J. H. & S. Riker, No. 150 Nassau street, in the City of New-York, on or before the second day of October next.—Dated, New-York, the 27th day of March, 1876.
CHARLES DICKINSON,
of Waterbury, Connecticut,
CHARLES DICKINSON, of New-York, Executors.
mh30-1aw6mTh

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF S. D. VAN SCHAICK, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against EMMA VICTORIA KIDDER, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of business, No. 106 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on or before the fourth day of September next.—Dated New-York, the second day of March, 1876.
E. H. MOERAN, Executor.
S. R. TREDDOER, Proctor for Executor.
mh2-1aw6mTh

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against WILLIAM TUCKER, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at their office, No. 68 Bank street, in the City of New-York, on or before the twenty-fourth day of May next.—Dated New-York, the seventeenth day of November, 1875.
HENRY TUCKER, }
JACOB C. BOGERT, } Executors.
STEPHEN H. V. MOORE, }
n18-1aw6mTh*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF S. D. Van Schaick, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the estate of JOHN SHRADY, deceased, late of the City of New-York, to present the same with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his residence, No. 2,031 Third avenue, in the City of New-York, on or before the sixteenth day of October next.—Dated New-York, the 5th day of April, 1876.
JOHN SHRADY, M. D.,
Administrator.
ap6-1aw6mTh*

MARBLE MANTELS.

GRATES AND FENDERS.—THE LARGEST ASsortment of grates and fenders ever offered in this market, finished in every style, low and half low down; grates with dumping attachment a specialty; a large variety of gas-logs, fancy nickel-plated andirons, &c.; liberal discount to the trade. CONOVER, WOOLLEY & CO., No. 368 Canal st., New-York.

MANTELS—MARBLE, SLATE, AND HARD wood; unique designs, iron cresting, fence, stable fixtures, grates, weather-vanes, &c.
W. D. & A. S. NICHOLS, No. 73 Hudson st., N. Y.

STORAGE.

PORTINGTON'S STORAGE WAREROOMS No. 542 Hudson st.—Storage in separate rooms at lowest rates; being also in the furniture business, I am able to take storage lower than those that make a specialty of it. CHARLES H. BOHDE, Proprietor.

FURNITURE TAKEN ON STORAGE IN the lofts of No. 18 4th av. Apply on the premises to W. L. CONKLIN & SON.

The New York Times.

NEW-YORK, THURSDAY, APRIL 20, 1876.

AMUSEMENTS THIS EVENING.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.—TWINS—Mr. Lester Wallack, Mr. John Gilbert, Mr. W. R. Floyd, Miss Ada Dyas, Miss Effie Germon.

BOOTH'S THEATRE.—HENRY V.—Mr. George Rignold, Mr. C. B. Bishop.

UNION SQUARE THEATRE.—FERREOL—Mr. C. R. Thorne, Jr., Mr. J. H. Stoddart, Miss Kate Claxton. Matinée—MARRIED LIFE—LONG STRIKE, &c—Mr. Stuart Robson.

FIFTH AVENUE THEATRE.—PIQUE—Mr. Charles Fisher, Mr. D. H. Harkins, Miss Fanny Davenport.

PARK THEATRE.—BRASS—Miss Rose Wood, Miss Lesle, Mr. George F. Rowe, Mr. Lewis Morrison.

LYCEUM THEATRE.—OPERA—COMEDY—BURLESQUE.—Mr. Sidney Smith, Miss Ida Foy.

STEINWAY HALL.—At 2 P. M.—THEODORE THOMAS' SYMPHONY CONCERT. Evening—GRAND CONCERT—Mr. F. Bergner, Mr. S. B. Mills, Mr. F. Remmertz, and New-York Quartet.

THE HIPPODROME.—PROMENADE CONCERT AND RECEPTION of the Twelfth Regiment.

BROOKLYN THEATRE.—DUNDREARY MARRIED AND SETTLED—Mr. E. A. Sothern.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—At 2 P. M.—CINDERELLA, (Grand Fairy Spectacle,) by 250 children.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.—HUMPTY DUMPTY—(Pantomime).—Mr. Robert Fraser.

EAGLE THEATRE.—SONGS, DANCES, DRAMA, FARCE.

SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS.—BURLESQUE, SONGS, and NEGRO COMICALITIES—Birch, Wambold, Backus.

WOOD'S MUSEUM.—DRAMATIC PERFORMANCE—CURIOSITIES—Afternoon and evening.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN.—ANNUAL EXHIBITION OF PAINTINGS.

SCHAUS ART GALLERY.—"PENELOPE," Cabanel's new picture.

PARISIAN VARIETIES.—VAUDEVILLE AND NOVELTY ENTERTAINMENT.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

A POLITICAL, LITERARY, AND MISCELLANEOUS NEWSPAPER.

CAMPAIGN EDITION.

During the ensuing Presidential Canvass, we shall publish a SPECIAL WEEKLY EDITION for the convenience of those who desire the latest and most trustworthy political intelligence.

Having made ample arrangements for securing the earliest and fullest reports of meetings, conventions, and other occurrences of political interest, we shall, during the Presidential Canvass, publish the most detailed and accurate information regarding the progress of the campaign to be found in any New-York paper. We shall aim at giving a fair and impartial account of the movements of current politics without respect to the partisan or personal interests which may be involved.

In addition to a comprehensive summary of political events, subscribers to our Campaign Edition will obtain a complete review of the general news from all parts of the World, rearranged and specially prepared for this edition.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES is a Republican newspaper, and will, during the ensuing canvass, steadfastly maintain the established principles of that Party. It will support the regular nominees of the Cincinnati Convention, and do its share in securing their triumphant election in November. Regarding the success of the Republican Party as an object of the very highest importance, all its influence will be thrown on the side of that policy of fidelity to national pledges, of rigid and discriminating economy in the public service, and of thorough administrative reform, to which the party stands committed. While perfectly ready to recognize the existence of abuses which have crept into our system of party management, and of administrative faults which have been allowed to develop through a prolonged period of power, THE TIMES will steadfastly oppose all attempts to reform the party by splitting it into a number of jarring factions, and thereby insuring a period of Democratic supremacy. It would be false to its history and its traditions were it to cease to have confidence in the honest zeal for public virtue which animates the great body of Republican voters. The movement in favor of reform in all the departments of our public service dates its origin from the assaults of THE TIMES upon the corruption of the Tammany Ring, which, begun and carried on amid the most discouraging circumstances, were finally crowned with brilliant success. In all its struggles in the cause of judicial, legislative, and administrative reform, THE TIMES has steadily maintained that the voice of the people only needed a fair chance of making itself heard to pronounce, with emphasis, on the side of honest and pure government. There has been no time during the last ten years at which that position could be more confidently held than at present. No artificial obstacles can interfere with the ultimate supremacy of those elevated principles which animate the great majority of the membership of the Republican Party, and THE TIMES will regard it as an inevitable result of existing political forces that the Cincinnati nominee should be a man earnestly and honestly identified with all the noblest characteristics and most progressive tendencies of his party. THE TIMES will look to the National Republican Convention as the only body either authorized or qualified to declare the candidates and the platform of the Republican Party.

TERMS.

The CAMPAIGN EDITION of THE NEW-YORK TIMES will be furnished to mail subscribers for the six months beginning with the first week in May for the sum of FIFTY CENTS. All copies sent to the same Post Office to be mailed to one address.

Mr. BRISTOW is evidently coming to the front rank as a Presidential candidate. According to our Washington correspondent, "paid detectives are on his track, watching his comings and goings," and persons who have gained undesirable prominence in connection with the whisky trials and the safe burglary business are industriously spying into the obscure corners of his history, with the benevolent intention of proving him to have some affinity with themselves. Mr. BRISTOW has, so far, been fortunate enough not only to afford prompt and conclusive disproof of the charges made against him, but he has also been able to supply the antidote to slanderous imputations before the Democrats, who were carefully nursing them, had time to give them to the world. The industrious accusers of the Secretary of the Treasury are doing a substantial service to the Republican Party. At their present rate of progress, they will have at least one likely candidate who has passed safely through the fire of investigation, ready for presentation to the Cincinnati Convention. This is better than the policy of "filing and indexing" scandals for investigation after the Republican nomination, which is said to be in favor with certain Democrats, and we trust that when his political opponents seem disposed to let a Republican candidate alone, rivals in his own party will take care that his "record" is duly sifted.

We wish that Mr. BLAINE would imitate Mr. BRISTOW's promptitude and frankness in disposing of the charges which are so industriously circulated in regard to him. One of these charges has been but half answered, and shows a tendency to stick. It is that for which Mr. HARRISON, a Government Director of the Union Pacific Railroad, is responsible, and about which the whole story has, it is alleged, not been told. Mr. HARRISON is ready to go before a Congressional committee with his statement, and it is to be hoped that in some way or other his entire accusation will be got out and fairly met by Mr. BLAINE. The singular zeal which JAY GOULD's *Tribune* has recently displayed on behalf of Mr. BLAINE is hardly calculated to improve the chances of a candidate whose name is connected with dubious transactions in relation to the affairs of the Union Pacific Railroad.

We did United States District Attorney BLISS an unintentional injustice yesterday by confounding him with his namesake, Assistant District Attorney BLISS, of St. Louis. Our Mr. BLISS recognizes the fact that any interference on his part with the course of the whisky prosecutions might have deserved the name of "officious intermeddling," but, as he pertinently reminds us that the consultation of the other Mr. BLISS with AVERY was very proper and entirely in the line of his official duty. Mr. BLISS also assures us that the charges against Mr. SHERMAN's course at St. Louis were "voluntarily withdrawn" and their erroneous character admitted by District Attorney DYER. At a time when mean-spirited critics are twitting Mr. BLISS with his congratulations to BABCOCK on "the triumph of justice over political and personal persecution, a malignant press, and popular clamor," we regret the inopportuneness of our unguarded laceration of his feelings. We trust that the public will remember that, however high a regard our able and indefatigable District Attorney may have had or may still have for Gen. BABCOCK, he was never tempted to go to St. Louis to protect him against "persecution."

The silver-dollar project is to be called up in the Senate to-day. In his speech of the 10th inst. on the silver question, Senator SHERMAN fell into the serious error of stating, as a proposition in finance, "that wherever silver is used in modern nations, the limit of legal tender is carefully preserved as the only way of preventing the depreciation and exportation of one or the other of the coins." This is a fatal misapprehension. To limit the amount for which a certain coin may be tendered is not to diminish but to increase the risk of its depreciation. The fate of the trade dollar in California is a forcible illustration of this truth. The practice of France, Holland, Switzerland, and the other nations which still nominally maintain silver as a standard, is to limit the number of coins, and not the amount for which they are a tender. It is precisely because the proposed silver dollars fill no vacancy in the currency and are not subjected to any limitation of the number to be issued that they can have no effect whatever on the circulating medium, unless they inflate and further depreciate it. The limit of the legal tender of silver coins in France applies solely to the overvalued token money. Five-franc pieces are an unlimited tender, but they have not depreciated, for the simple reason that the Government has refused to coin them beyond a moderate amount in each year. Considered as a piece of bullion, the five-franc piece is worth to-day only four francs and forty centimes, but it is maintained at the value of five francs in gold by the refusal of the Government to receive silver for coinage at the mint.

The singular blunder of mistaking the restriction on the tender of the token coinage of France as applying to the silver coin in general accounts for the otherwise inexplicable reliance which the Senate's Finance Committee seem to place on the potency of making silver dollars a tender to the number of only twenty in a single payment. It seems to be thought that if the dollars are a tender only to that amount no harm can come of them, but the whole secret of the business consists in not coining more money than is needed, the correspondence in value of the currency with gold being the sole criterion by which to judge how much is wanted. According to that measure all the legal-tender dollars in circulation in the Atlantic States are now depreciated about twelve per cent., and to add to the number of them, whether the addition be of greenbacks, bank notes, or of silver, must add to the depreciation, other things being supposed to remain the same.

It would seem as if the New-York Assembly was fated to bring into disrepute whichever political party should have the controlling power in it. The present body began the session with excellent intentions, but got half through it with very meagre performances. During the latter part of the session they have been swayed hither and thither by the most diverse influences. During the last few days there was reason to hope that the majority had at length emancipated itself from the influence of corrupt cliques and disreputable political bargains. Yesterday this hope was dashed again by a move on the part of five Republican members which is openly characterized at Albany as a manifest and shameless "sell-out" to the highest bidder. We adverted, with some severity, to the measures which were resorted to in the first instance to delay the passage of the Brooklyn Charter bill, but the vote of last night by which its final defeat was virtually accomplished deserves still more vigorous denunciation. The five Republican recreants, headed by Mr. GALLAGHER, of Erie, who voted with the Democrats against the bill, may or may not have received what they would regard as a proper consideration for their support. The price ought to have been a tempting one which induced them to commit political suicide and incur lasting ignominy.

Our Albany correspondent is driven to the conclusion that all prospect of decent legislation from the present Assembly is at an end. We trust that this opinion will be found to be somewhat hasty. The passage of the Civil Justices bill shows that there is still an honest and resolute majority ready to disregard personal or party considerations where the public interests are clearly involved. A little extra watchfulness on the part of the press and the public may be required to keep our legislators up to their duty, and a steadier attendance on the sessions of the House by all reputable representatives is certainly needed to defeat the jobs which are ready at any moment to be sprung upon that body. With a close political contest before us, which will be waged with constant appeals on both sides to the party services in the cause of reform and political purity, it would, to say the least, be very disheartening to have to apologize at every turn for the shortcomings of a Republican Legislature.

A judgment for $389,224 66 has just been given against the City in the suit of JOHN H. STARIN, Jr. STARIN is the Assignee of one WILLIAM MCKEAG, who brought a bill for legal services as attorney to the Board of Excise from 1857 to 1871 for a somewhat larger amount than the sum allowed. The services are said to have been of a purely clerical character and largely fictitious, and the claim was held back for years, waiting a favorable opportunity for presentation. When at length, some two years ago, it was brought before Controller GREEN, payment being refused, it was put into suit and referred to DELANO C. CALVIN. The decision in the case, by which the City is to be mulcted in this enormous sum, was rendered by Mr. CALVIN just before assuming the duties of Surrogate, to which office he has recently been appointed. The decision may perhaps be regarded as the crowning achievement of Mr. CALVIN's private professional career. It is, at any rate, a striking commentary on the pernicious practice of sending cases of this character to Referees, and a forcible argument in favor of the bill now before the Legislature which purposes to abolish the practice.

We have much pleasure in publishing the following telegram received yesterday from that gracious potentate Herr POPPENHUSEN:

> It may interest your readers whom you have lately given so much information about the POPPENHUSEN family that another POPPENHUSEN made his appearance in this world this morning; mother and boy are well. H. C. POPPENHUSEN.

We congratulate Herr POPPENHUSEN on the additional security which has thus been vouchsafed to him of a long and prosperous dynasty. We trust that there are no rebellious subjects in the principality of Poppenhusen-Schwerin who will be tempted to make unseasonable inquiries as to whether the line is to stretch till the crack of doom. They may be permitted to hope that the head of the illustrious house will signalize the christening cermonial of the little stranger by restoring some of those vanished trains from Flushing.

A MODEL DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM.

The Indiana Democratic Convention yesterday omitted to nominate Mr. HOLMAN for Governor, and also neglected to indorse Mr. LANDERS. A prophet can notoriously never be elected from his own district, and the conspicuous manner in which Messrs. HOLMAN and LANDERS have been setting themselves up as Democratic "leaders" in Congress is not relished by the Hendricks politicians who run the party at home. Accordingly they have been unmercifully snubbed. They had the convention apparently in their own hands, and, on the first ballot, divided nearly evenly between them all but a fraction of the votes. But the managers refused to let either one pluck the nomination that hung so near, and a nobody named WILLIAMS was finally placed at the head of the ticket. The convention, having gone thus far in the direction of cutting loose from the Inflationists, became suddenly bewildered and stopped. Its platform gives evidence that it would like to stand well with the faction which HOLMAN and LANDERS champion, and would also like to present the claims of its favorite, Mr. HENDRICKS, as plausibly as possible to the East, which detests the HOLMAN-LANDERS faction. Under the influence of these contrary impulses, the convention has produced a platform which is a marvel of confusion and evasion, though the strong, actual bias toward the inflation heresies is obvious.

The platform starts out with a general assertion of "fidelity to the honest payment of the public debt," and "to the preservation of the public faith." It illustrates what its fidelity to the honest payment of the public debt is worth by denouncing what it calls the great "contraction of the currency," which, so far as the Government is responsible for it, consists in the "honest payment" of some fourteen millions of the hitherto irredeemable legal-tender Government notes. It also illustrates the value of its fidelity to the "preservation of the public faith" by proposing the repudiation of the pledge given by the Government to resume specie payments in 1879.

The convention declares that the Democrats of Indiana "believe in their ancient doctrine that gold and silver are the true and safe basis for the currency, and they are in favor of measures and policies that will produce uniformity in value in the coin and paper money of the country." As a means of restoring the currency to a coin basis, the convention recommends the "adoption of measures looking to the gradual retirement of the circulation of the national banks, and the substitution therefor of circulating notes issued by authority of the Government," and it "opposes the contraction of the volume of our paper currency." How long it would take us to get our currency on a coin basis by doubling the Government notes and refusing to make any provision for their payment, is something which no "fellow" but an Indiana Democrat could be expected to find out.

There is a charming frankness in the assertion by the convention that "the legal-tender notes constitute a safe currency, and one especially valuable to the debtor classes because of its legal-tender quality." There could be no admission plainer than this of the motive of the Inflationists in demanding more paper money. It is that they, being debtors, may discharge their indebtedness in a currency worth less than that in which the debts were contracted. But in order that the greenbacks should be a "safe currency" for this purpose, and one "especially valuable to the debtor classes," it is necessary that they should be constantly increased in volume, and that this increase should cause a constant advance in prices. This is the consideration which compels the class who oppose contraction to favor actual inflation sooner or later. The paper is of little use to them unless it is issued in sufficiently large quantities to enhance prices, and to enable them to pay with a bushel of wheat a debt which, a short time before, it would have required more than a bushel to pay. But the Inflationists forget that all the teaching of the last few years is that "inflation will no longer inflate," and that, if the country were to be covered with new issues of paper money, they would only increase the distrust that now prevails, and so add to, instead of lessening, the depression which exists.

The most obvious and the most discouraging feature about the Democratic platform is its downright hypocrisy. It pretends adhesion to certain sound principles, while proposing measures which must render the application of those principles utterly impossible. It is intended as a bid for popularity by Mr. HENDRICKS, but it cannot succeed. Either on one side or the other it must fall. If it persuades the friends of specie payments that Mr. HENDRICKS is with them, it will alarm the Inflationists. If, on the other hand, as is much more likely, it affords proof to the Inflationists that Mr. HENDRICKS is in sympathy with them, it will disgust the hard-money men. But, with the hopeless difference of opinion which prevails in the Democratic Party, no other than a "facing-both-ways" policy is possible. It is significant, however, that the hard-money men receive only glittering generalities, while to the Inflationists is conceded the explicit indorsement of the measures which they especially desire. No doubt this very fairly reflects the course which Mr. HENDRICKS himself would adopt if by any miracle he were elected President of the United States.

A CASE OF CONSCIENCE.

One of the smaller culprits brought to light when Secretary BRISTOW broke up the Missouri Whisky Ring, was one C. B. WILKINSON, a Revenue Collector for the Western District of Missouri. He was editor of a newspaper published at St. Joseph, presumably a superserviceable friend of that variety of political interest known as "the Administration." WILKINSON had been appointed to office soon after Gen. GRANT's second term began, and was indicted for malfeasance in office last Summer. His stamp account was $13,000 short, and he was also charged with having approved the fraudulent accounts of one BITTINGER, United States Gauger for the Western District, and partner of WILKINSON in the publication of his newspaper. In the midst of the panic which the explosion of the Ring created, the editorial official fled. He came to New-York, and, after a few days of anxiety, he made his way to Canada, thence to England and France, and finally, as if longing for a hiding-place in the uttermost parts of the earth, he took ship for Australia, where he fancied himself forever buried. Even there he was found by other victims of BRISTOW's thunderbolts. From these he learned some of the details of the trial of JOYCE, and by them he was told that "the thing was up," and that BABCOCK's supposed share in the plot was finally made public.

WILKINSON seems to have been pursued by some strange and nameless horror. In Australia, he says, his chief anxiety was to get hold of an American newspaper and read all the news about the whisky trials. He was a stranger in a strange land, unknowing and unknown; he spent all his time in pursuit of news from his own country—advertisements being better than nothing; but the reports of the Whisky Ring trials were to him horribly fascinating. Last February, unable to endure his exile any longer, he made his way secretly to San Francisco, and thus nearly circumnavigated the globe in his efforts to get away from his own tormenting conscience. In San Francisco, living alone and under an assumed name, he tried to fight against the fate which followed him. "For eight months," he says, "I have led an aimless and a wandering life. To one who for fifteen years worked steadily in a newspaper office from 4 o'clock in the afternoon until 10 at night, this idleness was unbearable." He says that the force of habit was strong upon him, and he wrote for the press for the sake of deluding himself that he was at work. He went every day to the Pacific Railroad terminus, and, hidden in the throng, saw the familiar faces of old acquaintances come and go without recognizing him. This miserable man says that his torment of conscience was unendurable, and his *ennui*, while he was simply a fugitive from justice, wore him out and threatened to drive him demented.

Finally, he was arrested in San Francisco, the detectives having found him about the time when his partner, BITTINGER, withdrew his plea of "not guilty," and entered a new plea of "guilty." He said that he had made up his mind to go home and deliver himself to the courts before he was arrested. Looking the whole case over, he was surprised to find that he had only dreaded a shadow after all. He said, "All they can do is to crucify this poor old body, which is not very serviceable, anyway." He seemed to think that it was not worth while to submit to exile, expatriation, and loneliness for the sake of freedom. Imprisonment, or crucifixion, as he hysterically put it, would, after all, be preferable to the wretched life which he had been leading. Therefore, on the whole, he felt relieved that the worst was over, and he went back to Missouri cheerful in the consciousness that he was, at least, no longer a hunted fugitive.

To the average revenue thief this man will seem ridiculously weak and sensitive. Probably most men who steal or defraud make up their minds that the time may possibly come when it will be necessary to seek safety in flight. The reader can recall to mind many men who are at this moment fugitives in foreign lands, or are hiding away somewhere out of the immediate reach of justice. After a fashion, they are enjoying their ill-gotten plunder in exile or in anxious secrecy. One may well wonder if, on the whole, it pays—this sort of guilty gain. Every man who takes these spoils knows that he risks punishment by imprisonment or punishment in exile. Is it worth while? WILKINSON thinks it was not. He might have staid and fought it out, and, when cornered, have urged that he stole for "the party." That is what JOYCE claimed for himself. Or he might have trusted to powerful friends and have thrown himself back on "previous good character," and have promised "a full and satisfactory explanation" when his trial should be over. Or he might have brazened it out somehow. He says he has a good property at home, and "the finest private library in Northern Missouri." He might have lived comfortably in some country where extradition treaties could not reach him. We submit that this man, after all, represented the mass of Americans. He could not afford to banish himself for any such purpose. But he should have thought of all this before. Even if a defrauder is not caught, he does not usually enjoy his booty. "Bread of deceit is sweet to a man; but afterward his mouth shall be filled with gravel."

FOUR KINDS OF MONEY.

At present there are four kinds of money in common use in France, viz.: gold, silver, notes of the Bank of France, and subsidiary silver tokens. These all circulate and freely interchange at their face value, there being neither a premium nor a discount on any one of them. If the currency of France was subjected to no other regulation than that of natural laws, or the "wants of trade," no two of these four kinds of money would have the same value. By adhering to a very simple rule the parity, or equivalence in value, of the four constituent parts of a circulating medium exceeding a thousand million dollars in its aggregate volume is secured without the least friction or annoyance. The expedients by means of which so desirable a state of the currency has been reached in France are well worth the study of the American people.

I. The chief element in the currency of France is gold coin. There are nearly $300,000,000 of it in the vaults of the Bank of France, and probably double that amount in the possession of individual Frenchmen. The existence of so much gold coin in the country is partly the consequence of the habits of the people, who prefer real money to somebody's promise to pay money. The French, indeed, carry caution and distrust to excess, whereas the fault of Englishmen and Americans is too free a use of confidence and credit. Another reason why there is much gold coin in France is the very restricted use made by that people of bank notes of small denominations. The habits of the people and the advantages they enjoy, compared with other nations, for the production of exportable articles, or, in other words, the natural laws of commerce, determine the value of gold for France, and distribute to that people their proportion of the world's stock of the yellow metal.

II. We have seen that the quantity of gold in France is left to the unrestricted operation of the laws of commerce, but that is the only constituent part of the French currency of which this can be said. Passing to the notes of the Bank of France, we find that a few years ago they were at a discount of two or three per cent. By a slow and steady contraction their volume has been reduced from $600,000,000 to less than $500,000,000, and their parity with gold restored without a resumption of specie payments. The instruments by means of which this contraction has been effected are two. The bank has steadily maintained its rate of discount and charge for advances above the corresponding charges of the mass of money-lenders in France. As a consequence its loans have diminished one-half since 1873, its vaults have been replenished by the repayment of former advances, and its credit has improved, though the dividends have diminished with the profits. The bank for a long time has charged four per cent. for discounts, while the open market rate has been in the neighborhood of three, and frequently below that figure, as it is now. The other instrument made use of by the bank is the repayment of the large war loan made to the Government at one per cent. The Governor of the Bank of France in a recent speech volunteered an explanation of the "uninterrupted increase of the cash reserve." That explanation was evidently intended for the home consumption of a people not well versed in political economy. It consisted of the statement that the balance of trade had been favorable to France. Nevertheless, had the bank for the last two years and a half discounted at one per cent., instead of four, the balance of trade would never have filled its vaults, nor would the *balance of payments* (which is the more accurate expression) have continued in favor of France. The Bank of France since 1873 has employed the only means of contracting its circulation which any bank would resort to under a civilized system of finance. It has raised its rate of interest and restricted its loans and the amount of its notes in circulation, and by that means has raised the value of those notes, though inconvertible, to an equality with gold coin.

III. The third constituent part of the French currency is the silver five-franc piece. This is a legal tender for all payments, but its value is maintained at the legal proportion of fifteen and a half ounces of silver to one of gold by a limitation of the silver coinage. For the last ten years the nations using the silver five-franc piece have been restricted by an agreement with each other from coining more than a very moderate amount of silver each year. In this way France has prevented silver coin from falling to a discount, or, what is the same thing, has kept gold coin from rising to a premium when paid for with silver. Thus it happens that although at the present time silver bullion is relatively as cheap in France as it is anywhere else, the silver coin is preserved from depreciation by the refusal of the Government to coin silver beyond the narrow limit fixed by the monetary treaty. Were the French mint thrown open to the unlimited coinage of silver, the "balance of trade" would bring no more gold to the Bank of France.

IV. The fourth element in the currency of France is the token coinage of silver pieces smaller than five francs. Five francs' worth of these tokens contain only 835-900ths of the pure silver in a five-franc piece. They are, therefore, a little more than seven per cent. inferior in bullion value to the five-franc piece. The value of these coins, however, is easily maintained at par in silver, par in gold, and par in notes of the Bank of France, by limiting the quantity issued, and by the Government's receiving them as an unlimited tender in payment of dues to itself.

It thus appears that the four species of currency in France are kept of equal value with each other—first by the caution and moderation exercised by the Bank of France in the issue of its notes, and, secondly, by the restrictions placed by the Government on the coinage of silver. If the people of the United States will discard small bills and acquire the habit of using gold and silver, the same simple expedients which have worked so perfectly in France could be employed with equal success on this side of the Atlantic.

THE COMING GIRL.

Long before the rifle came into general use as a military weapon it was the familiar friend of the Western frontiersman. Its vast superiority to the smooth-bore musket had been conclusively shown, and yet, not only in Europe, but in this country, military men opposed its introduction into the Army. In like manner the breech-loader made its way slowly and against persistent opposition. SHARPE's rifles had proved their efficiency in Kansas years before Solferino was fought, but both the Austrians and the French fought that long and doubtful battle with muzzle-loaders, although it is morally certain that had either of the combatants been armed with breech-loaders the other would have been quickly beaten. The dull prejudice with which soldiers clung first to their muskets and afterward to their muzzle-loaders seems almost inexplicable now; but that civilians can be equally dull in opposing improvements of obvious merit is shown by the fact that the roller-skate has been before the public for many years, and that both America and Europe have until now persistently refused to adopt it.

Curiously enough, the first nation which has seriously considered the propriety of increasing the efficiency of the usual style of girl by mounting her on wheels is the conservative British nation. Within the past Winter the roller-skate has become immensely popular in England, and if we properly interpret the tone of the English press, the time is close at hand when the efficiency of English girls will be at least trebled by the universal adoption of the ingenious device of fitting them with wheels.

The cost of this improvement will be trifling in comparison with the advantages which it will secure. The conversion of the Enfield rifle into a breech-loader cost the British Government an enormous sum, but the nation cheerfully paid the bill. The cost of converting the present pattern of English girl into a four, six, or even eight-wheeled girl would probably be so much less than the price paid for converting fire-arms, that it might be undertaken by the Government without involving the slightest increase in taxation. It is not, however, proposed that the Government shall undertake the matter. It will be the pleasure as well as the duty of every head of a family to mount his or her daughter on wheels, and there will not be the least necessity for any legislation on the subject.

As for the advantages which would be gained by the proposed conversion of young English women they hardly need to be pointed out. The sportsman who hunts partridges with a double-barreled breech-loader is obviously better equipped than he would be were he to arm himself with a bow and arrows. In the pursuit of husbands wheeled girls will possess a similar superiority over unwheeled rivals. The old-fashioned pedestrian girl, who from her window perceives an heir to a title striding along the street, knows how hopeless it would be for her to sally forth with the view of pursuing him on the opposite side of the way and of meeting him accidentally at some convenient crossing. The wheeled girl, however, could practice this strategy with every prospect of success. If she is properly mounted, and her wheels run easily and without much friction, she can attain a rate of speed which will enable her to run down the best pair of unmarried masculine legs in the whole Kingdom. The same capacity for high speed will render it easy for her to avoid portionless younger sons whom she may meet either in the ball-room or on the public promenade. In fact the success of the wheeled girl would furnish a fine illustration of the doctrine of the survival of the fittest. The swiftest girls would capture the most eligible husbands, and the slowest girls would fail to catch even undesirable younger sons. Thus the poorer and the slower classes would gradually become extinct, and in time England would be peopled only by eight-wheeled girls and desirable young men. It must also be noticed that the wheeled girl can always escape from a heavy and necessarily slow duenna, and the increased degree of freedom which wheels will thus insure renders most girls of the period exceedingly anxious to adopt them.

Of course, no one nation can hope to preserve a monopoly of wheeled girls. France and Germany will speedily follow the example of England and will convert their girls upon the six or eight wheel system, and America will inevitably adopt the prevailing fashion. However efficient the pedestrian girl may hitherto have been, she is doomed to become obsolete except among savage nations. Henceforth the girl of civilization will pursue her prey on wheels, and until some cunning inventor can solve the problem of equipping girls with wings our sidewalks will echo with the whir of wheels, and lovely faces will flash by us with nearly the speed and more than the brilliancy of meteors.

CHICAGO'S MUNICIPAL ELECTION.

CHICAGO, April 19.—Almost complete returns from the city election show a sweeping victory for the Republican and Municipal Reform ticket. The following gentlemen were elected: Clinton Briggs over Clarke Lipe, for City Treasurer, by a majority of 5,018; Sutrill over Adams, for City Attorney, by a majority of 4,778; Autz over Hauting, for City Clerk, by a majority of 3,390; Best over Bonfield, for Clerk of the Police Court, by a majority of 6,068. Of the above, Briggs is the only name on the Democratic ticket. Hoyne had no opponent for Mayor. His vote was about thirty-two thousand. Few of the new Common Council are elected from what is commonly known as the "bummer crowd."

ALBANY.

THE BROOKLYN CHARTER DEFEATED

SUSPICIONS OF CORRUPT BARGAINS—SERIOUS STATEMENTS CURRENT ABOUT CERTAIN MEMBERS—THE BILL REGARDING THE DEPOSIT AND DISBURSEMENT OF MONEYS IN NEW-YORK CITY.

From Our Own Correspondent.

ALBANY, Wednesday, April 19, 1876.

Every bill now awaiting passage by this Legislature, and which aims at cutting down expenses, reducing expenditures, or purifying the public service, had its chances of becoming a law incalculably diminished by the defeat of the Brooklyn charter in the Assembly this morning. It will be remembered that this bill, the enactment of which was demanded by all the respectable classes of Brooklyn without distinction of party, failed of passage some weeks ago under circumstances which, to say the least, were extremely suspicious. A motion to reconsider the adverse vote was made and laid upon the table, which left the bill in such a condition that it could be called up at any subsequent time when its friends should consider the moment favorable. That the most disreputable combinations had been made to defeat the bill by the men whose political power depends on the perpetuation of the present system of triple-headed commissions, has been freely asserted, and it may be said have not been denied, for the evidence that such was the case was ample. The event of this morning confirms it. It was known that Mr. Ogden intended to call up the Charter bill, and the Brooklyn political gang were up in strong force to work against it, Mr. "Bob" Furey, ex-Street Commissioner, at their head. This gentleman is "Boss" McLaughlin's right-hand man.

There was that sudden buzz which always indicates that something important is coming up, when Mr. Jacob Worth rose and moved that the resolution to reconsider the vote by which the Brooklyn Charter bill had been lost be taken from the table. This motion was carried by a strong vote. Mr. Ogden then briefly explained the provisions of the bill, which had formerly been very thoroughly discussed. He claimed that it was not in any sense a party bill, but had been drawn with a single eye to serve the best interests of the city, and that pains had been taken to avoid any appearance of merely partisan legislation in it—which is perfectly true, for the heads of departments which it proposes to leave in office are all Democrats. The object of the bill was simply to concentrate responsibility, which now is so divided that no one can be held accountable for wrong-doing. Mr. Talmage read a speech which he had prepared against it, and Mr. Lyon attacked the bill with great vehemence as a party measure, said the Republicans had caucused on it, and called on the Democrats to stand true to their colors and vote solidly against the bill. Mr. Forster moved the previous question, which was ordered.

The Clerk began to call the roll, but had not gone far when it was seen that the House was dangerously thin. Mr. Fish rose and moved a call of the House. The motion was lost on a rising vote, and it then began to look as if the bill was in danger. The roll call was resumed, when Mr. Forster renewed the motion for a call of the House, if in order. The Speaker, following a precedent set in the session of 1870, decided that it was, and this time the motion was carried—55 to 53. The House was cleared, and after some time spent in looking up absentees, the Clerk called the roll to ascertain how many members were present. One hundred and sixteen answered, and Mr. Sherman then moved to discontinue proceedings under the call of the House. The friends of the bill opposed this, but the Democrats and their allies voted for the motion and carried it. The voting on the bill then went on, very slowly and amid the most profound silence. Every member present was compelled to record himself, but still the necessary sixty-five votes could not be had. The Democrats called for the announcement of the vote. It stood 60 yeas to 55 nays; so the bill was lost.

It would be difficult to describe the sensation which this event produced in the House, or the loud and bitter denunciations heaped upon the five Republican members who sold out their party. These five, who voted with the Democrats and so defeated the bill were: Gallagher, of Erie; Gugel, of the Eighth; Hoffman, of the Tenth; Watts, of the Twelfth; and Betts of the Fifth District of New-York. So far as the first of these are concerned, it may be said that he came to the Legislature from Buffalo, apparently to secure the passage of the low tolls sheet, and his whole legislative life has been devoted to that object. What bargains he deemed necessary to secure votes for it cannot be accurately known; but the general impression seems to be that they were numerous and have been faithfully carried out. With regard to Betts, Watts, Gugel, and Hoffman, only one thing can be said. [illegible] infrequent [illegible] for their votes [illegible] undisguised [illegible] was made against [illegible] unusual. [illegible] moderate [illegible] there was [illegible] other than [illegible] They never had a very good reputation, and what little shred of respectability hung to them has been [illegible] to-day. It [illegible] been seen [illegible] brazenness [illegible] If the Republican voters of the Fifth, Eighth, Tenth, and Twelfth Districts of the City want to know how their representatives stand in the estimation of respectable men, they should come up to Albany and hear some of the things said of them. Neither Democrat nor Republican has anything but contempt for them; [illegible] one does [illegible] were asked [illegible] contempt [illegible] finger [illegible]

Since the adjournment of the House nothing else has been talked of [illegible] which is [illegible] Winans [illegible] by that, [illegible] oned the [illegible] the only [illegible] The following [illegible] vouching [illegible] prominent [illegible] titled to [illegible] official life [illegible] bill raised [illegible] placed in [illegible] Phelps, [illegible] The sum [illegible] the roll [illegible] bill. Mr. [illegible] his votes [illegible] remember [illegible] would have [illegible] silence of [illegible] who sold [illegible] their place [illegible] have earned [illegible] for the Legislature [illegible] least possible [illegible] "delays are dangerous" [illegible] very clear [illegible] formed, [illegible] gislature.

BUSINESS IN THE SENATE.

Senator Booth's bill "To provide for the deposit and disbursement of the moneys of the City of New-York" was considered as a special order this morning. The consideration of [illegible] when Mr. [illegible] a captious [illegible] progress [illegible] first amendment [illegible] lain associated with the Mayor and Controller in the selection of the banks [illegible] offered as a reason for the amendment that, as the bill stood, a deadlock might occur if the Mayor and Controller should disagree as to the bank [illegible] City money. [illegible] more urgent [illegible] troller was [illegible] the manner of [illegible] to say that [illegible] of the Mayor [illegible] should be [illegible] future. Senator Booth [illegible] ment would [illegible] City. Senator Rogers [illegible] Chamberlain [illegible] a voice in [illegible] sary, in order [illegible] Senator Coleman [illegible] leased from [illegible] placed in [illegible] was then [illegible] have any [illegible] Woodin said [illegible] lain should [illegible] Controller [illegible] to Senator [illegible] openly. [illegible] the necessary [illegible] understood [illegible] berlain to be an honest man. The Senator thought, however, that no official should be subjected to strong temptations. If a City Chamberlain, continued the speaker, say, for instance, the Chamberlain of the City of Albany, if there was such an officer—were engaged in the stock-broking business, it surely would not be right, in the judgment of the Senate, to intrust him with large sums of public money. Senator Rogers said that the first section, in effect, placed the entire matter of selecting the banks and transferring the money from one bank to another in the hands of the Controller, and it was possible that some future Controller might be engaged in the stock-broking business. Senator Woodin thought perhaps it would be better to have the banks of deposit selected by a board of three persons. Senator Harris could not vote for the bill because he suspected that there was politics in it, and aside from that reason, he believed that if the Chamberlain were left out neither he nor his securities could be held responsible.

Mr. Gerard, encouraged by the Republican support he had unexpectedly received, said the bill was a blow at the republican form of government, and talked for some time about the evils of centralization and the power sought to be given to one man. Senator Schoonmaker prefaced his remarks against the bill by saying that it was dangerous for a rural member to discuss a New-York City bill. The particular bill under discussion, he believed, was the result of some dark political scheme. It was not worthy even to receive decent political burial, but should be cast out into the Potter's Field. He denounced it as a corrupt bargain. While commenting on the bill, the Senator made clear the fact that he entirely misapprehended its provisions. He did not believe in divided responsibility, but rather in centralization of power and centralization of responsibility. Senator Woodin was amused at the virtuous indignation exhibited by Senator Harris when he refused to vote for the bill because there might be politics in it. It was the first time in his [Mr. Harris'] political existence that the political aspect of any measure compelled his conscience to govern his action. As for the speech of the Senator from the Fourteenth, [Mr. Schoonmaker,] it aptly illustrated the Senator's remark that it was dangerous for rural members to discuss New-York City measures. Mr. Woodin believed, with the Senator from the Fourteenth, however, that the power of disposing of the City money should be centred in the chief financial officer of the City. Mr. Gerard's amendment, to associate the Chamberlain with the Controller and Mayor, was then put and carried. An amendment offered by Senator Woodin, to obtain, as he said, the sentiment of the Senate on the question giving the Controller entire control over the disposal and disbursement of the City money, was lost. The vote, a standing one, stood 9 to 9, and was decided in the negative by the vote of the Chair.

ALBANY TOPICS.

PASSAGE OF THE SUPPLY BILL—THE MEASURE ONE OF THE CLEANEST EVER PASSED BY THE LEGISLATURE—THE CIVIL JUSTICES' COURT BILL PASSED TO A THIRD READING.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

ALBANY, April 19.—Mr. Sloan certainly obtained a great victory this morning in securing the passage of the Supply bill. The House assembled under the operation of the call made on the previous night, but after a full attendance had been obtained, further proceedings under the call were dispensed with. After several points of order had been raised and ruled upon in the usual prompt and clear style of Mr. Husted, the roll was called on agreeing with the report of the committee as a whole, and the report was adopted by a vote of 94 to 24. Among the negatives were Messrs. Forster, Hogeboom, Fish, and Graff. There was a legitimate difference of opinion on the bill, principally on the New Capitol item. Mr. Sloan and his coadjutor, Mr. Hayes, carried the House with them, and the opposition visibly weakened toward the last. It was indeed seen that to defeat the passage of the bill would probably result only in delaying without effecting any change in it, and this rallied members to Mr. Sloan's support who did not approve some portions of the bill. Only one person, Mr. Ruggles, had the bad taste to make any imputations on the motives of the members of the Conference Committee, and to these Mr. Sloan replied with very natural warmth. This Supply bill is indeed one of the cleanest bills which was ever passed by the Legislature. The amount appropriated by it is smaller by one-third than any previous bill has given, and it is free from positively objectionable items, though one or two small ones are there which it would have been expedient to omit. These were put in by the Senate. As the bill left the House it was altogether clean. The contest has not been nearly so severe as one has been accustomed to see even in what were called favorable years.

It is gratifying to be able to state that the Civil Justices' Courts bill passed its third reading in the House this morning. The long and persistent work which has been required to pass this bill indicates the strength of the opposition which has been made to it. Mr. Peabody is justly entitled to credit for hard work and final success. Mr. Strahan boldly sacrificed his favorite janitor by recording himself among the seventy-one yeas, and further helping to get some of them. It was said at the opening of the morning's sitting that the enemies of the bill would make a motion to recommit. This they did intend, but finding it had no chance of success abandoned their designs.

Senator Harris, from the Finance Committee, reported the bill providing an appropriation for the support of the Emigration Commission during the year commencing next May. The sum to be appropriated is not named in the bill.

The following bills were passed by the Senate to-day: An act directing the State Engineer to appoint the Deputy Canal Engineers; in relation to taxes and arrears of taxes in the City of New-York; authorizing the Commissioners of Public Parks to make maps of the Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth Wards in the City of New-York.

The concurrent resolution passed by the Assembly, adopting the toll sheet of 1875, as recommended by the Canal Board, was made the special order for to-morrow. In the Senate, Senator Rogers presented a petition asking for lower tolls from the Produce Exchange of New-York.

NEW-JERSEY LEGISLATURE.

THE VETO OF THE STATE PRISON BILL—CONDITION OF THE SINKING FUND OF THE STATE—BILL FOR THE EQUALIZATION OF TAXES DEFEATED.

From Our Own Correspondent.

TRENTON, Wednesday, April 19, 1876.

The last days of the session are doubtless approaching, and business has been pushed with consequent speed in both Houses. In order to hasten matters, the House to-day suspended the rule forbidding the reading of any bill twice in one day, and a number of acts were passed through their second and third readings. The matter which attracted the most attention was the Governor's veto of the State Prison bill, which practically denudes the keeper of much of his power, and divides it between himself and the inspectors. The ground of the vote is that the keeper, being a constitutional officer, the Legislature cannot legally take away from him the substance of his powers. A second ground is that the bill, by placing his subordinates beyond his control, seriously impairs the needed discipline of the Institution. The constitutional feature of the veto was sustained by a very elaborate opinion of the Attorney General, which accompanied the Message. The Houses came together in joint meeting to-day for the election of the inspectors provided for by the bill, but, in consequence of the veto, further action was deferred till next Friday. A long discussion ensued over a motion to order a number of copies of the veto Message printed, and it was finally agreed to.

The most important bill defeated this session is that called up in the Senate on final passage this morning for the equalization of taxes. At present assessments are made in one part of the State on fifty per cent. of the actual market value of the property; in others the Assessor's valuation is the full and true value. The result is that some counties pay more than their share of the State tax; others less. The bill in question provided for a State Board of Assessors, whose business it was to be to visit each county annually and see that the assessed valuation was the full and true value. The bill met with the opposition of the lower tier of counties, and was defeated by a vote of 8 to 12.

The committee appointed to investigate the accounts of the Sinking Fund Commissioners reported the results of their labors to-day. The report shows the total assets of the fund to aggregate $1,531,947 76, of which $1,297,293 represent the amount of loans on bond and mortgage, and $154,588 the cash account. Their balances in bank amount to $65,120. The balance to the credit of the State last year was $1,327,457 12. The report states that owing to business depression the unusually large sum of $24,825 17, long since due for interest on mortgage loans, is still unpaid.

The joint Republican caucus this afternoon decided to pass the State Prison bill over the Governor's veto, and to adjourn sine die on Friday at 1 o'clock.

THE ICE IN THE CANADIAN RIVERS.

QUEBEC, April 19.—The Marine and Fisheries Department have received advices from Newfoundland of the loss of the brig Constantine, of Boston, on Salmon Rock, two miles east of Port An Basque, on the evening of the 23d of January, having been forced on the rock by ice. The crew were saved. Three schooners arrived from below to-day, and one cleared for Labrador.

OTTAWA, April 19.—Two spans of the bridge, near the Exhibition Grounds, were carried away by ice last night. On the way down the timber struck McLaren's Dam and swept it over the falls.

IMPEACHMENT OF BELKNAP.

REPLICATION OF THE MANAGERS.

THE SECRETARY'S RESIGNATION NOT ADMITTED TO EXEMPT HIM FROM ANSWERING—THE POWER OF THE HOUSE TO IMPEACH AND OF THE SENATE TO TRY HIM—ADJOURNMENT TILL THE 27TH.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 19.—The impeachment proceedings to-day were a repetition in most respects of the proceedings of last Monday. The galleries were again crowded, and many ladies were present, so that the scene within the Senate chamber was nearly identical with the former session of the court. On the floor the scene was much less interesting, as the House did not attend in a body, but only a few of the members came in of their own volition. Gen. Belknap again appeared with his counsel, though his presence was wholly unnecessary and the Managers, who constitute the most solemn looking collection of seven men that could be gathered from the whole country, occupied the seats permanently assigned to them. The Managers, through Mr. Lord, presented the replication adopted by the House to the plea of Gen. Belknap, and then it was ordered that on or before the 24th inst. Mr. Belknap should make rejoinder, time having been asked by Mr. Carpenter for that purpose, and that if the House desired to reply further the rejoinder should be filed on or before the 25th inst. On the 27th the court meets again, and proceeds without further delay with the trial of the case. That is to say, the arguments on the question of jurisdiction will begin at that time. How many days will be required to determine the question of jurisdiction is uncertain, but the arguments cannot occupy less than a week or ten days.

Immediately after the impeachment proceedings closed Gen. Belknap passed out toward the main entrance to the Senate, turned to the left, and took a seat upon one of the sofas in the rear of the Senate Chamber. He conversed for some time with two gentlemen, and then beckoned Senator Allison, of Iowa, from his seat, who came, shook hands with the ex-Secretary, and indulged in a moment's conversation with him, without taking a seat. Gen. Belknap remained in the Chamber about half an hour, and the animated manner of his conversation was the subject of much remark, as he appeared more like a welcome and distinguished visitor than an accused official. He passed out with Mr. Kasson, receiving a formal bow from Senators Conkling and Kernan, who stood near the main entrance of the Chamber as he left the Senate.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE COURT.

WASHINGTON, April 19.—Ex-Secretary Belknap and his counsel, Messrs. Carpenter, Blair, and Black, entered the Senate Chamber at 12:25 o'clock, and proceeded to the seats provided for them at the table in the space on the right of the presiding officer. The hour of 12:30 having arrived, the President pro tem. of the Senate announced that, according to the previous order of the Senate, legislative business would be suspended, and the Senate would proceed to consider the articles of impeachment exhibited by the House of Representatives against W. W. Belknap, late Secretary of War. The Sergeant at Arms then made proclamation in the usual manner. The Chair then directed the Secretary to notify the House of Representatives that the Senate was in session as a court for the trial of the impeachment, and ready to receive the Managers of that body. The names of those Senators not heretofore sworn, Messrs. Alcorn, English, Johnston, Patterson, and Wadleigh, were called. Messrs. English and Patterson responded, and the oath was administered to them by Mr. Ferry, President pro tem. of the Senate. Mr. Adams, Clerk of the House of Representatives, appeared at the bar of the Senate and announced that the House had adopted a replication to the plea of W. W. Belknap, and that the Managers on the part of the House would present it to the Senate. At 12:50 the Impeachment Managers on the part of the House entered the Senate Chamber, and were conducted to seats at the table provided for them. The President pro tem. then laid before the Senate the message from the House announcing that the replication had been adopted, &c. The proceedings of the session of the Senate as a Court of Impeachment on Monday last were read by Secretary Gorham.

Mr. FERRY, President pro tem., addressing the Impeachment Managers, said: "In accordance with the order of the Senate fixing 1 o'clock to-day as the time to hear you in reply to the plea in the case of W. W. Belknap, filed on Monday, it will now do so."

Mr. LORD, on behalf of the Board of Managers, then sent to the Clerk's desk and had read the replication, as follows:

The replication of the House of Representatives of the United States, in their own behalf, and also in the name of the people of the United States, to the plea of William W. Belknap to the articles of impeachment exhibited by them to the Senate against the said William W. Belknap:

THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE UNITED STATES: Prosecuting, on behalf of themselves and the people of the United States, the articles of impeachment exhibited by them to the Senate of the United States against said William W. Belknap, reply to the plea of said William W. Belknap, and say that the matters alleged in the said plea are not sufficient to exempt the said William W. Belknap from answering the said articles of impeachment, because they say that at the time the acts charged in said articles were done and committed, and thence continuously down to the 2d day of March, 1876, the said William W. Belknap was Secretary of War of the United States, as in said articles averred, and therefore that, by the Constitution of the United States, the House of Representatives had power to prefer the said articles of impeachment, and the Senate have full and the sole power to try the same; wherefore they demand that the plea aforesaid of the said William W. Belknap be not allowed, but that the said William W. Belknap be required to answer the said articles of impeachment.

THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE UNITED STATES: Prosecuting, on behalf of themselves and the people of the United States, the said articles of impeachment exhibited by them to the Senate of the United States against the said William W. Belknap, for a second and further replication to the plea of the said William W. Belknap, say the matters alleged in the said plea are not sufficient to exempt the said William W. Belknap from answering the said articles of impeachment, because they say at the time of the commission by said William W. Belknap of the acts and matters set forth in the said articles of impeachment, he, the said William W. Belknap, was an officer of the United States, as alleged in the said articles of impeachment; and they say, further, that the said William W. Belknap, after the commission of each one of the acts alleged in the said articles, was, and continued to be, such officer, as alleged in said articles, until and including the 2d of March, A. D. 1876, and until the House of Representatives by its proper committee had completed its investigation of his official conduct as such officer in regard to the matters and things set forth as official misconduct in the said articles, and the said committee was considering the report it should make to the House of Representatives upon the same, the said William W. Belknap being at the time aware of such investigation, and of the evidence taken, and of such proposed report; and the House of Representatives further say, that while its said committee was considering and preparing its said report to the House of Representatives recommending the impeachment of the said William W. Belknap for the matters and things set forth in the said articles, the said William W. Belknap, with full knowledge thereof, resigned his position as such officer on the said second day of March, 1876, with intent to evade the proceedings of impeachment against him, and the House of Representatives resolved to impeach the said William W. Belknap for said matters, as in said articles set forth on the said second day of March, 1876; and the House of Representatives say that, by the Constitution of the United States, the House of Representatives had power to prefer the said articles of impeachment against the said William W. Belknap, and that the Senate, sitting as a Court of Impeachment, has full power to try the same; wherefore the House of Representatives demand that the plea aforesaid be not allowed, but that the said William W. Belknap be compelled to answer the said articles of impeachment.

The PRESIDING OFFICER—If there be no objection the replication will be placed on file. Have the Managers anything further to offer?

Mr. LORD—I understand we have nothing further to do until we hear from the other side.

Mr. CARPENTER—Mr. Belknap, the respondent, wishes a copy of the replications which have been filed to his plea in abatement, and asks time to consider the same and frame pleadings in reply. I suggest Monday next as the day for further hearing, and submit the following written motion.

The Clerk then read the following motion:

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.—The United States versus William W. Belknap, late Secretary of War.—Upon articles of impeachment presented by the House of Representatives against said William W. Belknap. The respondent asks for copies of the replication this day filed by the Managers, and asks for time until Monday next to frame pleadings to the same.

WILLIAM W. BELKNAP.

Mr. LORD—We desire, of course, to offer all possible indulgence to the other side, and do not deem that the request for time until next Monday is in itself unreasonable, but there are reasons which need not now be stated for having this matter hastened as much as possible. The Managers, therefore, instruct me that Friday be the day fixed.

Mr. EDMUNDS—I offer the following order on the subject: Ordered, that the respondent file his rejoinder on or before the 24th inst., and that the House of Representatives file their surrejoinder, if any, on or before the 25th inst., and that the trial proceed on the 27th inst. at 12:30 P. M.

Mr. CARPENTER—I desire to understand that order. The 24th is on Monday, on which day the court will not be in session. We desire to deal with nothing less than the court in our pleadings from beginning to end. We cannot, therefore file our rejoinder on Monday.

Mr. EDMUNDS—I will modify the resolution by adding "file and serve on the other parties copies, &c."

Mr. CARPENTER—We cannot serve any paper on the other side, for we have no standing in the House of Representatives. The courtesy extended to us by the Senate to be here has not been extended to us by the House. We can serve no papers on the House. We cannot get in the House.

Mr. CONKLING—I move to amend the order so as to provide that the papers referred to shall be filed with the Secretary, and that he deliver copies to either side promptly on application.

Mr. HOAR (one of the Managers)—In what position will the House be placed by that order, so amended?

Mr. LORD—I would suggest that the order read that the Secretary of the Senate be directed to serve a copy of the rejoinder upon the Clerk of the House on the one side and on the counsel for Mr. Belknap on the other.

Mr. CARPENTER—We are taken by surprise by this order. We have always thought that no paper could be filed in a Court of Impeachment except by the special leave of the court. Are we to come here on the 24th and file anything we please, whether it be orderly or disorderly, and does that become the basis of the action of the House? I supposed that in this court, as in the Supreme Court, no paper could be filed without an order of the court and without the court seeing what the paper is. It seems to me that if this order be passed we shall be likely to get into a jangle in regard to the filing of papers.

The resolution as amended was adopted, as follows:

Ordered that the respondent file his rejoinder on or before the 24th of April, and that the Secretary shall deliver a copy thereof to the Clerk of the House of Representatives, and that the House of Representatives file their surrejoinder, it any, on or before the 25th of April, a copy of which shall be served on the counsel for the respondent by the Secretary, and that the trial proceed on the 27th inst.

On motion of Mr. EDMUNDS the Senate, as a Court of Impeachment, then, at 1:15 P. M., adjourned till the 27th inst. at 12:30 P. M.

The Managers on the part of the House of Representatives then withdrew, followed by the ex-Secretary and his counsel, and the Senate resumed the consideration of legitimate business.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE ITALIAN OPERA.

The performance of "Il Barbiere," already referred to in these columns, was repeated at the Academy of Music last evening. Mlle. de Belocca, whose charming presence and melodious voice won instant favor on Monday, advanced yesterday a step further into the good graces of the public, and the applause which attended her singing of Gounod's "Serenade," of the Drinking-song from "Lucrezia," and of a final waltz by Ricci, first executed here by Mme. Sontag, twenty years since, was both general and prolonged. She is not indeed a great vocalist, for her voice is of small compass and its management does not yet indicate that she has acquired a mastery of her art, but her beauty and grace do much to enhance the influence of her song, and while her tones are remarkably sympathetic in quality, her execution is facile and correct. Mlle. de Belocca, in brief, is a young prima donna who is quite likely to grow upon us, if her sojourn here is at all prolonged, and if opportunities are afforded her in which the responsibility of delighting an audience is a little more divided than seems just now possible. Last night's representation, in any case, produced an impression pointing still more clearly to the success of the new comer than Monday's, and the tributes of admiration were frequent and hearty. Among the spectators was the Empress of Brazil. Mlle. Belocca appears again in "Il Barbiere" at the Saturday matinée, and on Friday evening Mme. Pappenheim will be the prima donna and "Faust" the opera.

GENERAL MENTION.

Mr. Thomas' matinée rehearsal for his sixth and last symphony concert takes place at Steinway Hall, to-night.

The sixth and last Philharmonic concert of the present season may be attended at the Academy on Saturday evening.

"Julius Cæsar," with Messrs. Barrett, Davenport, and Bangs, will be acted at the Brooklyn Academy of Music on Saturday afternoon and evening.

The amateur performance of "Cinderella" will be given under the auspices of the Women's Centennial Union, at the Academy of Music, this afternoon.

Mr. F. Bergner's concert takes place at Steinway Hall, to-night. Simultaneously the Vocal Society of New-York will be heard at Chickering Hall; a concert and reception by the Twelfth Regiment N. G. S. N. Y. is announced to occur at Gilmore's Garden, and Mr. Jerome Hopkins will hold an Easter-tide Festival service, for the orphan fund, at Trinity Chapel, in Twenty-sixth street.

A dispatch from London, dated April 19 and received at midnight, reads as follows: Signor Rossi made his début at the Drury Lane Theatre as *Hamlet* this evening. The weather was unfavorable, but there was a good audience. Signor Rossi was suffering so much from hoarseness as greatly to impair the effectiveness of the rendering, but he was enthusiastically cheered throughout.

NATIONAL LABOR CONVENTION.

THE BURLINGAME TREATY WITH CHINA DENOUNCED—A STRONG PROTECTIVE TARIFF DEMANDED—A UNION OF WORKING MEN URGED.

PITTSBURG, April 19.—The National Labor Convention met at Schiller Hall this morning. The Committee of the Whole was dissolved by vote and the regular order of business taken up. The Committee on Resolutions reported a revised series of resolutions, which were read and acted upon *seriatim*. As adopted they urge upon Congress the necessity of repealing the Burlingame treaty, characterizing the effects of said treaty as little better than slave trade, and request Congress in order to give the co-operative scheme a fair trial to select some branch of industry, such as that of miners and iron-workers, to which to apply such system, and appropriate therefor a loan, payable in twenty years, at a low rate of interest, not exceeding three per cent. They demand a strong protective tariff, and ask that regulation tariff duties be such as to protect home industry against foreign competition. They declare in favor of the election of President of the United States by the popular vote of the people. They demand of Congress and Legislatures the strict enforcement of the Eight-hour law and of Congress of the enactment of stringent usury laws. They heartily condemn the store order system, as practiced by manufacturers, and also the prison contract system of labor. They ask that Congress shall enact laws to give money due for labor precedence over all other claims, and that the Government, both State and National, shall pass laws against all discriminations by common carriers under penalty of forfeiture of charter. They recommend a liberal system of internal improvement, and urge upon different State Legislatures to pass such apprentice laws as will insure competent workmen in every branch of industry. After considerable discussion, the Convention declared against the organization of a third political party, but appealed to all working men to unite so as to attain the advancement of the class through existing political parties. The power of calling future conventions was delegated to a committee appointed for that purpose, and, after passing a vote of thanks to the officers, the convention adjourned sine die.

BY MAIL AND TELEGRAPH.

Charles Sawtelle, of the firm of Sawtelle & Litch, of Fitchburg, hanged himself in his house early yesterday morning.

Isaac Smith, colored, convicted of rape on a white girl of fifteen years, was to-day sentenced in Newton, N. J., to the State Prison for ten years.

John Hubbard, a hotel proprietor, shot himself, causing fatal injuries, at the Cafferty House, Binghamton, N. Y., yesterday afternoon, while temporarily insane.

Barney Collins, caboose man on an extra freight train bound north last night, was found dead lying between the tracks at Stony Point bridge, near Castleton, on the Hudson River Railroad.

Mayor Cobb, of Boston, has received a letter from the American Consul at Rotterdam, contradicting some of the statements of Winslow, the forger, and his party. He thinks they may have secreted some of the stolen property.

Between 11 and 12 o'clock yesterday morning, a man named Shuck, residing at No. 1,602 Bouvier street, Philadelphia, committed suicide by shooting. His wife immediately afterward swallowed a quantity of prussic acid and soon expired.

The resignation of Rev. William Kirkus, LL. D., as Rector of Christ Church, Baltimore, (Protestant Episcopal,) was tendered and accepted by the vestry, on Tuesday. Dr. Kirkus was called from the Assistant Rectorship of Grace Church New-York.

LATEST NEWS BY CABLE.

THE EASTERN QUESTION.

THE NEGOTIATIONS BETWEEN THE PORTE AND MONTENEGRO—CONFLICTING ACCOUNTS OF THE RECENT ENGAGEMENTS.

VIENNA, April 19.—It is stated that the negotiations which have been pending at Constantinople since the 5th inst. between the Porte and the special envoy of Montenegro, demand the cession of the Herzegovinian Valley as far as Mostar, besides the harbor of Spizza. The newspapers express fears lest the Sultan raise the standard of the Prophet, thus appealing to Mohammedan fanaticism.

The *Tagblatt's* Grahovo special says the insurgents drove Monkhtar northward, and overtook him at Krstac, where a fresh engagement was fought.

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 19.—The Minister of War has received a telegram from Monkhtar Pasha, dated on Tuesday last. Monkhtar says: "We have arrived at Gatzko. Victorious engagements were fought continually during the six days occupied in advancing toward and returning from the neighborhood of Nicsics. We gained striking advantages, although the rebels, who were 14,000 strong, were twice as numerous as our troops. The Prince of Montenegro openly made war upon us. About seven thousand well-armed and regularly-organized Montenegrins had joined the insurgents." An official telegram from Mostar, the capital of Herzegovinia, coincides with the foregoing, and states that Monkhtar returned to Gatzko after leaving provisions for Nicsics in Fort Prejeka, which is three hours' march to the northward of Nicsics. Thirty-one Turks were killed and seventy-six wounded. The insurgent loss was much greater.

LONDON, April 19.—A Reuter telegram from Constantinople says the attempt to revictual Nicsic failed. Monkhtar was compelled to retreat after reaching Prejeka.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 19.—The newspaper *Graschdanin* has been suspended for attacking the Austrian Government.

BERNE, April 19.—Servia has given notice of her adhesion to the Geneva Convention in relation to the care of the wounded.

ENORMOUS TURKISH LOSSES—7,000 MONTENEGRINS JOIN THE INSURGENTS.

LONDON, April 20.—A Vienna telegram to the *Daily News* reports that half the garrison of Nicsic are sick. It is said that Monkhtar Pasha's losses during his retreat were enormous. The mountain passes were so narrow as only to admit of five men marching abreast. Rocks were continually hurled down the precipices upon the Turkish forces as they struggled through.

The Paris correspondent of the *News* states that the Bourse was convulsed at the close yesterday by news that 7,000 Montenegrins had joined the insurgents. The intelligence is considered very serious.

SUSPICION THAT RUSSIA IS SECRETLY AIDING THE INSURGENTS.

LONDON, April 20.—The Berlin correspondent of the *Times* reviews the situation in the East as follows: "As a suspension of negotiations is the only measure which has followed the refusal of the insurgents to lay down their arms, the insurgents are more than ever convinced that the Russian Government, although bent upon preventing the immediate dismemberment of Turkey, is too much influenced by the Slave Party to allow Austria to restore peace. Under these circumstances the increase of the rebellion is only natural. According to numerous uncontradicted statements M. Kvarsoff, the Russian Diplomatic agent at Belgrade, has informed his Government that the Servians mean to take the field in May. The Russian representative at Vienna has informed the Servian Minister that Servia need fear no foreign intervention. The insurgents have received considerable sums of money from Russia. All these facts have gradually convinced a large portion of the German press and public that the reassuring telegrams daily dispatched from Vienna and St. Petersburg ought not to be credited, and that the Russian Government is either playing a double game, or else is so far influenced by the Slav parties as to be powerless to stop the insurrection. Even the Cologne *Gazette* recently expressed apprehensions to this effect.

GREAT BRITAIN.

FAILURE OF GLASGOW GRAIN FIRMS—REFRACTORY SAILORS PUNISHED.

GLASGOW, April 19.—Messrs. Brodie & Harper, David Geddes & Co., and Leitch & Co., all connected with the grain trade, have failed. Brodie & Harper's liabilities are $500,000. The liabilities of the other firms are unknown.

PLYMOUTH, April 19.—Thirteen of the crew of the British ship Cartsburn, from Dundee to San Francisco, which put into this port April 17, were sentenced to-day to twelve weeks' imprisonment each for refractory conduct. The crew alleged that the vessel was undermanned.

LONDON, April 19.—The Norwegian bark Hans Nielsen Hauge, Capt. Pedersen, from Baltimore via Queenstown, grounded while entering Dingle Harbor to-day, and lies in a dangerous position. Every effort is being made to discharge her cargo.

CRIME IN ENGLAND.

OUTRAGE AND MURDER OF A GIRL SEVEN YEARS OLD — MURDER AND ROBBERY OF A WOMAN.

LONDON, April 19.—On March 30 last the body of a girl, seven years of age, named Emily Holland, whose parents live in Blackburn, was found at that place. The arms, legs, and head had been cut from the body, and the trunk was folded up in paper. The girl had been missing several days. She was last seen taking tobacco to a strange man, who was supposed to be the murderer. A barber named Fish, a married man and the father of several children, has now confessed that he outraged and murdered the girl, and afterward mutilated the body.

Mrs. Porter, residing at No. 46 Maude Grove, Chelsea, was murdered on Thursday last, and circumstances point strongly to a man named William Wallace and his wife, who are Americans, as the perpetrators of the crime, the purpose being robbery. Wallace and his wife came from America several weeks ago, and hired apartments from Mrs. Porter. They left for Brussels on Thursday. A Coroner's inquest is pending.

NEWMARKET RACES.

SECOD DAY OF THE CRAVEN MEETING—THE NEWMARKET HANDICAP WON BY MR. BALTAZZI'S ARTEMIS COLT.

LONDON, April 19.—This was the second day of the Newmarket Craven meeting. The principal event was the race for the Newmarket Handicap, which was won by Mr. Alexander Baltazzi's Artemis colt, Mr. H. Jennings' Premier Mai being second, Sir J. D. Astley's Rascal third, and Mr. Savile's Velveteen, the favorite, seventh. Ten horses ran. Previous to the race the betting was 4 to 1 against Artemis colt, 12 to 1 against Premier Mai, 10 to 1 against Rascal, and 3 to 1 against Velveteen. The following is a summary:

The Newmarket Handicap of 25 sovereigns each, 15 forfeit, and 3 only if declared as below, with 400 sovereigns added, for three-year olds and upward; winners of a handicap, after the weights are published, (Jan. 27 at 10 A. M.,) to carry 7 pounds, if of the value of 500 sovereigns, 10 pounds; of two or more, 14 pounds extra; the second horse to save his stakes; entrance, 3 sovereigns; the only liability for horses struck out on or before Tuesday, Feb. 1, at noon, the last mile and a half of B. C.; (fifty-eight subscribers, thirty-two of whom declared forfeit.) The highest weight accepting being 8 stone 7 pounds, it has been raised to 8 stone 12 pounds, and the others in proportion.

Mr. Alexander Baltazzi's b. c., by Scottish Chief, out of Artemis, 4 years 1
Mr. H. Jennings' b. h. Premier Mai, by Fort a Bras or Charlatan, out of Taffarette, 5 years.. 2
Sir J. D. Astley's b. c. The Rascal, by Loiterer, or Broomielaw, out of Christmas Pie, 3 years. 3

HAYTI.

IDLE RUMORS OF ANNEXATION TO THE UNITED STATES—THE REVOLUTION SUCCESSFUL.

LONDON, April 19.—Special dispatches from Paris to the *Telegraph and Hour* mention that a report is current there that the United States contemplate the annexation of Hayti. The Haytian Consulate in New-York has received cable advices from Kingston that the revolution in Hayti is triumphant. Dominque, the late President, has fled. Vice President Rameau, and Lorquet, the General in command of the Government forces, have been shot. Biron Canal, who was exiled from the country, is now in Port au Prince, and it is presumed he will take charge of the Government.

AUSTRIA AND HUNGARY.

THE DISAGREEMENT ON THE COMPROMISE NOT YET OVERCOME.

LONDON, April 20.—The *Standard's* Vienna dispatch says although the Austrian and Hungarian Ministers at their conference on Tuesday were unable to come to a final decision with regard to the revision of the Austro-Hungarian compromise, it is thought that the questions at issue will be definitely settled in the course of the week.

SPAIN.

THE FINANCIAL AFFAIRS OF CUBA IN THE CORTES—PROJECTED REFORMS.

MADRID, April 19.—In the Senate yesterday the Minister of the Colonies, replying to a question about the reforms to be introduced in the financial administration of Cuba, stated that the Government was considering the subject but was undecided yet, and in the present condition of the question discussion was inopportune. The Minister of the Colonies, speaking in the Congress to-day, said the project of reforms in Cuba had produced a certain amount of excitement, but the Government was watching over the colony. The Cuban debt was twice as much as the revenue. The Government would act with vigor in the present difficulty.

FRANCE.

REVENUE FROM CUSTOMS AND DIRECT TAXATION—THE TREASURY.

PARIS, April 19.—The Customs receipts for the first quarter of the year have been $12,400,000 against about eleven millions for the corresponding period last year. The receipts from indirect taxes for the same time this year have been $46,400,000, against $47,000,000 last year. The amount of cash in the Treasury is now $58,600,000 against $58,000,000 last April.

MEXICO.

ACTIVE OPERATIONS OF THE GOVERNMENT TROOPS AGAINST THE INSURGENTS.

GALVESTON, April 19.—A special to the Galveston *News* from Brownsville says: "The following has just been received from Ringgold, and is dated April 18—9 P. M.: 'The stage from Monterey, which arrived at Camargo this evening, brings the following, which may be considered trustworthy: The Government maintains a firm attitude. Quirigo, with 500 men, is hunting for Trevino, and it is thought they met at Ramos to-day. Gen. Pedro Martinez is expected in Monterey with 600 cavalry. Gens. Avanella and Palacios are on the way to the frontier with their respective corps. Gen. Conda entered Monterey Saturday last with 4,000 infantry from the mountains, with pieces of cannon and funds to pay the troops. Naranjo will enter Mier to-day with 600 men. Gen. Fuero, commanding the forces at Monterey, does not allow correspondence of any kind from the interior to pass Monterey. All the telegraph lines between Monterey and the City of Mexico are in good working order.

RIO GRANDE CITY, April 19—3 P. M.—Mier was taken yesterday at 1 o'clock P. M. by Naranjo and Vara with 450 men. All the Custom-house officials and employes have gone to Guiriono. The citizens made no resistance, the revolutionists entering without opposition. Naranjo is expected at Camargo this evening. Large forces of Government troops are on their way to the Rio Grande, and some hard fighting may be looked for within a few days.

AMERICAN CITIZENS TO BE PROTECTED FROM FORCED LOANS.

WASHINGTON, April 19.—James I. Haynes, United States Commercial Agent, has telegraphed to the State Department from New-Laredo, Mexico, under date of April 16, that the revolutionists levied a forced loan on merchants there of $2,000, and say if it is not paid by to-morrow morning (17th) at 8 o'clock, the stores will be forced open and goods sold to double the amount demanded. The amount is divided between ten merchants, five of whom are American citizens. Mr. Haynes applied to the military commander at Fort McIntosh for protection, but he refused to act without orders from Washington. The Secretary of War directs that orders be given to the department commander to grant the protection asked to American citizens in Laredo against such lawless outrages as the Government of Mexico is unable to prevent, but wishes caution to be exercised. The Secretary of War thinks the intention of this Government to protect its citizens will perhaps prove sufficient. The Secretary of the Navy will also order the gun-boat on the Rio Grande to co-operate for the protection of the interests of American citizens. The above facts have been telegraphed by Gen. Whipple, who is in this city, to Gen. Sherman, at Chicago.

THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER.

CONVENTION OF PARISHES EXPOSED TO OVERFLOW—THE BASS LEVEE BREAK A MILE WIDE.

NEW-ORLEANS, April 19.—A convention of the parishes of the State subject to overflow from breaks and crevasses in the Mississippi, called by the Executive Committee, appointed at the convention last year to meet in this city, met to-day. The object of the convention is to enlist the aid of Congress in making coast levees a national work, and also to get Congress to take hold of the subject as one affecting *in solido* all the river States. A Committee on Credentials was appointed. The *Times* report says what is known as the Bass Levee is at Point Lookout, in Carroll Parish, and is the largest protection levee in the State of Louisiana. The break there is a mile wide, and the waters are flowing through without making a ripple. The loss there is tremendous, and it is estimated it will reduce the crop sent to this city 250,000 bales. On the Mississippi side the Buck Ridge and Wade breaks will devastate Bolivar, Jaquena, and Warren Counties, and will be equally as large as on the opposite side.

THE WEATHER.

PROBABILITIES.

WASHINGTON, April 20—1 A. M.—*For the lower lakes, Middle and Eastern States, stationary followed by falling barometer, warmer, partly cloudy or clear weather, with north to east winds.*

LOSSES BY FIRE.

The four-story brown-stone house, No. 171 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn, owned by William Tumbridge, and occupied by W. C. Duyckinck, was damaged about one hundred dollars yesterday by water used in putting out a fire caused by spontaneous combustion among some fine embroidered woolen goods in an open trunk in a room on the third floor of the building. The occupants of the house lost $1,000 on furniture and wearing apparel; fully insured.

A fire was discovered last evening at 7:35 o'clock in the rear of the premises occupied by Sherwood & Penfield, commission merchants at No. 21 South street. Owing to the situation of the building it was several hours before the firemen got the flames under control, but the loss was not very great. None of the owners could be found, as they all live out of the City, but an estimate of the stock and of the damage to the building showed that the loss could not be over $10,000.

A special from Milford, Ind., says a fire has destroyed Mollins & Gilmore's dry goods store, Miller's boot and shoe store, and Wellburn's large warehouse and residence. The loss is estimated at $50,000; insurance light.

A tannery at Bucksport owned by George Blodgett, together with a quantity of leather, was burned Tuesday night. The loss is $8,000; insurance small.

Pain in the Side and Lungs.

WEST WINFIELD, N. Y., Dec. 10.

GENTLEMEN: Having received great benefit from the use of DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, I cheerfully give you a statement of my case, hoping it may influence some unfortunate sufferer to give your remedy a trial. During the Winter of 1858 I was very much out of health, afflicted with a severe cough, pain in the side and lungs, and a general depression of health, to such an extent as greatly to alarm myself and my friends as to the result. During this time I tried several highly-recommended remedies with little or no good result, and had concluded to try the effect of a Southern climate upon my health; but before carrying this resolution into effect I was induced, by the urgent solicitation of your agent, Mr. Huntley, to give the Balsam a trial. I did so, and to my great joy found immediate and permanent relief by the use of only one bottle, and I am now in as good health as ever. I believe your Balsam one of the best remedies for coughs, colds, and all lung diseases now in use, and conscientiously recommend it as such. Yours truly,

PETER SHAW.

50 cents and $1 a bottle. Sold by all druggists.

Spring has come, and if you wish boots, shoes, gaiters, and slippers, for yourselves and families, patronize MILLER & CO., No. 3 Union Square.

Perry's Moth and Freckle Lotion is intended only for removing Moth Patches, Freckles, and Tan. It is reliable. For Pimples on the face, Blackheads, or Flesh-worms, ask your druggist for PERRY'S COMEDONE AND PIMPLE REMEDY, the Infallible Skin Medicine, or consult Dr. B. C. PERRY, Dermatologist, No. 49 Bond st. New-York.

Disorders of the stomach and bowels of children, especially in hot weather, cannot resist the curative virtues of MILK OF MAGNESIA. Sold by all druggists.

MARRIED.

BEDINGER—DOUGHTY.—At St. George's Church, Flushing, by Rev. J. Carpenter Smith, S. T. D., on the 18th inst., ADA, daughter of N. W. Doughty, Esq., to Rev. HENRY BEDINGER.

CROCKER—WATKINS.—On Tuesday, April 18, 1876, at the Church of the Divine Paternity, by Rev. Dr. E. H. Chapin, WM. ATWELL CROCKER, M. D., to ADDIE E., only daughter of the late Osmer S. Watkins, all of this City.

PAYE—FORDHAM.—On Tuesday, April 18, 1876, at Christ Church, Brooklyn, by Rev. Lucius Bancroft, D. D., WALTER K. PAYE to HELEN M., daughter of the late Austin S. Fordham.

WHIDDEN—ANGELL.—On the 19th, at Madison Avenue Baptist Church, by Rev. Dr. Covell, WITTER R. WHIDDEN, of Antigonish, N. S., to EMILY R., daughter of Stephen Angell, of this City.

DIED.

BARBER.—In Homer, Cortland County, N. Y., on the 19th inst., JEDIDIAH BARBER, aged 89 years.

CLARK.—On Tuesday, April 18, of consumption ELIZABETH L. CLARK, aged 62 years.

Funeral from the residence of her brother, James M. Clark, No. 245 4th st., Jersey City, on Thursday, 20th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M.

CLARK.—On Monday morning, April 17, after a short illness, R. P. CLARK, in the 54th year of his age.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral on Thursday, April 20, at 2 P. M., from the Puritan Congregational Church, corner Lafayette and Marcy avs., Brooklyn.

COCHRAN.—On Wednesday, 19th inst., JENNETTE SCOTT, widow of the late Samuel Cochran.

Friends are respectfully invited to attend her funeral from her late residence, No. 27 East 21st st., on Saturday, 22d inst., at 10 A. M.

DAVIDSON.—On the 19th inst., GEORGE M. DAVIDSON, Sergeant of Police, aged 35 years, 4 months, and 17 days.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

☞ Albany, Hudson, and Greenville papers please copy.

DEAN.—In Brooklyn, on Sunday, April 16, HENRY DEAN, in the 85th year of his age.

Funeral from his late residence, No. 122 St. Felix st., Brooklyn, on Thursday, April 20, at 2 P. M.

DRAPER.—At Montclair, N. J., on Tuesday, April 18, after a brief illness, GEORGE G. DRAPER, formerly a merchant of this City, aged 65.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, at his late residence, on Monday, at 12 o'clock. Carriages will be at Montclair Depot on arrival of 10:40 train from New-York.

☞ Vermont and New-Hampshire papers please copy.

FINCH.—At New-Rochelle, N. Y., April 19, HARRIET BEYEA, wife of E. W. Finch, M. D., and daughter of the late Samuel Beyea, of Goshen, N. Y.

Funeral Friday, April 21, at 1 o'clock A. M., from Methodist Church, New-Rochelle. Carriages meet the noon train from Grand Central Depot.

FORBES.—Suddenly, on the 18th of April, Mr. JOSEPH C. FORBES, in his 68th year.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral Friday, 21st inst., at his late residence, No. 251 Baltic st., Brooklyn.

FURBUSH.—On Tuesday, April 18, 1876, MARY ANN, wife of Silas B. Furbush, aged 72.

The relatives and friends of the family of her son, Silas S. Furbush, and of her son-in-law, Robert F. Smith, are invited to attend the funeral services at her late residence, No. 441 East 116th st., on Thursday, April 20, at 4 P. M.

GREENLEAF.—Suddenly, on Monday, 17th inst., LUCY L. GREENLEAF, widow of the late Alfred Greenleaf.

Funeral on Thursday, 20th inst., at 10 A. M., from late residence, No. 363 Washington av., Brooklyn.

HIBBARD.—On Wednesday morning, April 19, at the residence of her nephew, J. M. Cooper, No. 367 McDonough st., Brooklyn, Mrs. C. B. HIBBARD, widow of the late George Hibbard, M. D., and daughter of the late Col. Abraham De Peyster.

Her funeral will take place on Saturday, April 22, at 1 o'clock, at the Church of the Good Shepherd, on McDonough st., near corner of Stuyvesant av. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend.

☞ Poughkeepsie papers please copy.

HUNTER.—At the residence of his sister, Londonderry, Ireland, on Friday, 7th April, JAMES HUNTER, of this City, in the 73d year of his age.

JESSUP.—On Wednesday, April 19, ELIZA A., wife of Isaac K. Jessup, of Westfield, Staten Island, aged 69 years and 5 months.

Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral on Friday, the 21st inst., at 1:30 P. M. at the house, and 2:30 P. M. at the church, at Huguenot Station, Staten Island Railroad.

LEAVENWORTH.—On Tuesday, April 18, at the residence of his brother-in-law, R. W. Cameron, Staten Island, of typhoid pneumonia, EDWARD, eldest son of the late Nathan and Alice Leavenworth, of this City, in the 48th year of his age.

The funeral will take place from St. John's Church, Clifton, Staten Island, on Friday, at 11 A. M. Carriages will meet the 10 boat from New-York. Friends of the family are invited to attend without further notice.

MARVIN.—On Tuesday, April 18, 1876, Mrs. SALLY MARVIN, of Hempstead, Long Island, wife of the late H. H. Marvin, in the 78th year of her age.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, Greenwich st., Hempstead, on Thursday, at 2 P. M., April 20, 1876. At St. George's Church at 2:30 o'clock.

MORFORD.—At Middletown, N. J., on Tuesday, April 18, 1876, ANNIE E. SPADER, wife of Albert Morford, in the 33d year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral on Friday, April 21, at 11 A. M. Carriages will be in waiting at Middletown Depot to convey friends to the church. Trains leave foot of Liberty st. at 8:15 A. M.

PARKIN.—In Brooklyn, on Wednesday, April 19, of diphtheria, LILLIAN WINTHROP, aged 6 years, and EDWARD PERCY, aged 3 years, children of Henry H. and Cora M. Parkin.

Funeral service at Grace Church, on the Heights, Friday, 3 o'clock.

☞ Syracuse papers please copy.

REMSEN.—On Wednesday, April 19, MARY E., wife of James Remsen, in the 69th year of her age.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend her funeral, on Friday, at 4 P. M., from her late residence, No. 174 Delancey st. Remains taken to Green-Wood Saturday.

ROOSEVELT.—In Paris, France, Feb. 14, Mrs. CORNELIA ROOSEVELT, widow of James I. Roosevelt and daughter of the late ex-Gov. Van Ness, of Vermont.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral, at Grace Church, on Saturday morning, the 22d inst., at 10 o'clock, without further notice.

☞ Vermont papers please copy.

SALMON.—On Monday, the 17th inst., EDWARD JEFFERSON, son of the late James Salmon, in the 33d year of his age.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully requested to attend the funeral on Thursday morning, at 10:30 o'clock, from St. George's Church, Stuyvesant square, without further invitation.

SHAW.—On the 18th inst., ALEXANDER SHAW, in the 75th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, No. 324 West 27th st., on Thursday, 20th inst., at 1 o'clock P. M. His remains will be taken to Green-Wood for interment.

SKINNER.—On Tuesday, April 18, JOHN S. SKINNER, in the 66th year of his age.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, No. 94 West Houston st., on Thursday, at 10 o'clock A. M.

STEVENSON.—Suddenly, on Monday morning, the 17th inst., ISABELLA HAY, wife of Ninian Stevenson.

Funeral on Thursday, the 20th inst., at 10 o'clock A. M., from her late residence, foot of West 88th st., to which the relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited.

STEVENS.—Suddenly, on April 17, at Harrison, Westchester County, LUE J., wife of P. H. Stevens and daughter of the late Capt. Charles Stoddard.

Funeral at her late residence, on Thursday, at 12 M. Cars leave Grand Central Depot at 10:10 A. M. Carriages in waiting on arrival of train.

☞ Boston and New-Bedford papers please copy.

STODART.—In this City, April 19, at 4:30 P. M., MARCIA L., widow of the late Adam Stodart.

Notice of the funeral hereafter.

☞ Albany and San Francisco papers please copy.

TILLOU.—Suddenly, on Tuesday, April 18, FRANCIS TILLOU, in the 59th year of his age.

Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral at his late residence, No. 43 West 29th st., on Friday, the 21st inst., at 9:30 A. M.

UNDERHILL.—At San Diego, Cal., Third month, (March,) 27th, A. FREDERIC UNDERHILL, in his 21st year, only son of Abraham S. and Mary F. Underhill.

Friends and acquaintances of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral at the residence of his father, No. 232 East 18th st., at 10 o'clock on Fifth day, (Thursday,) 20th inst.

ASSOCIATION OF EXEMPT FIREMEN.—The members of the above association are hereby notified to meet at the Church of the Holy Trinity, 21st st., near 6th av., on this (Thursday) afternoon at 1 o'clock, for the purpose of paying the last tribute of respect to our late worthy member, BOLTIS MOORE.

FRANCIS HAGADORN, F. S.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

INDIGESTION.

Indigestion is a companion of civilization. No one ever heard of an Indian suffering from this disorder. Rich and unwholesome food produces it, and there are few indeed who do not suffer from its effects. Nearly all diseases originate from indigestion and a disordered liver. When this organ is not in a healthy condition there is a feeling of indolence, slight pain in the head, a sensation of thirst, and a desire to partake of pickles or some other acid relish. This condition of the system is very prevalent during the Spring months, and is caused by the efforts of nature to expel the accumulation of bile about the liver. In order to prevent a serious and sometimes fatal case of sickness nature should be assisted. For this purpose no remedy equals DR. SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS. Three or four of these taken at night before retiring will have the desired effect. By morning the unhealthy accumulation of bile will be removed and the liver will again be unobstructed and restored to a healthy condition. This great medicine sells at the low price of twenty-five cents per box, and a single dose may be the means of preventing a prolonged and probably fatal case of illness and the heavy expense of a physician's attendance.

BIBLE READINGS FOR LADIES.

In the Chapel of the Church of the Holy Trinity, 43d st., near the Grand Central Depot. Miss LOGAN and Miss BEARD, of England, will address the ladies of the City in the Chapel, No. 46 East 43d st., every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, and FRIDAY, at 4 o'clock P. M. All ladies are invited.

BRIC-A-BRAC AND WEDDING PRESENTS.
CHINESE AND JAPANESE VASES CHEAP.
KUNGSEE, KINKIANG AND CANTON DECORATED AND CRACKLED VASES.
SATSUMA, KIOTO, AND KOBE TETE-A-TETE SETS.
PARKE'S, No. 186 FRONT ST., NEAR FULTON.

HIPPODROME,
THURSDAY EVENING, APRIL 20.
See Amusement Column.

MOODY AND SANKEY. GOSPEL HYMNS. Book, 35 cents. "Waiting and Watching for Me," beautiful song, 35 cents; "Not Very Far," 35 cents; "Valley of Blessing," 25 cents. Mailed. FREDERICK BLUME, No. 27 Union square.

R. STUART WILLIS, ATTORNEY AND Counselor at Law, Notary Public, No. 182 Broadway, Room No. 4 New-York. N. B.—Special attention paid to settling "estates," conveyancing, and City and country collection.

VOCAL SOCIETY—LAST CONCERT THIS SEASON.—Chickering Hall THIS EVENING. Tickets at music stores and at the door.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

HIPPODROME.

The Box-office on Madison avenue will be open THIS MORNING at 8 o'clock for the sale of reserved seats and the few remaining boxes for the TWELFTH REGIMENT CONCERT AND DRILL in the evening.

HERMAN TROST & CO.,
Importers of
FRENCH CHINA,
Dinner, Tea, and Chamber Sets, &c.,
TABLE GLASSWARE,
CLOCKS AND BRONZES.
Sèvres, Dresden, Berlin, Worcester Porcelain, Parian Marble Statuettes and Busts, Modern and Antique
MAJOLICAS AND FAIENCES,
PALISSY,
and similar wares.
NEW-YORK—Nos. 48, 50, 52, and 54 Murray st.
PARIS—No. 130 Rue du Faubourg St. Denis.
LIMOGES—No. 38 Avenue du Crucifix.

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

The foreign mails for the week ending Saturday, April 22, will close at this Office on TUESDAY, at 10 A. M., for Europe per steamer Idaho, via Queenstown, and at 10 A. M. for France direct, per steamer Amerique, via Havre: on WEDNESDAY, at 10 A. M., for Europe, per steamer Bothnia, via Queenstown: on THURSDAY, at 11:30 A. M., for Europe, steamer Gellert, via Plymouth, Cherbourg, and Hamburg: on SATURDAY, at 11:30 A. M., for the Continent of Europe, per steamer Main, via Southampton and Bremen; and at 12 M., for Great Britain, Ireland, and France, per steamer Celtic, via Queenstown; and at 12 M., for Scotland direct, must be specially addressed, per steamer Bolivia, via Glasgow. The mails for China, &c., will leave San Francisco, May 1; the direct mails for Porto Rico, Brazil, &c., will leave New-York, May 15; the mails for the West Indies, via Havana, will leave New-York, April 27.

T. L. JAMES, Postmaster.

BRIGHT'S DISEASE, DIABETES, DROPSY, catarrh, calculus, gravel, gout, rheumatism, dyspepsia, diseases of the heart, blood, liver, kidneys, bladder, prostate gland, premature debility, chronic and female diseases hitherto incurable. Pamphlets explaining their successful treatment by ASAHEL, MADE OF GOD, Bethesda Mineral Spring Water, and Dr. A. HAWLEY HEATH, author and proprietor, free. Depot and reception rooms 200 Broadway, New-York. Reduced to 25 cents a gallon per barrel.

BLAIR'S PILLS.—THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY for gout and rheumatism. Sure, safe, effectual. PROUT & HARSANT, Proprietors, London. H. PLANTEN & SON, No. 224 William st., New-York, Agents. Box, 34 pills, $1 25, by mail. Sold by druggists.

SAMPLE TEAS! CHEAPEST AND BEST!
Choice, 30c. per pound.
Extra Choice, 38c. per pound.
PARKE'S, No. 186 Front st., near Fulton.

BRAINERD, ARMSTRONG & CO., MANUFACTURERS of sewing silk, machine twist, button-hole twist, and embroidery silks, No. 469 Broadway, New-York: No. 301 Market st., Philadelphia.

TREES AND PLANTS.
S. B. PARSONS & SONS'
KISSENA NURSERIES, FLUSHING, N. Y.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

EXPERIMENTS IN CO-OPERATION.

Mr. Charles Barnard, author of the recently published article in SCRIBNER'S MONTHLY upon the Philadelphia Loan Association, entitled "A Hundred Thousand Homes," begins a series of articles upon commercial and industrial co-operation in the United States and Great Britain in the May number of this magazine, now ready. Before completing the series he will visit England and Scotland to make an exhaustive examination of the subject in all its branches.

"THE WEDDING AT OGDEN FARM."
BY COL. GEORGE E. WARING, JR.

This "true story" in the May SCRIBNER, now ready, is one of the best magazine sketches which has appeared for a long time; it touches the question of help on the farm in a very graphic way.

BOWDOIN COLLEGE.

The Alma Mater of Hawthorne, Longfellow, and a host of other distinguished men, has its place in the College Series this month in SCRIBNER'S MONTHLY, now ready.

WHAT A PRINTER HAS TO SAY ABOUT ANOTHER PRINTER.

Mr. Theo. L. De Vinne, the printer of SCRIBNER'S MONTHLY, has an article on John Gutenberg in the May SCRIBNER, now ready. It is handsomely illustrated and well written, and is worth reading as showing what a printer has to say about the founder of his art.

MAY AGNES FLEMING'S NEW NOVEL.
ONE NIGHT'S MYSTERY.
Ready this week. Carleton & Co., Publishers.

ST. NICHOLAS FOR MAY
Contains the first part of a translation from the French by T. B. ALDRICH, entitled
"THE CAT AND THE COUNTESS,"
with nearly forty comical Silhouettes by Hopkins.
Also the second part of
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CHARLES HALE'S ACCOUNT OF THE KHEDIVE AND HIS COURT.
MRS. KEMBLE'S GOSSIP; and other interesting papers, besides full reviews of RECENT LITERATURE, ART, and MUSIC, will be found in the May ATLANTIC, which is
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Price: 35 cents a number; $4 a year.
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SECOND NUMBER (MAY) NOW READY.
With a fine, large steel portrait of Mr. MOODY, the great Revivalist.

Something entirely new and original in the way of a monthly magazine. Being a sort of reference scrap-book, or monthly record of every important event of any nature that happens in any part of the world, together with a selection of the choicest current miscellany, prose and poetry, foreign and domestic. Edited by FRANK MOORE, of the "Rebellion Record."

By far the most attractive and readable high-toned monthly magazine ever issued. Sold everywhere, and sent free by mail, on receipt of 50 cents, by
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BANCROFT'S HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES
Vol. 3. Centenary Edition. 12mo. Cloth. $2 25.
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LITTLE, BROWN & CO., Publishers.
No. 254 Washington st., Boston.

MAY AGNES FLEMING'S NEW NOVEL.
ONE NIGHT'S MYSTERY.
Ready this week. Carleton & Co., Publishers.

POLITICAL.

REGULAR MEETING OF THE TENTH Assembly District Republican Association will be held at Head-quarters, Nos. 28 and 30 Avenue A, THIS (Thursday) EVENING at 8 o'clock.

JACOB M. PATTERSON, JR., President.

WM. GLASER, Secretary.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

THE UP-TOWN OFFICE OF THE TIMES.

The up-town office of THE TIMES is located at **No. 1,257 Broadway, bet. 31st and 32d sts.** Open daily, Sundays included, from 4 A. M. to 9 P. M. Subscriptions received, and copies of THE TIMES for sale.

ADVERTISEMENTS RECEIVED UNTIL 9 P. M.

ONE LANDAU, ONE CLARENCE, ONE VICTORIA, and one phaeton, nearly new; used by a private family. To be seen at M. CURLEY'S, Nos. 109, 111, and 113 East 13th st., near 4th av.

FOR SALE—CLARENCE, PARK PHAETON, TROTting and depot wagon, harnesses, blankets, &c. Apply at No. 40 West 13th st., between 12 and 1 P. M.

A VERY HANDSOME VICTORIA, NEARLY new, pair of horses, double harness, &c., for sale at front private stable, No. 150 West 31st st.

FOR SALE CHEAP—COUPE-ROCKAWAY, IN good order; pole and shafts. No. 17 East 30th st.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

THE UP-TOWN OFFICE OF THE TIMES.

The up-town office of THE TIMES is located at **No. 1,257 Broadway, bet. 31st and 32d sts.** Open daily, Sundays included, from 4 A. M. to 9 P. M. Subscriptions received, and copies of THE TIMES for sale.

ADVERTISEMENTS RECEIVED UNTIL 9 P. M.

AT MORISON'S

Oldest, largest, and most reliable institute, Corner 11th st. and 6th av.

Best class of girls waiting for situations, City or country, at reduced wages.

A PROTESTANT SERVANTS' BUREAU.—For families, hotels, &c., wanting good servants, male or female; City or country; also good colored help. No. 138 6th av.

A NUMBER OF COMPETENT GERMAN servants for all capacities at Mrs. LOWE'S Bureau for German Servants, No. 131 13th st., between 3d and 4th avs.

CHAMBER-MAID AND SEAMSTRESS, OR chamber-maid and washing, or laundress.—By a Protestant young woman; good seamstress; cut, fit, operate, dress-make, &c.; good laundress; French fluting and fine work; City or country; best City testimonials. Call at Bookham's, No. 307 4th av., near 23d st.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS.—BY A neat, tidy young girl, who understands her duties thoroughly; is obliging and steady, and a good waitress; understands the care and cleaning of silver, glassware, &c.; has long City reference. Call at Carpenter's, No. 108 6th av.

CHAMBER-MAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—BY a respectable girl as chamber-maid and seamstress, or as waitress and seamstress, in a small family; operates on sewing machines, and has good City reference from where she has lived several years. Can be seen for two days, at No. 835 2d av., first floor.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS.—BY AN English Protestant young woman; thoroughly experienced as chamber-maid, and a first-class waitress, and has superior City reference. Apply at Odell & Co.'s, No. 109 West 34th st., corner Broadway.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS.—BY A most respectable Protestant young girl as first-class chamber-maid and waitress; has City reference. Call at the Church of Our Saviour, near 39th st. and 3d av., from 10 to 12.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A FIRST-CLASS PROTestant young woman; very careful and neat in her work; can do plain sewing, or would assist the waiter; well recommended. Can be seen at No. 602 6th av., between 35th and 36th sts., Jacquin's Bureau.

CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—BY A WELSH PROTestant girl as first-class chamber-maid, and sew or assist in the pantry; best of reference. Call at Mrs. Reynolds' New Protestant Agency, No. 423 4th av., corner 29th st.; removed from 27th st.

CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—BY A NEAT, TIDY young girl to do chamber-work and sewing, or chamber-work and waiting; has good City references; will make herself generally useful. Call for two days at No. 1,054 1st av.

CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—BY A RESPECTABLE young girl as chamber-maid and to do fine washing; no objection to the country; best City reference from last place. Call for two days at 201 East 38th st.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS.—BY A respectable young girl as chamber-maid and waitress; no objection to the country: good reference. Apply at No. 126 West 35th st., in the store.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS.—BY A young woman as chamber-maid and waitress in a private family; good reference. Apply at No. 142 West 28th st., in the store.

CHAMBER-MAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—BY a Protestant young girl as chamber-maid and seamstress; can operate on the sewing-machine; best reference. Call at No. 578 10th av., corner 42d st.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS.—BY A respectable young woman as chamber-maid and assist with washing; eight years' reference. Call at No. 245 West 29th st.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS.—BY A respectable young woman as chamber-maid and waitress; has no objection to fine washing; best City reference. Call at No. 315 West 20th st.

CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—BY A YOUNG GIRL as Chamber-maid and take care of growing children; understands all kinds of sewing; good waitress; best City reference. Call at 128 East 19th st.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTestant girl as chamber-maid; five years' good reference; no objection to City or country; latter preferred. Call at No. 133 West 28th st., third floor.

CHAMBER-MAID AND SEAMSTRESS, &c.—By a respectable girl as chamber-maid and seamstress, or would take care of grown children; no objection to the country. Call at No. 111 West 29th st.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS.—BY A respectable young girl as chamber-maid and waitress, or chamber-maid and seamstress; best City references. Call for two days at No. 308 East 34th st.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY AN ENGLISH PROTESTant girl as chamber-maid; thoroughly understands her business; country preferred for the Summer. Call at No. 109 West 41st st.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS.—BY A neat and very competent girl with excellent City references. Call for Annie, No. 951 6th av., second door above 53d st.

CHAMBER-MAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—BY a Protestant girl as chamber-maid and seamstress; good operator; good City reference. Call at No. 315 West 20th st.

CHAMBER-MAID.—IN A PRIVATE FAMILY AS first-class chamber-maid, or would go as parlor maid; is a thoroughly competent person; first-class City reference. Call at No. 418 East 19th st.

CHAMBER-MAID AND LAUNDRESS.—BY a respectable girl as chamber-maid and laundress in a private family; City reference. Call at No. 146 East 30th st., between Lexington and 3d avs.

CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—BY A YOUNG GIRL TO do light chamber-work and take care of grown children; City reference. Call at No. 208 East 63d st., one flight up.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS.—BY A respectable young girl as chamber-maid and waitress, or parlor-maid; is a good plain sewer; very good reference. Call at No. 112 West 40th st.

CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—BY A PROTESTANT young woman as chamber-maid and to do fine washing; capable and willing to assist with any work in a private family. Call at No. 20 West 13th st., rear.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS.—BY A north of Ireland Protestant girl as chamber-maid and waitress; has excellent City reference. Call at No. 109 West 41st st.

CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—BY A RESPECTABLE young girl as first-class chambermaid and to do plain family sewing; four years' reference from last employer. Call at No. 372 7th av.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS.—BY A young girl as chamber-maid and waitress in a private family; City reference. Call at No. 265 West 32d st.

CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—BY A RESPECTABLE colored girl as first-class chamber-maid and waitress in a private family, or chamber-maid in a boarding-house; good reference. Call at 130 West 30th st.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A YOUNG GIRL AS chamber-maid; is willing to assist with washing and ironing; has first-class City reference from her last place. Call or address K. J., No. 68 Spring st.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL as chamber-maid and waitress; has good City reference. Call at No. 430 2d av.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL as chamber-maid; willing and obliging. Call at No. 448 West 52d st., first floor.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS.—BY A young girl as chamber-maid and waitress. Call for two days at No. 201 East 37th st.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A PROTESTANT WOMan as first-class chamber-maid; no objection to the country; good reference. Call at No. 259 7th av.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A SCOTCH PROTESTant girl. Call or address for two days, 639 6th av.

CHAR-WOMAN.—BY A RESPECTABLE SCOTCH woman to go out by the day as laundress, or will do house cleaning. Call at 241 West 22d st., rear fourth floor.

CHARWOMAN.—A PERSON WISHES TO GO OUT by the day to wash and iron and house clean; best City reference. Call at No. 122 West 19th st., rear, first floor.

COOK, &c.—CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—BY two Scotch Canadians, together, in City or country; one as cook and laundress, the other as chamber-maid and waitress; understand their work, and will do it; good reference. Call at No. 366 6th av., near 23d st.

COOK, WASHER, AND IRONER.—BY A Swiss Protestant young woman as good family cook; makes good bread and biscuit, soups, roasts, pastry, &c., and is an excellent washer and ironer; can furnish unexceptionable references. Call at No. 205 6th av., near 14th st.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN, AS first-class cook in a private family; understands her business thoroughly; no objections to going a short distance in the country; has excellent City references. Address A. C., Box No. 323 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, NO. 1,257 BROADWAY.

COOK, WASHER, AND IRONER.—BY A young woman as cook and laundress in a private family; City or country; makes good bread and biscuit, soups, roasts, desserts, &c.; can furnish undoubted reference. Apply at Odell & Co.'s, No. 109 West 34th st., corner of Broadway; inquire for L.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS COOK AND assist with washing; best City reference from last place; no cards answered. Call for two days at No. 217 East 29th st., first floor, back.

COOK, &c.—BY A YOUNG WOMAN AS COOK; will assist with washing; three years' reference. Call for two days at No. 201 East 37th st.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

COOK AND COARSE WASHING.—BY A REspectable woman; eight years' reference; first-class family cook; makes all kinds of nice soups, roasts, brown gravies, jellies, preserves, desserts, pastry, ices, &c. Apply at Odell & Co.'s, No. 109 West 34th st.

COOK.—BY A PROFESSIONAL COOK; HAS LIVED in best City families; wages $25, with or without a kitchen-maid; understands her business fully; exceedingly neat; highest testimonials. Call at Jacquin's Bureau, No. 602 6th av., between 35th and 36th sts., first floor.

COOK—LAUNDRESS.—BY TWO RESPECTABLE girls; one as cook, the other as laundress; can furnish best City reference; have no objection to go in the country for the summer months. Call at No. 235 9th av., ring fourth bell.

COOK.—BY A STEADY, RELIABLE WOMAN AS first-class cook; thoroughly understands her business; excels in baking and pastry; prefers going to the country with a family; best City reference. Call at No. 203 West 27th st., near 7th av., one flight back.

COOK—LAUNDRESS, &c.—BY A LADY DEclining housekeeping, for two faithful servants who wish places together, as cook and laundress and up-stairs girl. Apply at or address, before Saturday, No. 160 West 22d st.

COOK, OR COOK, WASHER, AND IRONER.—By a Protestant young woman; well recommended; good family cook; meats, game, pastries, &c.; good baker; good washer and ironer; country or City. Call at Bookham's, No. 307 4th av., near 23d st.

COOK, WASHER, AND IRONER.—BY A VERY respectable young woman; good plain cook; can get up nice desserts, good baker, &c.; country or City; very best references for capability. At Bookham's, No. 307 4th av., near 23d st.

COOK.—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL; THOROUGHLY understands her business; can take full charge of a kitchen; understands cooking in all its branches; would assist with washing in a small family; best City reference. Call at No. 247 West 31st st., basement.

COOK, WASHER, AND IRONER.—BY A REliable young woman who is a good cook; makes soups, bread, biscuits, pastries, &c., in superior style; is also an excellent washer and ironer; has good City reference. Call at Carpenter's, No. 108 6th av.

COOK, WASHER, AND IRONER.—BY A REspectable woman as excellent cook, washer, and ironer; three years' reference from last employer. Call for two days at No. 232 West 30th st.

COOK.—BY AN EXPERIENCED WOMAN AS FIRST-class cook; understands all kinds soups, meats, pastry, and jellies; is an excellent baker; City reference. Apply at No. 107 West 18th st., first floor.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS FIRST-class cook; can give six years' best City reference from her last place. Call at No. 324 East 26th st., second floor, back room.

COOK AND LAUNDRESS.—BY AN EXCELLENT plain cook and laundress; would like her daughter, 13 years old, with her; City or country; City reference. Call at No. 210 Elizabeth st., 2d floor.

COOK.—BY A FIRST-CLASS COOK; UNDERSTANDS all kinds of soups and pastry; good baker; City or country; best City reference from last employer. Call at No. 1,323 Broadway.

COOK.—BY A FIRST-CLASS FRENCH COOK, REAL cordon bleu, and highly recommended as to honesty, sobriety, neatness, &c. Can be seen at the French Office, No. 1,233 Broadway.

COOK.—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN AS FIRST-class cook; excellent City reference; no objection to go in the country. Call for two days at No. 489 1st av., near 29th st.

COOK.—BY A PROFESSIONAL COOK; UNDERstands soups, meats, poultry, and game, boning, larding, jellies, pastry, desserts of various kinds; would go to the country. Call at 109½ West 15th st.

COOK.—BY AN ENGLISH PROTESTANT WOMAN as first-class cook; understands her business thoroughly; has excellent references. Call at No. 109 West 41st st.

COOK.—BY A WOMAN AS COOK, WASHER, AND ironer; good table; no objection to a short distance in the country. Call for two days at No. 428 East 13th st.; no postal cards answered.

COOK AND LAUNDRESS IN THE COUNTRY.—By a neat, competent, industrious girl, with excellent testimonials. Call at No. 951 6th av., second door above 53d st.

COOK.—AS FIRST-CLASS COOK IN A PRIVATE family; is a good baker; will do the coarse washing; two years' City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 140 West 19th st.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS GOOD cook, and to do the coarse washing; four years last place. Can be seen at her last employer's, No. 54 West 18th st.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS COOK in a private family; can do all kinds of cooking; lived four years in her last place; no washing. Call for two days at No. 231 West 26th st., in the rear.

COOK, WASHER, AND IRONER.—BY A REspectable young woman as experienced cook, washer, and ironer; City reference; City or country. Call at No. 122 Houston st., corner 2d av.

COOK, &c.—CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—BY two young girls, one to do plain cooking and to assist in washing; the other as chamber-maid and waitress. Call for two days at No. 961 1st av.

COOK.—BY A COMPETENT WOMAN AS FIRST-class cook in a private family; understands all kinds of baking; best City reference. Call at No. 585 3d av. Ring third bell.

COOK, &c.—BY A GOOD EXPERIENCED COOK; understands baking; no objection to assist at washing and ironing. Call at No. 342 East 23d st.

COOK.—BY A WELL RECOMMENDED WOMAN, with a nice, plain family, as cook, washer, and ironer. Address No. 309 West 44th st.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS COOK in a private family; can give three years' reference. Call at No. 236 East 37th st.

COOK.—BY A FIRST-CLASS COOK, IN A PRIVATE family; country preferred; good City reference; understands milk and butter. Call at No. 386 Grand st.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS GOOD cook; is an excellent baker; City or country; best City reference. Call at No. 3 West 51st st.

COOK.—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN; IS A GOOD plain cook; willing to go to the country; has City reference. Call at No. 731 6th av., in the shoe store.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS COOK; best City reference; no objection to go a short distance in the country. Apply at No. 218 East 45th st.

DRESS-MAKER.—AN EXPERIENCED DRESS-maker would like a few more engagements by the day in private families; cuts by the Taylor system. Call at No. 321 West 41st st.

GENERAL HOUSE-WORK.—BY A GERMAN Protestant girl, in City or country. Call at No. 277 Bowery.

HOUSEKEEPER.—BY A LADY WITH A THOROUGHLY practical knowledge of the domestic economy of a household; desirous of obtaining a position where she could discharge the duties as housekeeper or companion; could take the charge of an invalid or travel with a party needing a responsible companion; City references unexceptionable. Address, for one week, C. H., Box 276 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, NO. 1,257 BROADWAY.

HOUSE-KEEPER.—BY AN ELDERLY AND also middle-aged lady, in some good family for any position of trust; would take care of house, invalid, or children, and sew; cares more for home than compensation; unexceptionable reference. Call or address Useful, No. 85 East 4th st.

HOUSEKEEPER—OF MANY YEARS' EXPERIence, in a private family; is a thorough housekeeper and fully competent of taking full charge; satisfactory references. Call on E. M. C., care of Young Ladies' Christian Association, No. 7 East 15th st., from 10 to 2.

HOUSEKEEPER.—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG lady as housekeeper, companion, or any position of trust; is a good seamstress; is very kind to children; best of reference. Call at No. 578 10th av., near 42d st.

HOUSEKEEPER.—AS WORKING HOUSEKEEPER in Summer boarding-house or private family; good reference. Address E. B., Box No. 311 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, NO. 1,257 BROADWAY.

HOUSE-WORK.—BY A NEAT, RESPECTABLE woman; understands all kinds of work; not particular what she does; a good home is more desirable than high wages; country or City; good reference. Call at Bookham's, No. 307 4th av., near 23d st.

HOUSE-WORK, &c.—BY A GOOD ENGLISH girl, for general house-work; can do plain cooking and good washing and ironing; also a good chamber-maid and waitress; both have the best of references. Call at No. 247 3d av., near 20th st., over bakery.

HOUSE-WORK.—BY A GERMAN PROTESTANT young woman; would like a place in City or country; is a plain cook and a good laundress; is also willing to make herself generally useful; can furnish good reference. Call at No. 366 6th av., near 23d st.

HOUSE-WORK.—BY A YOUNG WELSH GIRL AS cook, washer, and ironer, or to do general work; is a good worker, neat in her person, and obliging; would like a steady place; four years in last place. Call at No. 366 6th av., between 22d and 23d sts.

HOUSE-WORK.—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl to do general house-work in a small family; City or country; wages low; City reference. Call at No. 152 West 10th st.

HOUSE-WORK.—BY A STEADY PROTESTANT middle-aged woman to do general house-work in a small private family. Call at No. 1,165 East 61st st., second floor.

HOUSE-WORK.—BY TWO NEAT, TIDY YOUNG girls to do the work of a small private family; are willing to go to the country for the Summer; have good City references. Call at No. 1,054 1st av.

HOUSE-WORK.—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl to do general house-work in a small private family; best City reference. Call at 327 East 37th st.

LADY'S MAID.—BY A GERMAN YOUNG woman as lady's maid, or will take care of grown children. Call for two days at No. 23 West 27th st.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A FULLY COMPETENT young woman who is a good family laundress; can starch, puff, polish, flute, and do up gentlemen's shirts in superior style; has good recommendations. Call at Carpenter's, No. 108 6th av.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS first-class laundress; flutes, puffs, polishes, &c., and can do up all kinds of ladies' fineries; unexceptionable reference from last place. Odell & Co.'s, No. 109 West 34th st. and Broadway; inquire for M. R.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman as first-class laundress in a private family; understands French fluting and doing up fine muslins, laces, &c.; has excellent City reference. Apply at Bedell's, No. 340 4th av.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman as first-class laundress in a private family; best City reference from last employer. Call at No. 245 West 29th st.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A LAUNDRESS IN A PRIVATE family; no objection to the country or City; has the best of references. Call at No. 200 West 24th st. Ring bell three times.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A YOUNG ENGLISH PROTestant laundress in a first-class private family; is a first-class laundress. Call at No. 109 West 41st st.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman as first-class laundress in a private family; understands all kinds of fine washing, French fluting, &c.; three years' best City reference from her last place; City or country. Apply at A. Pelton's, No. 645 6th av.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A SCOTCH GIRL AS FIRST-class laundress; City or country; City references. Call at No. 163 10th av., corner 20th st.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A FIRST-CLASS LAUNDRESS; has best City reference; one who prefers to live in private family. Call at No. 112 West 17th st.

MAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—BY A NEAT young woman, with undoubted City reference; can cut and fit, operates, and understands hair dressing, and would like a place to travel. Can be seen at Odell & Co.'s, No. 109 West 34th st. and Broadway.

NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS, OR CHAMber-maid and Seamstress.—By a respectable young woman; best City testimonials; excellent seamstress; cuts, fits, trims, &c.; excellent chamber-maid; would take care of growing children or wait on a lady; City or country. Call at Bookham's, No. 307 4th av.

NURSE AND CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A young French woman, who understands the care of small or grown children and is an experienced chamber-maid; City or country; excellent references. Apply at Odell & Co.'s, No. 109 West 34th st., corner Broadway.

NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—BY A SCOTCH Protestant girl as nurse and seamstress, or will wait on an invalid lady; good sewer; can operate on Wheeler & Wilson machine; no objection to go with a family to Europe. Apply at No. 645 6th av., between 47th and 48th sts.

NURSE.—BY A FIRST-CLASS INFANT'S NURSE; fully competent to take entire charge from its birth or bring up on the bottle if required; is a neat hand sewer; five years' reference from last place. Call at No. 288 3d av., between 22d and 23d sts.

NURSES.—BY TWO YOUNG FRENCH PROTESTant girls, from Paris, (speaking English,) as nurse for grown up children and to sew in good families; good references. Address H. C., Box No. 307 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, NO. 1,257 BROADWAY.

NURSE.—BY A GENTEEL YOUNG GERMAN GIRL, speaking French fluently, would like to take charge of growing children or wait on young ladies; is experienced, and a good seamstress. Call at No. 602 6th av., between 35th and 36th sts., first floor.

NURSE, &c.—BY A GIRL WILLING TO TAKE care of children or invalid; willing to travel; understands Wheeler & Wilson and Willcox & Gibbs machines; City reference. Address, for two days, W. M., Box 266 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, 1,257 BROADWAY.

NURSE.—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG AMERIcan girl as nurse, and to make herself useful; a comfortable home more of an object than high wages; highly recommended from last place. Call at No. 219 East 29th st.

NURSE.—BY A LADY, FOR A GERMAN PROTESTant girl seventeen years old, just arrived, and speaking no English, to help in the care of children. Apply on Wednesday and Thursday, from 10 to 2, at No. 6 East 40th st.

NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—BY A COMPEtent nurse and seamstress; can take entire charge of a baby or growing children; can be seen from 11 to 3. Call at No. 299 Madison av., present employer's.

NURSE AND CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A REspectable girl as nurse and chamber-maid; willing and obliging; ten years' reference from last place. Call at No. 1,012 6th av.

NURSE.—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN, WHO UNderstands the care of an infant; City or country; good references. Call at the West-side Relief Association, No. 403 West 29th st.

NURSE.—BY A THOROUGHLY COMPETENT PERson as nurse; is capable of taking the entire charge of a baby from its birth; eight years' reference. Call at No. 142 East 35th st.

NURSE.—BY A COMPETENT WOMAN AS EXperienced monthly nurse; best of physicians' and families' references. Call at No. 502 2d av., corner of 28th st.

NURSE.—BY A YOUNG PROTESTANT GIRL AS nurse for children, or to do light house-work. Call at Mrs. Reynolds' New Protestant Agency, No. 423 4th av., corner 29th st.

NURSE AND CHAMBER-MAID.—BY AN American Protestant girl as nurse and chamber-maid; can give over three years' best City reference. Call for two days at No. 489 1st av., near 29th st.

NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—BY A YOUNG woman; can take the entire charge of an infant or would assist with chamber-work; has City reference. Call at No. 39 East 10th st., near Broadway.

NURSE AND CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A young Protestant Welsh nurse and chamber-maid; City reference. Call at No. 225 East 51st st.

NURSERY GOVERNESS.—BY A FRENCH girl as nursery governess or maid; no objection to travel in Europe; can be well recommended. Call at No. 1 East 28th st.

NURSERY GOVERNESS.—BY A COMPETENT French person; best City reference. Address B. M., Box No. 327 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, NO. 1,257 BROADWAY.

PARLOR MAID.—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL as parlor maid; has six years' reference; is willing to work, and anxious to be engaged. Call at No. 219 East 29th st.

SEAMSTRESS, &c.—BY A FIRST-CLASS SEAMstress; is a first-class operator on the Wheeler & Wilson machine, and understands all kinds of family sewing; is a good dress-maker, cutter, and fitter; would assist with the chamber-work or children; City or country; good references. Call at No. 603 8th av.

SEAMSTRESS, &c.—BY A YOUNG WOMAN AS seamstress and lady's maid; can cut and fit for ladies and children; operates on Wheeler & Wilson's machine; would assist with children; best City reference. Can be seen until suited at No. 704 3d av., near 44th st.

SEAMSTRESS.—BY A FRENCH WOMAN AS first-class seamstress; cuts, fits, and operates, and has superior references. Can be seen until suited at Odell & Co.'s Agency, No. 109 West 34th st., corner of Broadway.

SEAMSTRESS.—BY A COMPETENT DRESS-maker; has a Wheeler & Wilson; City or country; is middle-aged; will be useful. Apply or address, with fare, No. 145 East 32d st.

SEAMSTRESS.—BY A COMPETENT SEAMstress; can do all kinds of family sewing; would do a little house-work or wait on growing children; best City reference. Call at No. 137 West 50th st.

SEAMSTRESS.—BY A WOMAN WHO IS A FIRST-class seamstress and operator on different machines; would wait on an invalid or assist with chamber-work. Call at No. 346 East 31st st.

STOREKEEPER.—BY A COMPETENT WOMAN as hotel storekeeper; no objection to the country. Call or address No. 125 West 24th st., bell No. 16.

OPERATOR.—BY A COMPETENT OPERATOR ON the Wheeler & Wilson machine; would like to make a few more engagements by the day; thoroughly understands making all kinds of children's clothes, and all kinds of fine work by machine. Address Operator, Box 285 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, 1,257 BROADWAY.

TAILORESS.—BOYS' CLOTHES CUT AND MADE; work solicited in families. Address Boys' Clothes, No. 219 West 30th st.

TO FAMILIES AND OTHERS

Seeking reliable servants. J. W. Carpenter, No. 108 6th av., near 9th st., (established in 1847,) will supply for City or country good Protestant and Catholic help; reduced wages; moderate charges.

WAITRESS, &c.—BY AN EXCELLENT GIRL OF twenty as waitress and chamber-maid; five years' reference from last place; understands her business in every particular; City or country. Call at No. 366 6th av., near 23d st.

WAITRESS.—BY A VERY NEAT AND TIDY young woman as first-class waitress in a private family; understands making salads and care of silver perfectly; is capable of filling a man's place; has excellent City reference. Apply at Bedell's, 340 4th av.

WAITRESS AND CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A respectable young girl as waitress and chamber-maid or as chamber-maid and seamstress; has no objection to the country; City reference. Call at No. 1,042 3d av., between 61st and 62d sts.; ring the bell.

WAITRESS.—BY A PROFESSIONAL WAITRESS, who can make dressings, salads, and understands serving wines and cleaning silver; has excellent references; is fully capable of filling a first-class place. Can be seen at 602 6th av., between 35th and 36th sts.

WAITRESS.—BY A YOUNG GIRL AS FIRST-CLASS waitress in a private family; thoroughly understands her business; has the best of City references. Call at No. 151 West 38th st.

WAITRESS.—BY A YOUNG WOMAN AS FIRST-class waitress in a private family; best City reference; can make salads; City or country. Call at No. 114 West 33d st., first floor.

WAITRESS AND CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A competent woman to do waiting and chamber-work in a small family; nine years' reference from last place. Call at No. 116 East 17th st.

WAITRESS OR CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A young woman as first-class waitress or chamber-maid; City or country; best City reference. Call at No. 927 Broadway.

WAITRESS, &c.—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN as waitress and fine washing; good City reference. Call at No. 57 East 41st st.

WAITRESS, &c.—BY AN EXPERIENCED WAITress; no objection to assist at up-stairs work; best City reference given. Call at No. 342 East 23d st.

WAITRESS.—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOMan as waitress; City reference. Call at No. 342 West 37th st.

WAITRESS.—BY A FIRST-CLASS WAITRESS; thoroughly understands her business; good reference. Can be seen at No. 151 East 32d st.

WAITRESS.—BY A FIRST-CLASS WAITRESS. Call at present employer's, No. 108 East 37th st., from 10 to 12.

WANTED.—BY A RESPECTABLE, COMPETENT person, work by the day or week, or can do house-work for a small family in the City or country; can be recommended. Call or address Mrs. Cosgrove, No. 21 Prince st., rear building.

WASHING.—BY A RESPECTABLE COLORED woman to take washing at her own home; good reference. Call at No. 153 West 30th st., rear, second floor.

WASHING.—EXCELLENT WASHWOMAN WANTS ladies' or gentlemen's washing at her house, or will go out by the day; nice place for drying clothes; good references. Mrs. Baker, No. 831 2d av.

WASHING.—BY A RESPECTABLE WIDOW WOMan to go out by the day washing and ironing, or to take it to her own rooms; best City reference. Call at No. 252 West 47th st.

WASHING.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN WISHES ladies', gentlemen's, and family washing to do at her residence; seven years' reference. Call at No. 220 West 27th st.

WASHING AND IRONING.—BY A RESPECTable colored lady by the week or dozen; terms reasonable; good reference. Call or address Mrs. Lomax, No. 129 West 26th st.

WET NURSE.—BY A RESPECTABLE, HEALTHY woman as wet nurse; City reference; no objections to the country. Call or address Edgeworth, No. 157 West 41st st., Nurse Agency.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

AT MORISON'S

First-class and reliable servants' office, Corner 11th st. and 6th av.

Best class of farmers, farm-hands, coachmen, gardeners, &c., waiting for situations, at reduced wages.

A COLORED MAN WANTS A SITUATION as mattress-maker; will go out by the day. Apply at No. 130 West 30th st., first floor.

BUTLER.—BY AN ENGLISH PROTESTANT BUTler, who is first class and has lived in the best of families here and in England; can be highly recommended from present employer. Call at Jacquin's Bureau, No. 602 6th av., between 35th and 36th sts., first floor.

BUTLER AND WAITER.—BY A PROTESTANT, in a first-class private family; thoroughly competent; excellent City references, and highly recommended. Address J. J., Box No. 255 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, NO. 1,257 BROADWAY.

COACHMAN.—BY A RESPECTABLE MAN; THOROUGHLY understands his business; several years experience in City; honest, sober, and trustworthy, as former employers certify; excellent City reference as a careful driver; no objections to any part of the country. Address James, Box No. 206 *Times* Office.

COACHMAN.—BY A MAN OF PRACTICAL EXperience; has recommendations from first-class families in Europe and this City; is a thorough horseman and a careful driver; trustworthy in every respect; can be seen at present employer's private stables. Address William, No. 153 East 38th st.

COACHMAN.—BY A MARRIED MAN, PROTESTant, highly recommended by his present employer; thoroughly understands the care of horses, carriages, and harness; six and a half years in his last place. Can be seen at his present employer's private stable, No. 6 West 30th st.

COACHMAN AND GROOM.—BY A COMPEtent man; thoroughly understands his business; is a careful driver, a superior groom, and is strictly temperate; willing and obliging; City or country; highly recommended in every respect. Apply at former employer's private residence, No. 39 West 34th st.

COACHMAN AND GARDENER.—BY A REspectable young man as coachman and gardener; understands the care and management of horses, carriages, harness, &c.; is also a good vegetable gardener; has excellent reference. Apply at Bedell's, No. 348 4th av.

COACHMAN AND GROOM, OR GENERAL Man.—By a young man; undoubted references for capability, sobriety and industry; City or country; wages, moderate in a steady place. Address M. B., Box No. 328 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, NO. 1,257 BROADWAY.

COACHMAN.—BY A RELIABLE MAN WHO thoroughly understands his business; best of City references from some of the most respectable families in the City; five years in last place; no objection to the country. Address L. H., Box No. 276 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, NO. 1,257 BROADWAY.

COACHMAN.—BY A RESPECTABLE SINGLE, Protestant man, of sober, industrious habits; thoroughly experienced in the care and management of horses and carriages; experienced driver in City or country; not afraid of work; best reference. Address Rev. D. M. McCaffrey, No. 558 Lexington av., for James.

COACHMAN.—BY A MARRIED MAN; PROTESTant; no incumbrance; thoroughly understands his business; City or country; would prefer the country; can milk and take care of furnace; six years' first-class reference; willing and obliging. Address J. B., Box No. 232 *Times* Office.

COACHMAN.—BY A YOUNG MARRIED MAN; no family; understands the care of a gentleman's place in the country; Protestant; wages not so much an object as a permanent situation; first-class reference. Address H. B., Box No. 235 *Times* Office.

COACHMAN.—BY A YOUNG MARRIED MAN AS coachman and groom; sober, steady man, willing to make himself generally useful; no objections to the country; ten years' best of reference. Address J. N., Box No. 203 *Times* Office.

COACHMAN AND GROOM.—BY A SINGLE man as first-class coachman and groom; thoroughly understands his business; has six years' first-class City reference; is strictly temperate. Call on or address P. H., No. 9 West 44th st., private stable.

COACHMAN AND GROOM—HOUSE-MAID.—By a respectable man and wife, lately from the old country; man is a first-class coachman and groom; country preferred. Address T. M., Box No. 209 *Times* Office, till engaged.

COACHMAN.—BY A FIRST-CLASS MAN, WHO thoroughly understands his business; first-class City references; no objection to the country. Address N. M., Box No. 261 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, NO. 1,257 BROADWAY.

COACHMAN.—BY AN AMERICAN MARRIED MAN (no incumbrance) as coachman; good driver; wife can care children or do up-stairs work, if required; best reference. Call or address, for two days, No. 160 Spring st.

COACHMAN AND GARDENER.—BY AN American Protestant, as coachman and gardener; understands the care of horses, and can milk; willing to make himself useful about a gentleman's place; best of references. Address T. T., Box No. 221 *Times* Office.

COACHMAN, PLAIN GARDENER, &c.—BY a young single man, who can care and drive horses, milk, care cattle, do plain gardening, farmwork, &c.; good recommendations. Call at Carpenter's, No. 108 6th av., near 9th st.

COACHMAN AND GROOM.—BY A SINGLE man; thoroughly understands the care of horses and carriages; also, gardening, if required; willing and obliging; best City and country reference. Address L., or call at No. 108 West 30th st.

COACHMAN.—BY AN ENGLISHMAN, WHO THOROUGHLY understands his business; good groom; carefully City driver; understands gardening; City and country references. Address A. Warner, No. 322 East 66th st.

COACHMAN, GARDENER, &c.—BY A PROTestant single man, aged twenty-eight years, who can care and drive horses, mow lawns, edge walks, and do plain gardening, milk, &c.; good recommendations. Call at Carpenter's, No. 108 6th av., near 9th st.

COACHMAN AND PLAIN GARDENER.—BY a respectable man; Swede; understands thoroughly the care of horses; has unexceptionable reference. Call or address for three days No. 330 West 41st st., one flight of stairs, front room.

COACHMAN.—BY A COMPETENT YOUNG MAN as coachman; understands the care of horses and is a good driver; will make himself useful; six years' excellent references; country preferred. Call or address P. F., No. 44 East 32d st.

COACHMAN.—BY A SCOTCHMAN AS COACHman; married, no incumbrance; understands his business thoroughly; City or country. Address B. M., Box No. 267 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, NO. 1,257 BROADWAY.

COACHMAN AND VEGETABLE GARDENER.—By an American married man; will make himself generally useful about the place; six years in last place; good reference. Address J. R. N., Box No. 269 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, NO. 1,257 BROADWAY.

COACHMAN.—BY A SINGLE MAN; FULLY understands his business in all its branches; no objection to the country; has the best of City references. Call or address Thomas, private stable, No. 9 West 12th st.

COACHMAN OR GROOM—WITH SADDLE Horses.—By a single German man; country or City; good references. Apply at No. 20 West 13th st., harness store.

COACHMAN AND GROOM.—BY AN AMERICAN as coachman and groom; handy and useful man about a gentleman's place; best of reference. Address H. H., No. 465 4th av.

COACHMAN AND GARDENER.—BY A PROTestant single man of long experience in either department, and whom certificate will identify as such. Call or address J. G., No. 40 West 10th st.

COACHMAN AND GROOM.—BY A PROTESTant single man to work in a garden; has some of the very best City references. Address C. M., Box No. 244 *Times* Office.

COACHMAN.—BY A PROTESTANT MAN; UNderstands his business in every respect; has best City reference. Call or address private stable, No. 8 West 24th st.

COACHMAN.—BY A FIRST-CLASS COACHMAN; five years' City reference from his late employer; will be found agreeable, willing, and obliging. Call or address Coachman, No. 521 6th av., corner 44th st.

COACHMAN.—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG MAN to take care of horses; will make himself agreeable; no objections to the country. Call or address A. P., No. 114 West 25th st.

COACHMAN AND GROOM.—BY A FIRST-class young man; has the best of City references; can be seen at his present employer's. Call or address for two days, William, No. 128 West 32d st.

COACHMAN.—BY A YOUNG MAN OF STEADY habits; perfectly temperate, civil, and obliging; good reference from his late employer. Call or address P. L., private stable, No. 111 East 22d st.

COACHMAN.—BY A MARRIED MAN DISPOSED cheerfully to give all his time for the benefit of his employer; many years' reference; competent in all respects. Call or address M. D., No. 4 West 36th st.

COACHMAN.—BY AN ACCOMPLISHED COACHman; two years' highest City testimonials from last employer; is single; no objection to the country. Address R. W. C., No. 18 East 39th st., for two days.

COACHMAN, &c.—COOK, &c.—BY A MAN and wife; man as coachman and gardener, wife as cook or laundress; Protestants, and good reference. Address R., Coachman, No. 159 Washington st.

COACHMAN.—BY A FIRST-RATE COACHMAN; can do all sorts of work about a place and be generally useful; was six years with last master. Refers to W. Watson, No. 62 Wall st.

COACHMAN.—BY ONE WHO UNDERSTANDS HIS business in every respect; best reference. Call or address H. F., No. 121 5th av., late employer.

COACHMAN.—BY A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY MAN; can give the best of references for the past fifteen years. Address P. B., No. 2 West 44th st.

COACHMAN AND GROOM.—BY A SINGLE man as coachman and groom; best City references. Call on or address W. B., No. 8 East 31st st.

COACHMAN.—BY A GENTLEMAN FOR HIS coachman, (colored,) whom he can highly recommend. C. DENISON, No. 187 Greenwich st.

COACHMAN AND GROOM.—BEST CITY REFerence; no objection to the country. Call or address C. M., No. 11 East 27th st.

COACHMAN AND GROOM.—SIX YEARS CITY reference from his present employer. Call or address P. M., No. 112 West 50th st., stable.

COOK.—BY A FIRST-CLASS FRENCH COOK; UNderstands all kinds of branch cooking, pastry, and dessert; good carver; been working in a first-class restaurant and private club-house for many years; can furnish a first-class fifteen years' reference. Address Cook, Box No. 270 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, NO. 1,257 BROADWAY.

FARMER.—BY A YOUNG GERMAN; STRONG and active; is neat, honest, sober, and industrious; has been on farms before; will go for small wages. Can be seen at the Swedish Servants' Office, No. 108 East 27th st., over the Russian Baths.

FARMER.—BY A SCOTCHMAN AS PRACTICAL farmer; understands all kinds of stock and horses, reaping and mowing; wife a good butter maker; no incumbrance; good reference. Address J. M., Scotch Farmer, Box No. 217 *Times* Office.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

FARMER AND HANDY MAN.—BY AN AMERican Protestant married man, aged forty-nine years, no children, who is experienced in all branches of farming and out-door gardening; also very handy as carpenter and painter; best recommendations. Call at Carpenter's, No. 108 6th av., near 9th st.

GARDENER AND FARMER.—MARRIED; IS well-experienced in management of green-house and graperies, cultivation of fruits, flowers, and vegetables; also is a good farmer; unexceptionable City reference for character and ability. Address C. H., Box No. 312 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, NO. 1,257 BROADWAY.

GARDENER AND USEFUL MAN.—CAN care and drive horses if required; can milk, and is willing to make himself generally useful; is handy with carpenter's tools; has the best of reference. Address D., Box No. 319 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, NO. 1,257 BROADWAY.

GARDENER.—BY A MARRIED PROTESTANT; thoroughly understands gardening in every branch, both forcing and outside culture of grapery, peaches, flowers, and vegetables; would take entire charge of gentleman's place. Address E. M., Box No. 217 *Times* Office.

GARDENER.—BY A SINGLE PRACTICAL WORKman; one who thoroughly understands his business; green-houses, graperies, flowers, fruits, and vegetables, the laying out of grounds, or the general improvements of a gentleman's place; best references. Address J. K., Box No. 209 *Times* Office.

GARDENER.—BY A MARRIED MAN, NO FAMily, who thoroughly understands his business; can produce the most satisfactory references for the past fifteen years; is also capable of taking charge of a farm. Address V. J., No. 12 Cortlandt st.

GARDENER.—BY A GOOD VEGETABLE GARdener; understands the proper care and management of horses and carriages; married, no family; small wages and a good home; highest City and country references. Address B., Box No. 232 *Times* Office.

GARDENER.—PRACTICAL; THOROUGHLY UNderstands his business; satisfactory reference from last employer for the last seventeen years. Can be seen at or address D. S., Gardener, care of Francis Brown, Esq., No. 139 Front st.

GARDENER AND COACHMAN.—BY A Swede; single, sober, and experienced in all kinds of gardening; is a good driver and groom; will come single or with family; is strong and willing. Call at the Swedish Servants' Office, No. 108 East 27th st.

GARDENER.—UNDERSTANDS GREEN-HOUSES, graperies, farming stock, poultry, laying out and taking charge of a gentleman's place; one child. Address Gardener, Box No. 216 *Times* Office.

GARDENER OR FARMER.—BY A YOUNG man twenty-four years of age, to work in the country; understands the care of horses. Address Wm. Rust, care of Menkin & Striker, No. 62 Forsyth st.

GARDENER AND FARMER.—BY A SINGLE man as plain gardener and farmer; can milk and take care of horses; has reference from his last employer. Address J. B., Box No. 228 *Times* Office.

GARDENER, FLORIST, AND FARMER.—Would take charge of gentleman's or business place; can refer to employer. Address J. S., No. 754 2d av.

GARDENER.—BY A YOUNG SCOTCHMAN AS A flower and vegetable gardener; five years' reference from last place. Apply or address No. 606 2d av., top floor.

GARDENER.—ON A GENTLEMAN'S PLACE; IS married, only one child, and understands green-house, grapery, vegetables, &c., thoroughly. Address E. Bohm, Box No. 218 *Times* Office.

GARDENER.—BY A THOROUGH, PRACTICAL Englishman as gardener, or farmer and gardener; eight years' reference from last employer. Apply or address J. T. B., care of H. A. Page, No. 66 Leonard st.

GARDENER.—BY A TRUSTWORTHY MAN AS gardener and florist; thoroughly understands his business; willing and obliging; good reference. Call at or address No. 497 7th av.

GARDENER.—BY A SINGLE MAN OF LONG EXperience in green-houses, graperies, gardening, &c. Those wishing a competent gardener call on or address T. S., No. 67 Nassau st.

GROOM.—BY AN ENGLISHMAN OF LIGHT weight, well accustomed to saddle horses; good rider and driver; thorough groom; would take charge of a gentleman's team or any light turn-out; two years' best City references from last employer. Call or address James, No. 137 West 38th st.

GROOM AND COACHMAN.—BY A YOUNG man; thoroughly understands his business; will be highly recommended as a reliable man. Address R. D., Box No. 283 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, NO. 1,257 BROADWAY.

GROOM.—BY A PROTESTANT MAN AGED twenty-five; can drive if required; good City reference; no objection to the country. Call at or address No. 127 West 17th st., in the stable.

PORTER, &c.—BY A SINGLE YOUNG MAN WILLing and obliging, as porter or useful man on a gentleman's place, or private family, where he can have an opportunity to learn to wait on tables; wages very moderate if meet right party; good reference from last place. Address H. H., Box No. 272 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, NO. 1,257 BROADWAY.

USEFUL MAN.—BY YOUNG ENGLISH PROTestant man to do any kind of work; will go to the country. Call at Mrs. Reynolds' New Protestant Agency, No. 423 4th av., corner 29th st., removed from East 27th st.

USEFUL MAN.—BY AN AMERICAN SINGLE young man, who can groom, care and drive horses, care cattle, milk, work in garden, mow lawns, &c.; good recommendations. Call at Carpenter's, No. 108 6th av., near 9th st.

USEFUL MAN.—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG colored man to wait on a doctor, make himself generally useful; good City reference from doctors. Call at No. 130 West 30th st., first floor.

USEFUL MAN.—EMPLOYMENT WANTED BY A young man at anything; is useful and obliging, and well recommended. Address Advertiser, No. 740 6th av.

WAITER—COOK AND LAUNDRESS—OR will take care of a gentleman's place for the Summer.—By a Swedish man and wife, (Protestant;) no children; man as first-class waiter; wife is an excellent cook and laundress; no objection to the country; unexceptionable reference. Call at 305 East 31st st.

WAITER.—BY A RESPECTABLE SCOTCH PROTestant man as waiter in a private family; thoroughly understands his business in all its branches; can be seen at present employer's. Apply at Bedell's, No. 340 4th av.

WAITER.—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG FRENCHman as waiter or second waiter; is willing to make himself useful; good City reference. Call for two days at No. 884 6th av., between 49th and 50th sts., meat market.

WAITER.—BY A GERMAN YOUNG MAN AS first-class waiter in a private family; best City reference. Address C. H., Box No. 280 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, NO. 1,257 BROADWAY.

WAITER.—BY A SCOTCHMAN (SINGLE) IN A private family; thoroughly understands the care of silver and all the duties of a valet; has first-class reference. Address, or can be seen at present employer's, before 1 o'clock, No. 15 East 29th st.

CLERKS AND SALESMEN.

DRUGGIST.—BY A YOUNG MAN IN A DRUG store to learn the business; reference from good physicians. Address A. H., Box No. 251 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, NO. 1,257 BROADWAY.

HELP WANTED.

GARDENER WANTED.—MARRIED MAN WITH not more than one or two children; none preferred; one who can take care of a gentleman's place, and is a good vegetable gardener, and understands taking care of cold grapery; must know something of farming, and not afraid of work. Call at No. 239 Madison av., between the hours of 5 and 8 P. M.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED NURSE AND seamstress, between twenty-seven and thirty-three years of age; must be thoroughly competent to take entire charge of two small children, and be a good hand sewer. Address P. A. H., No. 160 Montague st., Brooklyn.

FARMER AND LAUNDRESS WANTED.—MAN and wife without children for farm forty miles from City; man must be a thorough good farmer, and woman first-class laundress, none other need apply. Address, with references as to capacity of both, Box No. 2,593 New-York Post Office.

WANTED.—TO GO IN THE COUNTRY, A GOOD plain cook, who will do coarse washing and ironing; also a waitress who will do fine washing and ironing; must have best City references. Call from 9 to 11 A. M. on Wednesday, April 19, at No. 6 West 22d st.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT GIRL AS CHAMBER-maid and waitress, and to assist in the washing and ironing; City references required. Call at No. 49 East 20th st., on Thursday, from 9 to 11.

WANTED—BY A PRIVATE FAMILY IN THE CITY, a first-class Protestant laundress; French preferred; the highest wages paid; the lady can be seen by applying at Mrs. Sanders' office, No. 49 3d av.

AN ACTIVE MAN OF GOOD ADDRESS WANTED.—Compensation according to ability. NEW-YORK BOOK CONCERN, No. 7 Warren st., fourth floor, after 11 A. M.

WANTED—A NEAT AND TIDY GIRL AS CHAMber-maid and waitress in a private family; none without best City reference need apply at No. 42 East 22d st., between 9 and 11 o'clock.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS PROTESTANT CHAMber-maid and waitress; must have best of references. Call at No. 423 4th av.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOMAN AS waitress, and to do light chamber-work; two in family; wages, $12. Call at No. 125 East 26th st.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT WOMAN AS INFANT'S nurse; must have good City references. Apply between 10 and 1 o'clock at No. 4 West 51st st.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COLDS, WHOOPING-COUGHS, INFLUENZA, IRRITATION of the CHEST, THROAT, and BRONCHITIS.

Fifty medical men of the hospitals of Paris have borne testimony to the INCONTESTABLE EFFICACY of the PASTE and SYRUP PECTORAL de NAFE DE DELANGRENIER, of PARIS, against the above ailments.

DEPOT AT NEW-YORK—at FOUGERA'S PHARMACY.

INSPECTORS' ASSOCIATION OF THE PORT OF NEW-YORK.—The members of the "Inspectors' Association of the Port of New-York" are respectfully requested to attend the funeral of our late associate WILLIAM C. COLE, from the Alanson Methodist Episcopal Church, Norfolk st., between Broome and Grand sts., on THURSDAY, April 20, at 2 o'clock P. M.

WILLIAM H. CORSA, President.
OSCAR M. FISHER, Secretary.

AUCTION SALES.

WILLIAM J. SHERWOOD, Auctioneer.

BY LAMSON & SON,

Auctioneers and Real Estate Brokers,

OFFICE, NO. 170 BROADWAY.

Extraordinary sale of high-cost, first-class furniture made to order by the best City makers.

Two elegant black walnut and gilt parlor suits in cherry and light-blue satins, with lambrequins to match. A very highly-embossed green-leather dining-room suit, with heavy lambrequins to match. Fine Moquet, Axminster, and Brussels carpets. Gas brackets, chandeliers, and extra large safe, &c. Together with the entire furniture of 250 lots, costing upward of $30,000.

TO BE SOLD AT AUCTION, (TO-DAY,)
THURSDAY, April 20, 1876,
at the private residence No. 18 West 52d st.,
at 10:30 o'clock A. M.
Catalogues to be had at the house.

TOLEDO, WABASH AND WESTERN RAILWAY.—MASTER COMMISSIONER'S SALE.—THE METROPOLITAN NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK and others, plaintiffs, against THE TOLEDO, WABASH AND WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY and others, defendants.—Concurrent decrees having been rendered in an action entitled as above in each of the following courts, to wit; the Court of Common Pleas of Lucas County, Ohio, the Circuit Court of Cass County, Indiana, and the Circuit Court of Vermillion County, Illinois, and concurrent orders of sale having been issued in each of said actions and directed to me as Special Master Commissioner; in pursuance of said decrees, and also by virtue of the powers of sale contained in a certain deed of trust filed as an exhibit in each of said actions; I will offer for sale at public auction, at the door of the Court-house in Toledo, Ohio, on SATURDAY, June tenth, 1876, at ten o'clock A. M. the real and personal property and franchises of the Toledo, Wabash and Western Railway Company, comprising the railway of said company, extending from Toledo, Ohio, southwesterly to and through the State of Indiana and to East St. Louis, and to Hamilton on the Mississippi River, and to Naples and Camp Point in the State of Illinois, an aggregate length of six hundred and one miles, together with all sidings, connections and equipment of said railway, all lands and buildings pertaining thereto and all other real and personal property of said company, all equities, debts and demands belonging to the same, and also the right and franchise to be a corporation, as in said decree more fully set forth. Said property will be sold as an unit, and in its entirety, for account of the holders of bonds of said company secured by mortgage dated February first 1873, and subject to all encumbrances prior to said mortgage, and all other liabilities in said decree enumerated. The minimum price at which said property may be sold is one million dollars, payable in cash or in bonds of said issue, ratably, by credit endorsed thereon as in said decrees provided. Said sale will be without redemption, but will be made subject to confirmation by each of the courts above mentioned. Copies of said decrees may be had on application.—Dated at Toledo, Ohio, this 1st day of April, 1876.

J. D. COX, Special Master Commissioner.

ABSOLUTE SALE OF ELEGANT FURNITURE.

RICHARD V. HARNETT, Auctioneer, will sell at Auction on MONDAY, APRIL 24, AT 10:30 O'CLOCK AT No. 70 Park av., near 38th st., all the Furniture, consisting of Parlor Suits, Billiard Table, Cabinets, Fancy Tables, Pictures, Parlor Carpets, Reception Chairs, Dining-room Furniture, Bed-room Suits, &c., &c. This residence was furnished by the well-known house of Pottier & Stymus in the most perfect taste throughout. Catalogues of sale at auctioneer's office, No. 111 Broadway, basement.

WILSON H. BLACKWELL, Auctioneer.

BLACKWELL, RIKER & WILKINS

Will sell at auction THIS DAY, at 10:30 A. M., at No. 244 West 23d st., the entire furniture contained in the above house, consisting of rosewood parlor, black-walnut bedroom, and oak dining-room suites, carpets, bedding, bed linen, crockery, paintings, engravings, &c. Catalogues at office of auctioneers, No. 4 Pine st.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

NOTICE.

Having transferred to **HENRY HILTON** all my interest in the firm of **ALEXANDER T. STEWART & CO.**, the business of said house will be hereafter continued by him, under the same firm-name, with such persons as he may associate with him.

Dated New-York, April 14, 1876.

CORNELIA M. STEWART.

THE BUSINESS OF THE FIRM OF ALEXANDER T. STEWART & CO. will be continued by the undersigned as copartners under the same firm-name.

Dated April 14, 1876.

HENRY HILTON.
WILLIAM LIBBEY.

NOTICE.

This is to certify:

1. That we, **HENRY HILTON** and **WILLIAM LIBBEY**, both of the City and State of New-York, have this day formed a copartnership for the purpose of conducting a general mercantile business in the City of New-York and in the Cities of Boston, Philadelphia, Paris, Lyon, Manchester, Bradford, Nottingham, Belfast, Glasgow, Berlin, Chemnitz, and elsewhere—in the United States and in the Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and on the Continent of Europe, and in other foreign countries.

2. That the principal place of business of said copartnership will be in the City of New-York.

3. That said business shall be conducted under the firm name of **A. T. STEWART & CO.**, which firm name, it is hereby certified, will be continued in use by **HENRY HILTON** and **WILLIAM LIBBEY**, of the City and State of New-York aforesaid, the said **HENRY HILTON** being the Assignee and grantee of **CORNELIA M. STEWART**, devisee and legatee under the last will and testament of **ALEXANDER T. STEWART**, late of the City of New-York, now deceased, as to all the interest of said **ALEXANDER T. STEWART** in the late firm of **A. T. STEWART & CO.**; and the said **WILLIAM LIBBEY** being the only surviving partner of the said late firm of **A. T. STEWART & CO.**, which firm had business relation with foreign countries.

Witness our hands and seals this 14th day of April, A. D. 1876.

HENRY HILTON. [L. S.]
WILLIAM LIBBEY. [L. S.]

In the presence of HENRY E. DAVIES, J. HENRY WORK.

State of New-York, City and County of New-York, ss.:

On this fifteenth day of April, A. D. 1876, before me came **HENRY HILTON** and **WILLIAM LIBBEY**, to me known to be the individuals described in and who executed the within certificate, and severally acknowledged that they executed the same.

(Signed,) ROBERT PROTHEROE,
Notary Public,
New-York City.

State of New-York, City and County of New-York, ss.:

I, WILLIAM WALSH, Clerk of the said City and County and Clerk of the Supreme Court of said State for said County,

Do certify that I have compared the preceding with the original

CERTIFICATE
OF
CONTINUED USE OF FIRM NAME,

on file in my office, and that the same is a correct duplicate therefrom and of the whole of such original. Indorsed, filed, and recorded 15th April, 1876, 2 hrs.

In witness whereof I have hereunto subscribed my name and affixed my official seal, this fifteenth day of April, 1876.

WM. WALSH,
Clerk.

[L. S.]

MR. ARTHUR W. PARSONS HAS THIS day retired from the firm of W. H. PARSONS & BROTHER. The business will be continued as heretofore by the undersigned, under the firm name of W. H. PARSONS & CO.

W. H. PARSONS.
G. F. HICKS.

No. 74 DUANE ST., April 1, 1876.

Mr. ARTHUR W. PARSONS' address will for the present be at No. 54 Maiden lane.

INSTRUCTION.

CLAVERACK COLLEGE AND HUDSON RIVER INSTITUTE will be open for Summer boarders June 19. For particulars as to terms and rooms address ALONZO FLACK & BROTHER, Claverack, Columbia County, N. Y.

A GOOD HOME AND PRIVATE INSTRUCTION for a few boys. Apply to GEORGE FILLOW, at Wilton, Conn., or to H. K. & F. B. THURBER & CO., West Broadway, New-York.

STUTTERING EFFECTUALLY REMOVED. Confidence guaranteed; abundant reference. Address, for circular, AMERICAN VOCAL INSTITUTE, No. 103 Waverley place.

MRS. HARWOOD'S SELECT FAMILY Boarding-school for young ladies at Red Bank-on-the-Shrewsbury; English, Latin, French, German, music and drawing. City references.

BOARDING SCHOOL—JOINING THE GREAT Neck M. E. Church, $50 per quarter. P. W. EDGETT, Manhassett Post Office, Long Island.

$175 A YEAR.—BOARD AND TUITION; BOYS under 14. Address ALL RIGHT, *Times* Office.

TEACHERS.

"AMER. SCHOOL INST."—A RELIABLE EDucational Agency of twenty years successful experience in representing Teachers of known ability to families and schools of every grade. Bulletin of candidates for Autumn session now in preparation. Explanatory circulars for stamp. J. W. SCHERMERHORN, A. M., Actuary, No. 14 Bond st., New-York.

A YOUNG LADY WISHES TO OBTAIN A position in a family to teach English and music; piano furnished, if desired; refers to present patrons. Address BEEBE, No. 310 West 14th st.

GOVERNESS.—A LADY OF INTELLIGENCE AND refinement would like a position of governess; reference given and required. Address A. B. C., Box No. 116 *Times* Office.

A GENTLEMAN, FORMERLY INSTRUCTOR in Harvard, desires additional afternoon pupils. Address HARVARD, No. 115 East 26th st.

MRS. MITCHELL supplies schools and families with teachers, tutors, or governesses, visiting or resident. Teachers' Bureau, 67 W. 35th st. Hours, 12 to 4.

SAFES.

FOR SALE.—ONE LARGE FIRE-PROOF SAFE, with an inside Burglar Proof, with Combination Lock, nearly new; also a new black walnut counter, with plate-glass top, forty-five feet in length, suitable for bank, bankers, or other offices. To be seen at No. 776 3d av., corner 48th st., between 9 A. M. and 5 P. M. daily, or inquire of

REPUBLIC FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
No. 153 Broadway, or No. 504 3d av.

PROPOSALS.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.

Sealed proposals will be received by the School Trustees of the Eleventh Ward, at the hall of the Board of Education, corner of Grand and Elm streets, until TUESDAY, May 2, 1876, and until 3:30 o'clock, P. M., on said day, for the desks, seats, and other furniture required for Grammar School No. 36, on Ninth street, near Avenue C.

Sealed proposals will also be received at the same time and place for the steam-heating apparatus for said school.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of the Superintendent of School Buildings, and the Engineer, No. 146 Grand street, third floor.

Two responsible and approved sureties, residents of this City, will be required from each successful bidder. Proposals will not be considered unless sureties are named.

The Trustees reserve the right to reject any or all of the proposals submitted.

GEO. B. RHOADES,
JOSEPH WANGLER,
SAMUEL CREGAR, M. D.,
EDWARD MIEHLING,
JOHN C. LINEBECK,
Board of School Trustees, Eleventh Ward.
Dated New-York, April 18, 1876.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.

Sealed proposals will be received by the School Trustees of the Twenty-second Ward at the hall of the Board of Education, corner of Grand and Elm sts., until TUESDAY, May 2, 1876, and until 4:30 o'clock P. M. on said day, for the desks, seats, and other furniture required for the new school-house on West 54th st., between 6th and 7th avs.

Sealed proposals will also be received at the same time and place for the steam-heating apparatus for said school.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of the Superintendent of School Buildings and the engineer, No. 146 Grand st., third floor.

Two responsible and approved sureties, residents of this City, will be required from each successful bidder. Proposals will not be considered unless sureties are named.

The Trustees reserve the right to reject any or all of the proposals submitted.

JAMES R. CUMING,
ADNA H. UNDERHILL,
WALTER CARTER,
JOHN MORGAN,
JOEL W. MASON,
Board of School Trustees, Twenty-second Ward.
Dated New-York, April 18, 1876.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.

Sealed proposals will be received by the School Trustees of the Twenty-third Ward, at the Hall of the Board of Education, corner of Grand and Elm sts., until MONDAY, the 1st day of May, 1876, and until 4 o'clock P. M. on said day, for enlarging Grammar School House No. 61, on 3d av., near 169th st.

Plans and specifications may be seen, and blanks for proposals obtained at the office of the Superintendent of School Buildings, No. 146 Grand st., third floor.

Proposals must state the estimate for each branch of the work separately, and be indorsed "Proposal for Mason Work," "Proposal for Carpenter Work," "Proposal for Painting," "Proposal for Heating," "Proposal for Furniture."

Two responsible and approved sureties, residents of this City, will be required from each successful bidder. Proposals will not be considered unless sureties are named.

The Trustees reserve the right to reject any or all of the proposals submitted.

NATHAN S. KING,
WILLIAM HOGG,
ALONZO CARR,
JOHN L. BURNETT,
GEORGE C. MANNER,
Board of School Trustees, Twenty-third Ward.
Dated New-York, April 12, 1876.

TO IRON MANUFACTURERS.

PROPOSALS
FOR THE
METAL WORK AND ERECTION OF TWO LIGHT-HOUSES,
TO BE KNOWN AS
LISTON'S FREE RANGE LIGHTS, DELAWARE BAY.

OFFICE OF LIGHT-HOUSE ENGINEER,
FOURTH DISTRICT, No. 532 WALNUT ST.,
PHILADELPHIA, April 18, 1876.

Sealed proposals in duplicate will be received at this office until 12 o'clock M. MONDAY, May 15, 1876, from iron manufacturers only, for furnishing all the metal work for superstructures, and for the erection of the same, for the light-houses to be known as Liston's Free Range Lights, Delaware Bay.

The right to reject any or all proposals, or to waive defects, if it is deemed for the interests of the United States to do so, is reserved.

Drawings and specifications furnished on application at this office.

By order of the Light-house Board.

W. F. RAYNOLDS, Brevet Brigadier General,
Engineer Fourth Light-house District.

LEGAL NOTICES.

ROWE, GRIFFITH; ROWE, CORNELIA J.—Court of Common Pleas for the City and County of New-York.—SOPHIA R. C. FURNISS, Margaret E. Zimmerman, and Jacob D. Vermilye, Trustees of Leon Furniss, plaintiffs, against LEWIS J. PHILLIPS and Eliza Phillips his wife, Griffith Rowe and Cornelia J. Rowe his wife, Frederick Lewis as Trustee or as Assignee or as general assignee for the benefit of the creditors of Lewis J. Phillips, Willis & Co., and of Lewis J. Phillips & Co., and of Lewis J. Phillips, Marcus L. Stieglitz, and Charles E. Specht, Cornelius A. Runkle, Mayer Putzel, The Tenth National Bank of the City of New-York, The Produce Bank of the City of New-York, The Chatham National Bank of New-York, Glover Sanford, The First National Bank of New-York, The Union National Bank of the City of New-York, The United States Life Insurance Company in the City of New-York, defendants.—Summons for relief.—(Complaint not served.)—Action No. 1.—To the above-named defendants: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office, No. 120 Broadway, in the City of New-York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiffs in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated 21st March, 1876.

HENRY DAY, Plaintiffs' Attorney.

The complaint herein was filed in the office of the Clerk of this court, at the Court-house in the City of New-York, on the 21st day of March, 1876.

mh30-1aw6wTh HENRY DAY, Plaintiffs' Attorney.

ROWE, GRIFFITH; ROWE, CORNELIA J.—Court of Common Pleas for the City and County of New-York.—SOPHIA R. C. FURNISS, Margaret E. Zimmerman, and Jacob D. Vermilye, Trustees of Leon Furniss, plaintiffs, against LEWIS J. PHILLIPS and Eliza Philips his wife, Griffith Rowe and Cornelia J. Rowe his wife, Frederick Lewis as Trustee, or as Assignee, or as general Assignee for the benefit of the creditors of Lewis J. Phillips, Willis & Co., and of Lewis J. Phillips & Co., and of Lewis J. Phillips, Marcus L. Stieglitz, and Charles E. Specht, Cornelius A. Runkle, Mayer Putzel, The Tenth National Bank of the City of New-York, The Produce Bank of the City of New-York, The Chatham National Bank of New-York, Glover Sanford, The First National Bank of New-York, The Union National Bank of the City of New-York, The United States Life Insurance Company in the City of New-York, defendants.—Summons for relief.—(Complaint not served.)—Action No. 2.—To the above-named defendants: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office, No. 120 Broadway, in the City of New-York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiffs in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated 21st March, 1876.

HENRY DAY, Plaintiffs' Attorney.

The complaint herein was filed in the office of the Clerk of this court, at the Court-house, in the City of New-York, on the 21st day of March, 1876.

mh30-1aw6wTh HENRY DAY, Plaintiffs' Attorney.

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF New-York.—City and County of New-York.—AURELIO ARANGO, plaintiff, against GARDINER G. HOWLAND, Lloyd Aspinwall, George J. Jameson, and J. B. Morphew, defendants.—Summons for a money demand on contract.—To the defendants: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, of which a copy is herewith served upon you, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at their office, No. 49 Wall street, New-York City, within twenty days after the service hereof, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of six hundred and fifty-six 37-100 dollars, with interest from the ninth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, besides the costs of this action.—Dated New-York, March 31, 1876.

COUDERT BROTHERS, Plaintiff's Attorneys,
No. 49 Wall street, New-York.

The complaint in this action was this day filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York.—Dated 5th April, 1876. COUDERT BROTHERS,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

ap6-1aw6wTh

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF New-York, County of Kings.—MARTHA LAWRENCE, Plaintiff, against BARBARA PAPST, Franz Papst and Anna K., his wife, Rudolph Papst, Fritz Papst, Engelhardt Neidig, William Moeller, and Andrew Wesner, Defendants.—Summons.—To the defendants: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of Kings, at the Court-house, in the City of Brooklyn, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at their office, Number 67 Wall street, City of New-York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated February 10, 1876.

S. F. & F. H. COWDREY,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

The complaint in the above-entitled action was filed in the office of the Clerk of Kings County on February 29, 1876.—New-York, April 5, 1876.

S. F. & F. H. COWDREY,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

ap6-1aw6wTh

SUPREME COURT—CITY AND COUNTY OF New-York.—THE MANHATTAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, plaintiff, against JAMES ANTHONY, Franklin W. Brooks, Edward J. Brooks, Magdalena L. Lauby, David Noble Rowan, James A. Omberg, Receiver of the Commercial Bank of Tennessee, and John Butler, defendants.—Summons for relief.—(Com. not served.)—To the defendants and each of them: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the new Court-house in said City, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office, No. 158 Broadway, in said City of New-York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated New-York, Dec. 20, 1875.

RICHARD C. FELLOWS, Plaintiff's Attorney.

The complaint in this action was filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York on the 21st day of December, 1875.

ap6-1aw6wTh

LEGAL NOTICE.—INFORMATION DESIRED concerning a notice published in August or September of year 1853, requesting the wife or children of KILLIAN SNYDER, (some time resident of Philadelphia, Scranton, and Erie,) to call at certain number in Broadway, New-York, if memory serves. Parties having knowledge of the above notice, or of said Killian Snyder, if living, or of his death, or of any paper, deed, will, or other document, or any estate, real or personal, left by said Killian Snyder, will be liberally dealt with by communicating with the daughter of said Killian Snyder, Mrs. H. S. BUCHANAN, No. 223 West 15th st., New-York.

☞ Newark, N. J., and Pennsylvania newspapers please copy.

SHIPPING.

CUNARD LINE B. & N. A. R. M. S. P. CO.

NOTICE.

With the view of diminishing the chances of collision, the steamers of this line take a specified course for all seasons of the year.

On the outward passage from Queenstown to New-York or Boston, crossing meridian of 50 at 43 latitude, or nothing to the north of 43.

On the homeward passage, crossing the meridian of 50 at 42, or nothing to the north of 42.

FROM NEW-YORK FOR LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN.

BOTHNIA...WED., April 19|*RUSSIA.....WED., May 3
ABYSSINIA..Wed., April 26|SCYTHIA....WED., May 10

Steamers marked * do not carry steerage passengers.

Cabin passage, $80, $100, and $130, gold, according to accommodation. Return tickets on favorable terms.

Steerage tickets to and from all parts of Europe at very low rates. Freight and passage office, No. 4 Bowling green. CHAS. G. FRANCKLYN, Agent.

WHITE STAR LINE.

FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL, CARRYING UNITED STATES MAIL.

The steamers of this line take the Lane Routes recommended by Lieut. Maury, U. S. N., going south of the Banks on the passage to Queenstown all the year round.

CELTIC..................SATURDAY, April 22, at 3 P. M.
ADRIATIC..........SATURDAY, April 29, at 9:30 A. M.
BALTIC................SATURDAY, May 6, at 3 P. M.
GERMANIC...........SATURDAY, May 20, at 2 P. M.

From White Star Dock, Pier No. 52 North River.

These steamers are uniform in size and unsurpassed in appointments. The saloon, staterooms, smoking and bath rooms are amidships where the noise and motion are least felt, affording a degree of comfort hitherto unattainable at sea.

Rates—saloon, $80, and $100, gold; return tickets on favorable terms; steerage, $28.

For inspection of plans and other information apply at the Company's offices, No. 37 Broadway, New-York. R. J. CORTIS, Agent.

FOR LIVERPOOL,

(Via Queenstown,)

CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAIL.

TUESDAY.

Leaving Pier No. 46 North River as follows:

NEVADA..............................April 25, at 3 P. M.
WISCONSIN...........................May 2, at 1 P. M.
WYOMING...........................May 16, at 11 A. M.
IDAHO................................May 30, at 11 A. M.

RATES FOR PASSENGERS REDUCED.

Steerage, $26; intermediate, $40; cabin, $65 to $80, according to stateroom. Steerage office, No. 29 Broadway. General offices, No. 63 Wall st.

WILLIAMS & GUION.

ATLAS MAIL LINE.

BI-MONTHLY SERVICE TO JAMAICA, HAYTI, COLOMBIA, and ASPINWALL, and to PANAMA and SOUTH PACIFIC PORTS (via Aspinwall.) First-class, full-powered iron-screw steamers, from Pier No. 51, North River.

FOR HAYTI, COLOMBIA, ISTHMUS OF PANAMA and SOUTH PACIFIC PORTS (via Aspinwall.)

ALPS.....................................April 12.
ETNA.....................................April 26.

FOR KINGSTON AND SOUTH HAYTI.

ATLAS....................................April 20.
CLARIBEL.................................May 11.

Superior first-class passenger accommodation.

PIM, FORWOOD & CO., Agents, No. 56 Wall st.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMERS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, Calling at PLYMOUTH (G. B.) for the landing of Passengers.

The splendid vessels on this favorite route for the Continent (being more southerly than any other,) will sail from Pier No. 43 North River, as follows:

ST. LAURENT, Lachesnez..............Tuesday, April 25
FRANCE, Trudelle...........................Tuesday, May 2
*PEREIRE, Danre...........................Saturday, May 6

PRICE OF PASSAGE IN GOLD, (including wine,) first cabin, $110 to $120, according to accommodation. Second cabin, $72; third cabin, $40. Return tickets at reduced rates. Steerage, $26, with superior accommodation, including wine, bedding, and utensils without extra charge. Steamers marked thus * do not carry steerage passengers.

LOUIS DE BEBIAN, Agent, 55 Broadway.

STATE LINE.

NEW-YORK TO GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL, DUBLIN, BELFAST, AND LONDONDERRY.

These first-class full-powered steamers will sail from Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal st.

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA..............Thursday, April 20
STATE OF VIRGINIA........................Thursday, May 4
STATE OF INDIANA........................Thursday, May 18

And every alternate Thursday thereafter. First cabin, $60, $70, and $80; return tickets, $120. Second cabin, $45; return tickets, $80. Steerage at lowest rates.

Apply to AUSTIN BALDWIN & CO., Agents. No. 72 Broadway, New-York.

Steerage office No. 45 Broadway.

NATIONAL LINE. Piers Nos. 44 and 47 N. River.

FOR LONDON DIRECT.

GREECE..............WEDNESDAY, April 26, 7:30 A. M.

FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.

England...April 22, 3 P. M.|Egypt, May 13, 8:30 A. M.
Italy...April 29 9:30 A. M.|The Queen..May 27, 9 A. M

Cabin passage, $60 and $70, currency. Return tickets at reduced rates. Steerage passage, $26, currency. Drafts issued from £1 upward at current rates.

Company's offices, No. 69 Broadway.

F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

INMAN LINE—MAIL STEAMERS.

FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.

CITY OF BROOKLYN...Saturday, April 22, at 3 P.M.
CITY OF CHESTER.........Saturday, May 6, at 3 P. M.
CITY OF RICHMOND...Saturday, May 13, at 8:30 A. M.
CITY OF BERLIN.......Saturday, May 27, at 8:30 A. M.

from Pier No. 45 North River.

CABIN PASSAGE..............$60, $80 and $100, Gold
STEERAGE..................................$28, Currency

Drafts issued at low rates.

JOHN G. DALE, Agent, Nos. 15 and 33 Broadway, N. Y.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD.

STEAM-SHIP LINE BETWEEN NEW-YORK, SOUTHAMPTON, AND BREMEN.

Company's Pier, foot of 2d st., Hoboken.

MAIN..........Sat., April 22 | MOSEL..........Sat., May 6
WESER..........Sat., April 29 | DONAU..........Sat., May 13

RATES OF PASSAGE FROM NEW-YORK TO SOUTHAMPTON, HAVRE, OR BREMEN:

First cabin...$100 gold
Second cabin...60 gold
Steerage...30 currency

Return tickets at reduced rates. Prepaid steerage certificates, $32 currency. For freight or passage apply to OELRICHS & CO., No. 2 Bowling green.

PACIFIC MAIL S. S. LINE.

FOR CALIFORNIA, JAPAN, CHINA, AUSTRALIA, NEW-ZEALAND, BRITISH COLUMBIA, &c.

Sailing from Pier foot of Canal st., North River.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO, VIA ISTHMUS OF PANAMA.

S. S. COLON......................TUESDAY, May 2, 12 noon

Connecting for all CENTRAL AMERICAN and SOUTH PACIFIC PORTS.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO TO JAPAN AND CHINA.

GREAT REPUBLIC...............................May 1.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO TO VICTORIA, PORT TOWNSEND, TACOMA, PORTLAND, &c. &c.

On the 10th, 20th, and 30th of every month.

For freight or passage apply at foot of Canal st., North River. H. J. BULLAY, Superintendent.

GREAT SOUTHERN

FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE, SAILING FROM PIER NO. 29 NORTH RIVER, WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS at 3 P. M.,

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C., FLORIDA, THE SOUTH, AND SOUTH-WEST.

GULF STREAM................WEDNESDAY....APRIL 19
CHARLESTON.................SATURDAY.....APRIL 22

SUPERIOR PASSENGER ACCOMMODATIONS.

Insurance to destination one-half of one per cent. Goods forwarded free of commission. Passenger tickets and bills of lading issued and signed at the office of

JAMES W. QUINTARD & CO., Agents, No. 177 West st., corner Warren,

Or W. P. CLYDE & CO., No. 6 Bowling green.

Or BENTLEY D. HASELL, General Agent

Great Southern Freight Line, 317 Broadway.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.,

THE FLORIDA PORTS, AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST.

GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE, CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA AND ATLANTIC AND GULF RAILROAD.

THREE STEAM-SHIPS PER WEEK, TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS, AND SATURDAYS.

MAGNOLIA, Capt. DAGGETT, THURSDAY, April 20, from Pier No. 16 East River, at 3 P. M.
MURRAY, FERRIS & CO., Agents, No. 62 South st.

SAN JACINTO, Capt. HAZARD, SATURDAY, April 22, from Pier No. 43 North River, at 3 P. M.
WILLIAM R. GARRISON, Agent, No. 5 Bowling green.

GENERAL BARNES, Capt. CHEESMAN, TUESDAY, April 25, from Pier No. 43 North River, at 3 P. M.
WILLIAM R. GARRISON, Agent, No. 5 Bowling green.

RAPIDAN, Capt. MARKIN, THURSDAY, April 27, from Pier No. 16 East River, at 3 P. M.
MURRAY, FERRIS & CO., Agents, No. 62 South st.

Insurance on this line ONE-HALF PER CENT. Superior accommodations for passengers.

Through rates and bills of lading in connection with Central Railroad of Georgia, to all points.

Through rates and bills of lading in connection with the Atlantic and Gulf Railroad and Florida steamers.

GEORGE YONGE, Agent Central Railroad of Georgia, No. 409 Broadway.

NEW-YORK, HAVANA AND MEXICAN MAIL S. S. LINE.

Steamers leave Pier No. 3 North River at 3 P. M.:

FOR HAVANA DIRECT.

CITY OF NEW-YORK.................Thursday, April 20
CITY OF VERA CRUZ.................Thursday, May 4

FOR VERA CRUZ AND NEW-ORLEANS, Calling at HAVANA, PROGRESO, CAMPEACHY, TUSPAN, and TAMPICO

CITY OF MEXICO......................Tuesday, May 2

For freight or passage apply to F. ALEXANDRE & SONS, Nos. 31 and 33 Broadway.

Steamers will leave New-Orleans May 7 and May 28 for Vera Cruz and all the above ports.

STAR BALL LINE.

United States and Brazil Mail Steam-ships, Sailing regularly every month from WATSON'S WHARF, BROOKLYN, N. Y.,

For Para, Pernambuco, Bahia and Rio Janeiro, Calling at ST. JOHN'S, PORTO RICO.

JOHN BRAMALL, 2,500 tons..............Monday, May 15
J. B. WALKER..............................Thursday, June 15

Passenger accommodations first-class.

For freight and passage at reduced rates apply to J. S. TUCKER & CO., Agents, No. 54 Pine st.

NEW-YORK AND HAVANA

DIRECT MAIL LINE.

These first-class steam-ships sail regularly at 3 P. M. from Pier No. 13 North River, as follows:

WILMINGTON...........................TUESDAY, April 18
COLUMBUS............................THURSDAY, April 27

Accommodations unsurpassed. For freight or passage apply to WM. P. CLYDE & CO., No. 6 Bowling green. MCKELLER LULING & CO., Agents in Havana

STEAMER FOR LONDON.

AUSTRALIA SAILS SATURDAY, April 22.

CABIN, $65. STEERAGE, $28.

HENDERSON BROTHERS, Agents, No. 7 Bowling green.

SHIPPING.

PANAMA TRANSIT STEAM-SHIP CO.

FOR CALIFORNIA AND PACIFIC PORTS, VIA ISTHMUS OF PANAMA.

Steam-ship CRESCENT CITY, Curtis, will sail SATURDAY, April 22, at 1 P. M., from Pier No. 13, North River, for Aspinwall, connecting, via Panama Railroad, at Panama, with first-class steam-ships for ports as above.

Bills of lading for this steamer will be signed at No. 93 West st., opposite the pier.

For freight or passage apply to

WM. P. CLYDE & CO.,
NO. 6 BOWLING GREEN.

ANCHOR LINE. CARRYING U. S. MAIL.

NEW-YORK AND GLASGOW.

BOLIVIA....................SATURDAY, April 22, at 3 P. M.
ALSATIA...................SATURDAY, April 29, at 10 A. M

NEW-YORK TO GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL, OR LONDONDERRY.

Cabin passage, $65, $75, and $80, currency. Intermediate, $35; Steerage, $28.

Company's offices, No. 7 Bowling green.

HENDERSON BROTHERS, Agents.

RAILROADS.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY.

ALLENTOWN LINE TO THE WEST.

Passenger and freight station in New-York, foot of Liberty st. Connects at Somerville with South Branch Railroad; at Hampton Junction, with Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad; at Phillipsburg, with Lehigh and Susquehanna Division, also with Lehigh Valley Railroad. Direct line to Harrisburg, Pittsburg, and the West; also to Central Pennsylvania and New-York State.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

Commencing Dec. 1, 1875.—Leave New-York as follows:

5:30 A. M.—NEWS TRAIN for Easton, Belvidere, Bethlehem, Bath, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Tamanend, Wilkesbarre, Pottsville, Scranton, &c.

7:45 A. M.—Way Train for Flemington and Easton, connects at junction with Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad.

9:00 A. M.—MORNING EXPRESS. Daily, (except Sundays,) for Easton, Allentown, Harrisburg, and the West. Connects at Easton for Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Towanda, Wilkesbarre, Pottsville, Scranton, Danville, Williamsport, &c.

10:15 A. M.—Way Train for Somerville and Flemington.

1 P. M.—EXPRESS for Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Mahanoy City, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre, Reading, Columbia, Lancaster, Ephrata, Pottsville, Harrisburg, &c.

2:45 P. M.—EXPRESS for Easton, Belvidere, Bath, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, and Scranton.

4:00 P. M.—Way Train for Easton, Allentown, and Mauch Chunk. Connects at Junction with Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad.

4:30 P. M.—Way train for Somerville and Flemington.

5:15 P. M.—EVENING EXPRESS, daily, for Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Towanda, Reading, and Harrisburg.

8:30 P. M.—For Easton.

For Elizabeth at 5:30, 6:15, 6:35, 7:00, 7:30, 7:45, 8:00, 8:45, 9:00, 9:30, 10:15, 11:15 A. M.; 12:00 M.; 12:45, 1:00, 2:00, 2:45, 3:00, 3:30, 3:45, 4:00, 4:15, 4:30, 4:45, 5:00, 5:15, 5:30, 5:45, 6:00, 6:15, 6:30, 7:00, 7:40, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:15, 12:00 P. M.

For Dunnellen, 6:15 A. M.; 3:30, 5:00, 6:30, 12:00 P.M.

For Somerville, 5:30, 6:00, 7:00, 9:30 P. M.

R. E. RICKER, Superintendent and Engineer.

H. P. BALDWIN, General Passenger Agent.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

GREAT TRUNK LINE AND UNITED STATES MAIL ROUTE.

Trains leave New-York, via Desbrosses and Cortlandt Street Ferries, as follows:

Express for Harrisburg, Pittsburg, the West and South, with Pullman Palace Cars attached, 9:30 A. M., 6 and 8:30 P. M. Sunday, 6 and 8:30 P. M.

For Williamsport and Lock Haven at 9:30 A. M. and 8:30 P. M. For Corry and Erie, 8:30 P. M., connecting at Corry for Titusville, Petroleum Centre, and the Oil Regions.

For Baltimore, Washington, and the South, "Limited Washington Express" of Pullman Parlor Cars, daily, except Sunday, 9:30 A. M.; arrive Washington, 4:10 P. M. Regular at 8:40 A. M., 3 and 9 P. M. Sunday, 9 P. M.

Express for Philadelphia, 7, 7:30, 8:40, 9:30 A. M., 12:30, 3, 4, 4:10, 5, 6, 7, 8:30, 9 P. M., and 12 night. Sunday, 5, 6, 7, 8:30, and 9 P. M. Emigrant and second class, 7 P. M.

For trains to Newark, Elizabeth, Rahway, Princeton, Trenton, Perth Amboy, Flemington, Belvidere, and other points, see local schedules at all ticket offices.

Trains arrive: From Pittsburg, 6:55 and 10:30 A. M., and 9:20 P. M. daily; 10:15 A. M. and 7:40 P. M. daily, except Monday. From Washington and Baltimore, 6:20 A. M., 4:05, 5:15, and 10:27 P. M.; Sunday, 6:20 A. M. From Philadelphia, 5:10, 6:20, 6:55, 10:15, 11:20, 11:54 A. M., 2:15, 4:05, 5:15, 6:10, 7:40, 8:44, 9:20, 10:27 P. M.; Sunday, 5:10, 6:20, 6:55, 11:54 A. M., 7:40, 9:20, and 10:27 P. M.

Ticket offices, Nos. 526 and 944 Broadway, No. 1 Astor House, and foot of Desbrosses and Cortlandt sts.; No. 4 Court st., Brooklyn; Nos. 114, 116, and 118 Hudson st., Hoboken. Emigrant ticket office, No. 8 Battery place.

FRANK THOMSON, General Manager. D. M. BOYD, JR., General Passenger Agent.

LEHIGH VALLEY RAILROAD.

ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS, April 16, 1876.

Leave depots foot of Cortlandt and Desbrosses sts., at 7 A. M.—For Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Hazleton, Beaver Meadows, Mahanoy City, Shenandoah, Mount Carmel, Shamokin, Wilkesbarre, Pittston, Elmira, &c., connecting with trains for Ithaca, Auburn, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, and the West.

1 P. M.—For Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Hazleton, Mahanoy City, Shenandoah, Wilkesbarre, Pittston, &c., making close connection for Reading, Pottsville, and Harrisburg.

4 P. M.—For Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, and Mauch Chunk, stopping at all stations.

6:30 P. M.—Night Express, daily, for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Pittston, Elmira, Ithaca, Auburn, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, and the West. Pullman's sleeping coaches attached.

General Eastern office corner Church and Cortlandt sts. CHARLES H. CUMMINGS, Agent.

ROBERT H. SAYRE, Superintendent and Engineer.

NEW-YORK CENTRAL AND HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—After April 17, 1876, through trains will leave Grand Central Depot:

8:00 A. M., Chicago and Northern Express, with drawing-room cars through to Rochester.

10:30 A. M., special Chicago Express, with drawing-room cars to Rochester and Buffalo.

11:50 A. M., Northern and Western Express.

4:00 P. M., Montreal Express, with sleeping cars from New-York to St. Albans, arriving at Montreal 8:50 A.M.

6:00 P. M., Express, with sleeping cars, for Watertown and Canandaigua. Also, for Montreal via Plattsburg.

8:30 P. M., Pacific Express, daily, with sleeping cars, for Rochester, Niagara Falls, Buffalo, Cleveland, and Cincinnati; also for Chicago, via both L. S. and M. C. Railroads.

11:00 P. M., Express, with sleeping cars, for Albany and Troy. Way trains as per local Time Table.

C. B. KENDRICK, General Passenger Agent.

ERIE RAILWAY.

Spring Arrangement of through trains, March, 1876. From Chambers Street Depot. (For 23d st. see note below.)

9:00 A. M., daily, except Sundays, Cincinnati and Chicago Day Express. Drawing-room coaches to Buffalo and sleeping coaches to Cincinnati and Detroit. Sleeping coaches to Chicago.

10:45 A. M., daily, except Sundays, Express Mail for Buffalo and the West. Sleeping coach to Buffalo.

7:00 P. M., daily, Pacific Express to the West. Sleeping coaches through to Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Cincinnati, and Chicago, without change. Hotel dining coaches to Cleveland and Chicago.

7:00 P. M., except Sundays, Western Emigrant train.

Above trains, leave Twenty-third Street Ferry at 8:45 and 10:15 A. M., and 6:45 P. M.

For local trains, see time-tables and cards in hotels and depots.

JNO. N. ABBOTT, General Passenger Agent.

NEW-YORK, NEW-HAVEN AND HARTFORD RAILROAD.

After Nov. 29, 1875, trains leave Grand Central Depot (42d st.) for New-Canaan Railroad at 8:05 A. M., 1:00 and 4:40 P. M.; Danbury and Norwalk Railroad at 8:05 A. M., 1:00 and 4:40 P. M.; Naugatuck Railroad at 8:05 A. M. and 3:00 P. M.; Housatonic Railroad at 8:05 A. M. and 3:00 P. M.; New-Haven and Northampton Railroad at 8:05 A. M., and 3:00 P. M.; For Newport at 8:05 A. M. and 1 P. M.; Boston and Albany Railroad at 8:05 and 10 A. M., 3 and 9 P. M., (7 P. M. on Sunday;) Boston (via Shore Line) at 1 and 10 P. M., (10 P. M. on Sundays.)

Way trains as per local time tables.

J. T. MOODY, Superintendent New-York Division.

E. M. REED, Vice President, New-York.

WICKFORD RAILROAD ROUTE TO NEWPORT, R. I.—Passengers for this line take 8:05 A. M. and 1 P. M. express trains from Grand Central Depot, arriving at 4:20 and 8:20 P. M.

THEODORE WARREN, Superintendent.

ELECTIONS.

OFFICE OF THE NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK,
NOS. 261 AND 263 BROADWAY, CORNER WARREN ST.
NEW-YORK, April 10, 1876.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of this company for the election of ten Trustees for the third class and three inspectors of election for the ensuing year will be held at the banking rooms of the company on TUESDAY, the 25th inst., between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M.

The transfer-books will be closed until the 26th inst.

J. C. CRUIKSHANK, Secretary.

BANK OF AMERICA.—THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Bank of America are hereby notified that the annual election of directors will be held at the banking-house on MONDAY, the first (1st) day of May next. The poll will open at 1 o'clock and close at 2 o'clock P. M. The transfer books will remain closed from the morning of April 22 until the morning of May 2, 1876.

ROBERT JAFFRAY, Cashier.

AMERICAN INSTITUTE ANNUAL ELECTION.—THURSDAY, April 20, 1876, at the rooms of the Institute, Cooper Building. Polls will open at 10 o'clock A. M., and close at 8 o'clock P. M.

ORESTES CLEVELAND, President.

C. McK. LEOSER, Recording Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

No. 82 BROADWAY,
OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES EXPRESS COMPANY,
NEW-YORK, April 14, 1876.

THE DIRECTORS OF THIS COMPANY have declared a dividend of Two (2) Dollars per share, payable at the office of the Treasurer, No. 82 Broadway, New-York, on and after May 1 proximo.

The transfer-books will close at two (2) o'clock P. M. on Thursday, the 20th inst., and reopen on Wednesday, May 3. GEO. G. FARNHAM, Treasurer.

MERCANTILE NATIONAL BANK,
NEW-YORK, April 15, 1876.

A DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT. ON the capital stock of this bank has been declared payable to shareholders on and after the 1st day of May next. N. AMERMAN, Attorney.

THE MERCANTILE TRUST COMPANY will pay, at its office, No. 120 Broadway, New-York, on the first day of May next, the May coupons of the real estate first mortgage bonds guaranteed by it.

LOUIS FITZGERALD, President.

FINANCIAL.

VERMILYE & CO. BANKERS

16 and 18 Nassau st., New-York.

DEALERS IN ALL ISSUES OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
NEW-YORK CITY AND BROOKLYN BONDS.
BUY AND SELL ON COMMISSION
RAILWAY STOCKS, BONDS, AND GOLD.

INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.

WASH'N R. VERMILYE, DONALD MACKAY
JAS. A. TROWBRIDGE, LATHAM A. FISH

FISK & HATCH,

BANKERS,

No. 5 NASSAU ST., NEW-YORK.

We give particular attention to DIRECT DEALINGS IN GOVERNMENT BONDS AT CURRENT MARKET RATES, and are prepared, at all times, to buy or sell in large or small amounts, to suit all classes of investors. Orders by mail or telegraph will receive careful attention.

We shall be pleased to furnish information in reference to all matters connected with investments in Government Bonds.

We also buy and sell GOLD and GOLD COUPONS, COLLECT DIVIDENDS and TOWN, COUNTY, and STATE COUPONS, &c., and buy and sell, ON COMMISSION, all MARKETABLE STOCKS AND BONDS.

In our BANKING DEPARTMENT we receive deposits and remittances subject to draft, and allow interest, to be credited monthly, on balances averaging, for the month, from $1,000 to $5,000, at the rate of three per cent. per annum, and on balances averaging over $5,000, at the rate of four per cent.

FISK & HATCH.

CALIFORNIA & NEVADA

MINING STOCKS

A SPECIALITY.

The subscriber will give his special attention to the purchase and sale, on commission, of the above stocks for cash. His frequent visits to and familiarity with the mines of the "Comstock" lode, and his extensive acquaintance in mining circles in San Francisco, afford him advantages of a superior and valuable character.

MATTHEW BIRD,
NO. 49 NASSAU STREET.

REFERENCES—President and Directors Shoe and Leather Bank; James B. Colgate & Co.

CIRCULAR.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 17, 1876.

Under the provisions of an act of Congress approved April 11, 1876, to enable the Secretary of the Treasury to pay the judgments of the Commissioners of Alabama claims—

Notice is hereby given that sealed proposals will be received at the Treasury Department until 12 o'clock, noon, on the 24th inst., and opened immediately thereafter, for the sale of five per cent. coupon or registered bonds of the funded loan of 1881, authorized by the acts of July 14, 1870, and Jan. 20, 1871, bearing interest, payable quarterly, from May 1, 1876, in lots of not less than one half million dollars, to the total amount of five million eight hundred and eighty-three thousand dollars, (5,883,000.)

These bonds will be sold for gold, and payment therefor must be made within three days after the acceptance by the department of the bid.

Each bid must be accompanied by a gold deposit of two per cent. of the amount thereof, and no bid at less than par, in coin, will be considered.

Payment may be made at the office of the Assistant Treasurer of the United States, New-York; and the bonds will be delivered at the Treasury, in Washington, or, if preferred, at the office of the Assistant Treasurer United States, New-York, at the expense of the purchaser.

The department reserves the right to reject proposals that are not deemed advantageous to the Government.

Proposals should be marked "Sealed Proposals for Loan," and addressed to the Secretary of the Treasury, Washington, D. C.

B. H. BRISTOW, Secretary.

SEVEN PER CENT. BROOKLYN CITY BONDS.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,
CONTROLLER'S OFFICE, CITY HALL,
BROOKLYN, April 11, 1876.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 12 o'clock M. on SATURDAY, 22d inst., for the purchase of the whole or any part of

$250,000

Seven per cent. "BROOKLYN CITY BONDS for the completion of the New-York and Brooklyn Bridge," (coupon or registered,) payable in 1906, 1907, and 1908.

Proposals must be indorsed "Proposals for bonds," and state the price offered in addition to accrued interest from Jan. 1.

The right is reserved to reject such bids as may not be considered for the interest of the city.

S. S. POWELL, Controller.

DETROIT CITY WATER BONDS.

OFFICE OF BOARD OF WATER COMMISSIONERS,
DETROIT, April 13, 1876.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until MONDAY, May 1, 1876, at 12 o'clock noon, for One Hundred Thousand Dollars of the Bonds of the Board of Water Commissioners of the City of Detroit, to be delivered and paid for on the first day of June, 1876, at the First National Bank of Detroit. The bonds are of the denomination of one thousand dollars, and will mature in thirty years from their date, (June 1, 1876.) The bonds will bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually at the Metropolitan National Bank, New-York. Bids will be received for the whole amount or any portion thereof. Proposals to be indorsed "Bids for Water Works Bonds." The right to reject any and all bids is reserved.

HENRY STARKEY, Secretary.

NEW-YORK, April 1, 1876.

HOLDERS OF FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS of the New-Orleans, Mobile & Texas Railroad Company who desire to join the reorganization under the name of the New-Orleans and Texas Railroad Company, are hereby requested to send in their bonds, with the amount of the assessment, to the undersigned, at the office of Messrs. Morton, Bliss & Co., New-York, on or before the 20th day of April inst. Holders who do not join by that date will only be entitled to receive their pro rata proportion of the proceeds of the sale of the road.

L. P. MORTON,
HENRY MORGAN,
WILLIAM MERTENS, } Committee.

OFFICE OF THE DELAWARE AND HUDSON CANAL COMPANY,
NEW-YORK, April 6, 1876.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of this company for the election of Managers and for other business will be held at the office of the company on TUESDAY, the 9th of May next.

The polls will be open from 12 o'clock noon until 2 o'clock P. M.

The transfer-books will be closed from the evening of April 25 until the morning of May 10.

By order of the board.

GEORGE L. HAIGHT, Secretary.

Burlington, Cedar Rapids and Minnesota Bondholders.

For plan of reorganization apply, stating class of bonds held, (whether Main Line, Milwaukee, Muscatine, or Pacific Division,) to FRED. TAYLOR, Chairman Bondholders' Committee, No. 476 Broome st., New-York. Immediate action is advisable.

$50, $100, $200, $500, $1,000.

ALEX. FROTHINGHAM & CO., Bankers and Brokers, No. 12 Wall st., make for customers desirable investments of large or small amounts in stocks of a legitimate character, which frequently pay from five to twenty times the amount invested every thirty days. Stocks bought and carried as long as desired on a deposit of five per cent. Circulars and weekly reports sent free.

$165,000 TO LOAN FOR THREE OR five years, at six per cent. interest, on City improved property. HALL J. HOW, No. 3 Pine st.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 59 WALL ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL and TRAVELERS' CREDITS AVAILABLE in all PARTS of the WORLD.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE IN NEW-YORK.—The annual meeting of the shareholders of this association will be held at the banking house, corner of Nassau and Cedar streets, on MONDAY, MAY 8, at 12 o'clock. H. F. VAIL, Cashier.

MORSE, KIMBALL & COMPANY,
BANKERS, NO. 18 NEW ST., NEW-YORK.
Members New-York Stock and Gold Exchanges.
Transact general BANKING and BROKERAGE business.

INSURANCE SCRIP.

Atlantic, Commercial, New-York, Orient, Pacific, Union, bought and sold by WILLIAM C. GILMAN, No. 46 Pine st.

SAVINGS BANKS.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK,

Nos. 396 and 398 Canal st., corner Laight.
Open daily from 10 to 3, and Monday evenings 5 to 7.

Assets, Over Twelve Million Dollars.

Surplus, over One Million Dollars.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED.
Books in English, French, and German.
G. S. CHAPIN, Treasurer. | N. J. HAINES, President.
T. S. ARMOUR, Secretary.

MILLINERY.

MARIE TILLMANN CO., OF PARIS, IMPORTERS of fine Millinery, successors to Mme. A. Michel, 423 6th av., near 26th st.; 200 models, best makers. New openings, constantly renewed, of the finest goods.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

THE UP-TOWN OFFICE OF THE TIMES.

The up-town office of THE TIMES is located at No. 1,257 Broadway, bet. 31st and 32d sts. Open daily, Sundays included, from 4 A. M. to 9 P. M. Subscriptions received, and copies of THE TIMES for sale.

ADVERTISEMENTS RECEIVED UNTIL 9 P. M.

A RESPECTABLE AMERICAN WIDOW, occupying a pleasant and neatly-furnished French flat in Williamsburg, two blocks from the ferry which leaves Roosevelt or Grand st., will furnish board and the comforts of a home to three or four gentlemen. Address Mrs. H., Box No. 220 *Times* Office, or call at No. 80 2d st., near South 8th, Williamsburg.

A SMALL PRIVATE FAMILY OF REFINEMENT, living in their own elegantly-furnished house on Murray Hill, would rent one or two rooms to a gentleman and wife, with first-class board; reasonable compensation expected. Address REFERENCE, Box 271 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, 1,257 BROADWAY.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—NO. 204 COLUMBIA Heights, near Pierrepont st.; river side, elegant view of New-York Bay, Jersey, and Staten Island; rooms single and en suite for families; parties wishing cool and pleasant rooms for the Summer, with board at moderate prices, will find this location desirable.

NO. 76 IRVING PLACE, (GRAMERCY Park,) large room, fourth floor; also, May 1, the second front; all handsomely furnished; house 27 feet wide; rooms extra large; location, house and table first class.

NO. 114 EAST 19TH ST.

Two large rooms, handsomely furnished, with first-class board, on first and third stories; transient guests and day boarders accommodated.

FIFTH AV., NO. 243.—HANDSOMELY-FURnished rooms, with private table or without board; undoubted reference given and required; terms reasonable.

TO LET, WITH BOARD.—A HANDSOMELY furnished parlor and bed-room, on second floor; also, third-story side room; references exchanged. No. 158 West 45th st.

NO. 26 WEST 16TH ST.—HANDSOMELY FURnished rooms, with board; no May moving; arrangements for Summer made now; house cool; extra wide; side-lighted.

TWENTY-FIRST ST., (GRAMERCY PARK.)—The entire first floor, also, second floor front room, to let, with first-class board; private table if desired; best references. Apply at No. 139 East 21st st.

FIFTH AV., NO. 81, FIRST DOOR BELOW 16th st.—M. B. GAGE—Second and fourth floor rooms, with board, en suite or singly, transiently or permanently; references.

VERY DESIRABLE FRONT ROOMS ON first and third floors, with board, from April 20, permanently or transiently; references. No. 36 East 12th st., near Broadway, west.

FIFTH AV., NO. 330.—ONE VERY DESIRABLE suite of rooms will be vacated by the 1st of May, will be let for the remainder of the season, or by the year, with private table.

FIFTH AV., NO. 341.—MRS. SEAVER; PARLOR and bedrooms, with or without private table, or without board; first and second floors as above, from May 1.

THIRTY-EIGHTH ST., NO. 67, BETWEEN 5TH AND 6TH AVS.—To Let—A very handsome second floor in a first-class family house, serving private table only.

NO. 30 EAST 22D ST.—HANDSOMELY FURnished connecting rooms, for families or gentlemen; first-class table; references.

HANDSOME ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT private table, at No. 33 West 42d st., opposite Reservoir Park.

NO. 23 EAST 46TH ST.—THE ENTIRE THIRD floor to let, with board, to gentlemen and their wives, or single gentlemen. References.

NO. 88 MADISON AV.—TO BE SOON VACATED, desirable suite of front rooms, third floor, with board.

FIFTH AV., NO. 291.—SUPERIOR SUITES OF apartments by the year, with board; moderate rates.

A PRIVATE FAMILY HAVE TWO OR three very desirable handsomely-furnished rooms to let, with or without board. No. 243 West 22d st.

NO. 29 WEST 21ST ST.—A HANDSOMELY furnished suite of rooms, third floor, together or separately, with board; references.

NO. 21 5TH AV.—DESIRABLE ROOMS TO LET, with board, on the second floor, singly or en suite; also single rooms for gentlemen; references.

NO. 273 5TH AV. HAVING BEEN THOROUGHLY renovated, will be open for the reception of guests about April 25. Apply at No. 119 East 23d st.

FIFTH AV., NO. 351.—HANDSOMELY-FURnished front room, with or without board; moderate terms for the Summer.

NO. 17 WEST 37TH ST.—TWO ROOMS TO let, with board; best references given and required.

SECOND FLOOR, RICHLY FURNISHED, to let now, and third floor on 1st of May next, at No. 27 West 39th st.; private table if desired.

SUITE OF ROOMS, PRIVATE BATH, CLOSETS, &c., to let, with private table only, or without board; references. Call at No. 36 East 20th st.

HAVING LEASED HOUSE NO. 7 GRAMERCY Park, I will have delightful rooms, with or without board. Apply at present No. 35 East 21st st.

NO. 55 WEST 28TH ST.—HANDSOMELY-FURnished square and hall rooms on third and fourth floors, with first-class board.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH board, for families or gentlemen; references given and required. No. 135 West 15th st.

SECOND AND THIRD FLOORS, FURNISHED or unfurnished, en suite or separately; board or private table. No. 33 West 33d st.

NO. 29 WEST 26TH ST., NEAR BROADWAY.—Elegant rooms, with a generous table, for families and gentlemen.

NO. 36 EAST 22D ST.—ROOMS TO LET, WITH first-class board for the Summer or year; references exchanged.

TWENTY-THIRD ST.—TO LET AT NO. 36 East, a handsome suite of rooms on third floor, well furnished and good table; references.

ROOMS FOR FAMILIES AND SINGLE gentlemen, with or without board, at No. 128 East 23d st.

A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE WILL FIND A good home, with board, at No. 54 West 38th st.

NO. 19 EAST 46TH ST.—ROOMS ON SECOND floor to let, with board; references exchanged.

SEVENTEENTH ST., NO. 61, WEST—ROOMS, with board, for parties desiring a refined home.

NO. 4 WEST 29TH ST.—DESIRABLE ROOMS, with board.

NO. 33 WEST 27TH ST.—JUST VACATED, A pleasant suite of rooms on second floor, with board.

NO. 33 WEST 31ST ST.—ROOMS TO LET, with private table; very desirable for a family.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

NO. 30 WEST 23D ST.—HANDSOMELY-FURnished second and third floors; with private bath, &c., to let to gentlemen, with or without partial board; reference.

NO. 13 WEST 26TH ST.—OPPOSITE ST. JAMES Hotel—Desirable furnished rooms for gentlemen, without board, in first-class house; best references given and required.

APARTMENT-HOUSE, NOS. 220 AND 222 5TH AV.—Several very desirable suites; every convenience; reduced rents; possession May.

FIFTH AV., NO. 224.—ELEGANT SUITES ON second and third floors; also desirable rooms as physician's office.

NO. 122 MADISON AV.—A LARGE, PLEASANT front room on fourth floor, suitable for gentleman and wife or two single gentlemen.

NO. 236 WEST 21ST ST.—A THIRD-STORY room, to one or two gentlemen; private residence; references exchanged.

ROOMS, WITHOUT BOARD, AT NO. 31 Madison av., opposite Madison square.

BOARD WANTED.

TWO YOUNG MEN WISH TO OBTAIN BOARD in a private family or select boarding-house; locality within the limit of 10th and 20th sts., and 3d and 7th avs.; references exchanged. Address Post Office Box No. 2,180.

WANTED—BOARD IN A FIRST-CLASS BOARDING-house, within a short distance of the City; double and single room required. Address G. H. B., Box No. 1,496 New-York Post Office, with terms.

BOARD WANTED.—BY A YOUNG AMERICAN lady in a private family between 10th and 23d sts., west of Broadway. Address E. P., Box No. 321 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, NO. 1,257 BROADWAY.

BOARD WANTED—IN PLEASANT LOCATIONS, City or country. Send particulars and prices immediately to the Boarders' Directory, 737 Broadway. Established 1857. Boarders suited immediately.

BOARD WANTED—BY A WIDOW LADY; LARGE room, gas, and water; price not to exceed $15 per week; between 4th and 8th avs., 20th to 42d st. Address for three days, HOME, Box No. 3,871 Post Office.

BOARD WANTED—FROM JUNE 1, OR SOONER; Summit or Madison, N. J., or Delaware Water Gap; three adults. Address, with full particulars, W. S. M., Box No. 129 *Times* Office.

FURNISHED ROOM WANTED—WITH OR without breakfast, between 10th and 30th sts.; *terms must be moderate.* Address BACHELOR, Box No. 118 *Times* Office.

HOTELS.

United States Hotel.

42D ST.,
AND COLUMBIA AND ELM AVS.,
OPPOSITE MAIN EXHIBITION BUILDING,
CENTENNIAL GROUNDS.

This elegant fire-proof Hotel is now open for the reception of guests. It contains 325 rooms replete with all modern improvements. Visitors to Philadelphia, will nowhere meet with better accommodations or more reasonable rates. P. S. BOOTHBY, Manager.

LELANDS' STURTEVANT HOUSE, BROADWAY, 28th and 29th sts., New-York City, has all modern improvements near theatres and depots; rooms, with board, $4 per day.

LEWIS & GEO. S. LELAND.

A FEW ELEGANTLY-FURNISHED ROOMS, single and suites; cuisine unsurpassed; Grand Union Hotel, Park av. and 41st st.; elevator; prices moderate.

AMUSEMENTS.

PARK THEATRE. BROADWAY AND 22D ST.

TENTH WEEK.
BRASS.
ONLY ABIDING SUCCESS OF THE CENTENNIAL YEAR.
BRASS.
Mr. George Fawcett Rowe's humorous comedy.
BRASS.
CROWDED HOUSES NIGHTLY DELIGHTED.
BRASS.
SECURE SEATS IN ADVANCE TO AVOID THE CRUSH.
BRASS.
A cast of unequaled strength and attraction.
BRASS.

Rose Wood, Rose Lisle, Marie Louise, Mrs. Brutone, L. Morrison, J. C. Padgett, C. Norris, W. J. Cogswell, F. Langley, C. Searle, J. W. Brutone, J. P. Cooke, C. Rosene, and Mr. George Fawcett Rowe as Waifton Stray. ("See this ring!")

EVENING AT 8. SATURDAY MATINEE AT 2.

66TH PERFORMANCE, TO-NIGHT.

Box-office open 8 to 4. Prices, $1 50, $1, and 50 cents.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN,

23D ST. AND 4TH AV. THE FIFTY-FIRST GRAND ANNUAL EXHIBITION OF PAINTINGS NOW OPEN, DAY AND EVENING.

ADMISSION TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

THEO. THOMAS SYMPHONY CONCERTS

AT STEINWAY HALL,
THURSDAY AFTERNOON, APRIL 20, AT 2.
SIXTH AND LAST FULL PUBLIC REHEARSAL.

Soloists: MISS LINA PFEIL, ELLA L. HARRISON, AND A FEMALE CHORUS.

OVERTURE, Leonore No. 3..........................BEETHOVEN
VARIATIONS (Theme by Haydn) op. 56.............BRAHMS
SPINNING CHORUS AND BALLADE.....................WAGNER
(Second Act of Phantom Ship.)
Senta.....MISS L. PFEIL|Mary...MISS HARRISON
SYMPHONY IN C, No. 9............................SCHUBERT

Admission, 75 cents; Reserved Seats, $1.

SATURDAY EVENING, APRIL 22, AT 8,
SIXTH AND LAST SYMPHONY CONCERT,
LAST APPEARANCE OF THEO. THOMAS,
Previous to his departure for Philadelphia.

Price of admission to Symphony Concerts as usual. Reserved seats and tickets can now be had at Steinway Hall, and at G. SCHIRMER'S, No. 701 Broadway; also at No. 114 Broadway, and at E. SCHUBERTH'S, No. 23 Union square.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

FOR THE CHILDREN.
CINDERELLA MATINEE
AT THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC,
THURSDAY, APRIL 20, AT 2 O'CLOCK.

All the parts of this charming play will be acted by CHILDREN, for the benefit and under the patronage of THE WOMEN'S CENTENNIAL UNION.

Tickets, two dollars.

PROF. BARTLETT'S

GRAND TABLEAUX, MUSIC, &c.
STEINWAY HALL, FRIDAY EVENING, 8 O'CLOCK.
Admission, $1.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.—Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JOHN R. HARRIS, George Richmond, and Archibald S. Shafer, bankrupts.—In Bankruptcy.—This is to give notice that on FRIDAY, April 21, A. D. 1876, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the store of said bankrupts, No. 550 Broadway, New-York City, we will sell at public auction the entire stock belonging to said bankrupts' estate, consisting of finest clothiers' trimmings, such as black and colored Italians, silk and mohair serges, colored and black velvets, satin sleeve linings, braids, buttons, sewing silks, silesias, canvas, Hollands, wiggans, pocketings, bindings, galloons, &c., &c., and everything pertaining to a first-class jobber's tailors' trimmings stock.—Dated April 17, 1876.

ASTON HILEY,
CHARLES H. WILKIN, } Assignees.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JOHN J. FERDON, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said court by John J. Ferdon, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the twenty-eighth day of April, 1876, at 12 o'clock M., at the office of John Fitch, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, No. 345 Broadway, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 5th day of April, 1876.—GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

ap6-law3wTh*

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of CONRAD C. STUTTS, bankrupt. In bankruptcy. Before John Fitch, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of the estate of Conrad C. Stutts, of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon creditors' petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York City, the fifth day of April, A. D. 1876. HARVEY S. ALMY, Assignee.

ap6-law3wTh*

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of New-Jersey.—In the matter of ALLAN V. KENT and LETITIA PALISSER, bankrupts.—Letitia Palisser, one of said bankrupts, having applied to the court for a discharge from her debts, by order of the court, notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, to appear on the second day of May, A. D. 1876, at ten o'clock A. M., before the said court, at Trenton, New-Jersey, and show cause, if any they have, why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupt. W. S. BELVILLE, Clerk.

ap6-law3wTh*

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of CONRAD C. STUTTS, bankrupt.—To all whom it may concern: You are hereby notified that a second general meeting of the creditors of the above-named bankrupt will be held at the office of the Register in Bankruptcy, at No. 345 Broadway, in the City of New-York, in said district, on the fifth day of May, A. D. 1876, at 1 o'clock P. M., before John Fitch, Esq., one of the Registers in Bankruptcy, in said district, for the purposes named in section 5,092 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, title LXI, bankruptcy.—New-York, April 8, 1876.

HARVEY S. ALMY, Assignee, &c.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JAMES McGUIRE, bankrupt.—In bankruptcy.—Before Mr. John Fitch, Register in Bankruptcy, at the City of New-York, April 18, 1876.—To the creditors of said bankrupt: Notice is hereby given that a second general meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt will be held at the office of Mr. John Fitch, the said Register, at No. 345 Broadway, in the City of New-York, in said district, on the second day of May, 1876, at two o'clock P. M. of that day, for the purposes mentioned in section 5092 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, Title Bankruptcy. JOHN H. PLATT, Assignee, 40 Wall st., New-York.

NO. 3,000.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of SAMUEL PERRY and CHARLES S. PERRY, bankrupts.—In Bankruptcy.—Before Mr. Edgar Ketchum, Register in bankruptcy of said court.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of Samuel Perry and Charles S. Perry, of New-York City, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who have been adjudged bankrupts upon their own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York, the 19th day of April, A. D. 1876. FREDERIC S. WELLS, Assignee,

ap20-law3wTh* No. 316 Broadway, New-York City.

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT.—NOTICE IS hereby given that JOHN VAN HUYSEN and WILLIAM J. VAN HUYSEN, composing the firm of J. VAN HUYSEN & SON, have this day made an assignment to the subscriber of their estate for the equal benefit of their creditors, and that said creditors must exhibit their respective claims, under oath or affirmation, to the subscriber, at his office, No. 38 Montgomery street, Jersey City, within the term of three months.—Dated March 30, 1874.

ap13-law3wTh* ROBERT O. BABBITT.

COUNTRY BOARD.

FIRST-CLASS BOARD—NEAR MOUNTAINS and creek, ten minutes from Fishkill Village Depot, two and one-half hours from City; healthy location; fine house, high ceilings, broad piazzas; boating, fishing, fine views and drives; adults preferred; terms moderate; reference required; horses and carriages accommodated. Refers, by permission, to Mr. WEBB, Equitable Office, No. 120 Broadway.

COUNTRY BOARD.—DESIRABLE ACCOMMOdations for families or single gentlemen at Orange Valleys; less than five minutes' walk from the station; rooms airy and comfortable, with plenty of shade. Application made at No. 39 West 16th st. until the 1st of May.

TO LET—WITH BOARD, TO ONE FAMILY, FOR the Summer season, the pleasantly situated house corner Catherine st. and Greenough place, Newport, R. I.; good stable adjoining. For particulars address Mrs. ROBINSON, No. 31 Madison av., New-York.

COUNTRY BOARD—AT NEW-CASTLE, N. Y.; large, airy rooms; good table, with home comforts, at reasonable rates; good stable accommodations. Address Miss MARY E. HEWLETT, New-Castle, Westchester County, New-York.

COUNTRY BOARD—FINE SITUATION; MODERN improvements; Croton water; high ground; shade, lawns, garden; stables; fine drives; twenty minutes out, ten from depot; terms moderate. Address C. D., Fort Washington.

COS COB—ONE HOUR ON NEW-HAVEN ROAD; good board; large rooms; pleasant grounds; stabling; boating; terms moderate; private family. No. 236 West 37th st.

COUNTRY BOARD.—DESIRABLE ACCOMMOdations can be had in a private family, one hour from the City. Address M., Box No. 9 Post Office, Bloomfield, N. J.

GLEN RIDGE, CORNWALL, N. Y.—BOARD for the Summer; house open 1st May. James G. Roe.

SUMMER RESORTS.

CENTENNIAL.—PENNSYLVANIA MILITARY Academy, Chester, Penn.—These spacious buildings, occupying an elevated site, and commanding an extensive view of the Delaware River and surrounding country, will be opened during the Summer vacation, commencing June 20, for the accommodation of visitors to the Exposition. Hourly trains direct to Centennial buildings. Forty minutes' ride. Circulars on application.

HYATT & CARTER, Managers.

WAUMBEK HOUSE AND PLAISTED HOUSE, WHITE MOUNTAINS, B. H. PLAISTED, PROPRIETOR.—These charming and favorite Summer resorts, on side of Mount Starr King, Jefferson Hill, N. H., commanding a view of fifty miles, overlooking the White, Franconia, and Green Mountains, will be opened June 1, 1876. Hay fever, catarrhal and asthmatic complaints immediately relieved by this pure and invigorating air. New and perfect drainage. Send for circular. Address either house as above. JEFFERSON HILL, N. H., April 12, 1876.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. PAPPENHEIM.

TO-MORROW (Friday) EVEN'G, April 21, at 8 o'clock.

FAUST! FAUST! FAUST!

Mme. EUGENIE PAPPENHEIM,
in her great character of Margherita,
Miss ANNANDALE,
TOM KARL, TAGLIAPIETRA, REINA, and Miss COONEY
Musical Director..............................MAX MARETZEK

SATURDAY AFTERNOON, April 22, at 1:30,
GRAND BELOCCA MATINEE,
IL BARBIERE DI SEVIGLIA.

Mll. ANNA DE BELOCCA in her celebrated rôle of Rosina.

Seats can now be secured at the box office of the Academy of Music, and at 114 Broadway. Free list suspended.

UNION SQUARE THEATRE.

Proprietor..........................Mr. SHERIDAN SHOOK
Manager...............................Mr. A. M. PALMER

Begins at 8. Over at 10:55.

IMMENSE SUCCESS OF SARDOU'S NEW PLAY, adapted for this theatre by Mr. John Parselle.

FERREOL is the most exquisite drama, in everything which constitutes the excellence of a drama, ever exhibited in an American theatre by an American company.—*Evening Mail.*

FERREOL. Characters by Messrs. C. R. Thorne, Jr., Frederic Robinson, Stuart Robson, J. H. Stoddart, John Parselle, Thomas E. Morris, H. W. Montgomery, Claude Burroughs, W. H. Wilder, L. Thompson, A. Becks, W. S. Quigley, F. E. Lamb, C. S. Collins, and Misses Kate Claxton, Ida Vernon, Marie Wilkins, Roberta Norwood, Maude Harrison, Ida Jeffreys, and Augusta Raymond.

SATURDAY, April 22, FIFTH MATINEE of FERREOL.

UNION SQUARE THEATRE.

BENEFIT OF MR. STUART ROBSON.
THURSDAY AFTERNOON, April 20.
MARRIED LIFE.

C. R. Thorne, Jr., John Parselle, H. W. Montgomery, Claude Burroughs, Stuart Robson, Fanny Morant, Kate Claxton, Marie Gordon, Marie Wilkins, Roberta Norwood.

LONG STRIKE. (Telegraph Act.)

Moneypenny.................................Mr. J. H. STODDARD

THE NEW HAMLET.

Hamlet, a character to which no tragedian ever succeeded in doing justice, except STUART ROBSON.

CHOICE RESERVED SEATS FOR THE opera and all theatres six days in advance, at TYSON'S New Theatre Ticket Office, Windsor Hotel.

FIFTH AVENUE THEATRE.

Every night at 7:45. Carriages may be ordered for 11.
Proprietor and Manager........MR. AUGUSTIN DALY.
Nineteenth week, 136th to 145th time, of

PIQUE.

PIQUE MATINEE SATURDAY. The predominant sensation of 1876. Magnificent scenes; gorgeous toilets; extraordinary cast; Miss Davenport, Mr. Fisher, Mr. Harkins, Mr. Lewis, Mr. Davidge, Mr. Hardenberg, Mr. Barrymore, Mr. Drew, Miss Cowell, Mrs. Gilbert, Miss Drew, Miss Nunes, Miss Holland, and Mr. John Brougham in their original characters.

PIQUE MATINEE,
SATURDAY AT 1:30.
150TH PERFORMANCE OF PIQUE FRIDAY, APRIL 28.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC, BROOKLYN.

JULIUS CÆSAR.

SATURDAY MATINEE! SATURDAY NIGHT!

This week,
with the great star cast, including
LAWRENCE BARRETT,
F. C. BANGS,
MILNES LEVICK,
and
E. L. DAVENPORT.

☞ Reserved seats at matinée, $1. Evening, reserved seats, $1 50. General admission, $1. Box office now open.

PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY.

SIXTH AND LAST CONCERT,
SATURDAY EVENING, April 22, 8 o'clock.
GENERAL REHEARSAL,
FRIDAY, April 21, 2:30 P. M.
Mr. S. B. MILLS, Piano.
Grand Orchestra of the Society,
Mr. GEO. MATZKA, Conductor.

Symphony No. 4, in B flat..........................Beethoven
Concerto for the Piano, Op. 11.........................Chopin
S. B. MILLS.
Overture, "Romeo and Juliette".............Tschaikovsky
Rhapsodie No. 10...Liszt
S. B. MILLS.
Overture, "Calm at Sea and Happy Voyage". Medelssohn

Tickets, with reserved seats, to be had at Decker Bros., No. 33 Union square, Nos. 701 and 1,164 Broadway, and at the door.

SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS.

Opera-house Broadway and 29th st.
Ristori's Medea.
Crime and Justice. Innocence.
Carter's Dog.
Seats secured. Matinée Saturday at 2.

APTOMMAS HARP MATINEE,
SATURDAY NEXT, April 22, Steinway Hall, at 2 P. M.

FINE ARTS.

THE
BLODGETT PAINTINGS.

Executors' Sale of the collection of Paintings owned by the late

WILLIAM T. BLODGETT,

Comprising choice examples by the most eminent Masters of the American and European schools.

AMERICAN.

F. E. Church, William Hunt, A. B. Durand, William T. Richards, Sanford R. Gifford, George H. Boughton, the late John F. Kensett, and Thomas Hicks.

FOREIGN.

Rosa Bonheur, A. Schreyer, Eugene Fromentin, Th. Rousseau, John Constable, Villegas, Gerome, Meissonier, A. J. Decamps, B. Vautier, Constant Troyon, Thomas Couture, N. Diaz, Jules Dupre, Bougurreau, and others.

Now on exhibition at the

KURTZ ART GALLERY.

To be sold at CHICKERING HALL on THURSDAY EVENING, April 27, at 8 o'clock.

R. SOMERVILLE, Auctioneer.

ART NOTICE.

NOW ON EXHIBITION, FREE,
At Miner's Art Galleries,
NO. 845 BROADWAY,
THE GOV. CALEB LYON
COLLECTION OF CERAMICS.

To be sold under direction of Mr. J. S. Fountain, by Henry D. Miner, Auctioneer.

STEAMBOATS.

FARE REDUCED. FALL RIVER LINE.

FOR BOSTON, and all points East, VIA NEWPORT and FALL RIVER, at 5 P. M., daily. (Sundays June 11 to Sept. 10, inclusive,) from Pier No. 28 North River, foot of Murray st. The world-renowned steamers

BRISTOL and PROVIDENCE.

HALL'S BANDS ENGAGED FOR THE SEASON.

Tickets and state-rooms secured at principal hotels and ticket offices, and on the pier and steamers.

BORDEN & LOVELL, Agents, New-York.

GEO. L. CONNOR, General Passenger Agent.

STONINGTON LINE

FOR BOSTON AND ALL POINTS EAST.

REDUCTION OF FARE,

Elegant steamers RHODE ISLAND and NARRAGANSETT leave Pier No. 33 North River, foot of Jay st., at 5 P. M.

NOT A TRIP MISSED IN SEVEN YEARS.

Tickets for sale at all principal ticket offices. State-rooms secured at offices of Westcott Express Company, and at No. 363 Broadway.

PROVIDENCE LINE.

Steam-ships Electra and Galatea leave Pier No. 27 North River, foot of Park place, at 4:30 P. M. Freights via either line taken at lowest rates.

D. S. BABCOCK, President.

L. W. FILKINS, G. P. Agent.

SEA BIRD.

Capt. H. B. PARKER, for RED BANK and intermediate stations, Pier No. 35 North River.

LEAVE NEW-YORK.		LEAVE RED BANK.	
Thursday, 20th.	3 00 P.M.	Friday, 21st....	6 00 A.M.
Friday, 21st...	3 00 P.M.	Saturday, 22d..	6 30 A.M.
Saturday, 22d..	3 00 P.M.	Monday, 24th..	7 00 A.M.
Monday, 24th..	3 30 P.M.	Tuesday, 25th..	7 00 A.M.
Tuesday, 25th..	4 00 P.M.	Wed'sday, 26th.	8 00 A.M.
Thursday, 27th.	9 30 A.M.	Friday, 28th....	10 00 A.M.
Saturday, 29th.	10 30 A.M.		

FOR RONDOUT AND KINGSTON—LANDING at Highland Falls, (West Point,) Cornwall, Newburg, Marlboro, Milton, Poughkeepsie, and Esopus, steamboat Jas. W. Baldwin leaves every Monday, Wednesday, Friday; Thomas Cornell Tuesdays, Thursdays, Saturdays; Harrison st., Pier No. 34 North River, at 4 P. M.

REGULAR CATSKILL LINE UP THE CREEK; also, for STUYVESANT and intermediate landings. Steamer NEW CHAMPION, from Canal st., Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday. Steamer McMANUS, Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, from Leroy st., 5 P. M.

OLD ESTABLISHED LINE FOR STUYVESANT, CATSKILL, AND INTERMEDIATE LANDINGS.—Steamer Andrew Harder, from Franklin st., Pier 35, Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday. Steamer Monitor, Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, 5 P. M.

ALBANY.—PEOPLE'S LINE STEAM-BOATS LEAVE Pier No. 41 North River, daily (Sundays excepted) at 6 P. M. for Albany and all points North and West.

FOR BRIDGEPORT AND ALL POINTS ON Housatonic and Naugatuck Railroad.—Fare, $1. Steamers leave Catharine slip at 11:30 A. M.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD, AND THE NORTH.—Steamers leave Peck slip for New-Haven at 3 and 11 P. M., connecting with road.

EXCURSIONS.

FOR EXCURSIONS—THE LARGE FIRST-CLASS favorite steam-boats SLEEPY HOLLOW, now called the LONG BRANCH, and METAMORA, EAGLESWOOD, ALPINE, DUDLEY'S, SPRING HILL, MYERS' and IONA ISLAND GROVES, with Barges and Boats of all kinds. J. MYERS, corner Morton and West sts.

AMUSEMENTS.

STEINWAY HALL.

THURSDAY EVENING, April 20, 1876, at 8 o'clock, FR. BERGNER'S ANNUAL CONCERT.

The following artists have kindly volunteered their services:

Mr. S. B. MILLS, Piano;
Mr. F. REMMERTZ, Baritone,
and the
NEW-YORK QUARTET.

ED. MOLLENHAUER, first violin; MAX SCHWARTZ, second violin; GEORGE MATZKA, viola; FREDERICK BERGNER, violoncello.

Mr. H. GREINER, accompanist.

PROGRAMME.

TRIO, Piano, Violin, and Violoncello, in D, op. 70..Beethoven
Messrs. MILLS, MOLLENHAUER, and BERGNER.
VIOLIN SOLO, Fantasie Caracteristique,
Edward Mollenhauer
TWO SONGS, } a. Schwager Kronos................Schubert
} b. Der Nussbaum.................Schumann
Mr. F. REMMERTZ.
SOLO VIOLONCELLO, Legende...............Wieniawsky
FR. BERGNER.
TWO SCOTTISH SONGS, for Baritone, Violin, Violoncello, and Piano, op. 108..............Beethoven
QUARTET, D minor, op. 76.........................Haydn

TICKETS OF ADMISSION, $1.

Can be had at Steinway Hall and the principal music stores.

WALLACK'S.

Proprietor and Manager.......Mr. LESTER WALLACK
EVERY EVENING UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE,
ALSO,
SATURDAY MATINEE AT 1:30,

will be presented a new comedy-drama of powerful interest and original construction, in four acts, written expressly for this theatre by Messrs. A. C. Wheeler and J. Steele Mackaye, entitled

TWINS!
with
ENTIRELY NEW and BEAUTIFUL SCENIC EFFECTS,
by Messrs. Matt Morgan and J. Clare.
NOVEL STAGE MECHANISM
by Messrs. J. W. Dunne and H. Butler.
ELEGANT and APPROPRIATE FURNITURE and APPOINTMENTS
by Mr. F. Dorrington.
INCIDENTAL MUSIC arranged by Mr. THOMAS BAKER.

The distribution of characters will include Messrs. LESTER WALLACK, JOHN GILBERT, W. R. FLOYD, C. A. STEVENSON, W. HERBERT, E. M. HOLLAND, J. W. LEONARD, T. ATKINS, MISS ADA DYAS, MISS EFFIE GERMON, MISS GERALDINE MAYE, MRS. JOHN SEFTON, and MISS E. BLAISDELL.

Early application for seats is earnestly recommended.

Carriages may be ordered at 10:45.

PROMENADE CONCERT,
RECEPTION,
AND
EXHIBITION BATTALION DRILL
OF THE
Twelfth Infantry, N. G. S. N. Y.,
AT THE
HIPPODROME,
THURSDAY EVENING, APRIL 20, 1876,
at 8 o'clock.
IN AID OF THE
CENTENNIAL ENCAMPMENT FUND.
MUSIC BY DODWORTH'S TWELFTH REGIMENT BAND.

Reserved Seats may be obtained from members of the Regiment, and at the principal music stores.

Admitting Gentleman and Lady..........................$1 50
Admitting Gentleman..1 00

Boxes can be secured at the office of
COL. JOHN WARD, No. 24 Pine st.
LIEUT. COL. S. V. R. CRUGER, No. 182 Grand st.
HERTS & CO., No. 806 Broadway, and
ED. SCHUBERTH & CO., No. 23 Union square.

BOOTH'S THEATRE. SECOND WEEK

EVERY NIGHT AND SATURDAY MATINEE,

HENRY V.

with the distinguished player,
☞ GEORGE RIGNOLD. ☜
GRAND PROCESSIONS AND TABLEAUX.
Box office open from 8 A. M. to 10 P. M.

BROOKLYN THEATRE.

Lessees and Managers.....Messrs. SHOOK & PALMER
EVERY NIGHT THIS WEEK,

Mr. SOTHERN in DAVID GARRICK and DUNDREARY MARRIED AND SETTLED, and at SATURDAY matinée, at 2, in OUR AMERICAN COUSIN.

FRIDAY—Mr. SOTHERN'S BENEFIT.

NEXT WEEK—THE VOKES in their specialties, BELLS OF THE KITCHEN, And FUN IN A FOG.

EAGLE THEATRE. BROADWAY AND 33D ST.

Mr. JOSH HART..........Sole Proprietor and Manager.
EASTER HOLIDAYS. EVERYTHING NEW.
Miss MINNIE PALMER,
Mr. N. C. GOODWIN, JR.,

and the entire company in a new melange of Acts, Sketches, Songs, Dances, &c. First time of the seriocomic local sensation dramatic sketch,

JESSIE—JESSIE.

MATINEES WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.

PARISIAN VARIETIES. 16TH ST. & B'WAY.

Funny, Frenchy, | Original, Spicy, Voluptuous, Handsomest Ladies in the World. | Beautiful, Artistic.
New Programme, (100 Artists,) New Faces, New Acts.
Matinée. | Matinée to-day 2, Evenings 8 o'clock.
Matinée. | Five great Scotch bell players, (160 bells.)
Matinée. | La Minuet, 10 o'clock. | Sculptors' Dream. 9.
Matinée. | On a Lark, 9:20 o'cl'k. | Duclos Tableaux, 10:45
Matinée. | Mlle. Zitella. | Emily Prior, | Minnie Hall,
Matinée. | Great Elviro, | Horace Weston, | Mons. Carlisle

MATT MORGAN'S LYCEUM.

Mr. Sidney Smith a DECIDED HIT as Capt. Crosstree. MATINEE SATURDAY at 2. This evening at 8.

Harry Josephs, Chas. Villiers, Walter Lenox, Ada Foy, Bertha Foy, Annie Mack, Florence Ellis, &c., in "Love in Livery," "The Wrong Man," "Love's Dawn," and "Black Eyed Susan."

WOOD'S MUSEUM. WOOD'S.

THIS DAY.

EVENING at 8.
The talented actor
O. D. BYRON,
in his great sensation,
in five acts, entitled
REBEL TO THE CORE.

MATINEE at 2.
LOUISE SYLVESTER,
A. H. SHELDON,
HARRY COLTON,
in the sensation
NOT GUILTY.

RECEPTION,

Concert, Guard Mount, Battalion Drill, Dress Parade, and Review of the EIGHTH REGIMENT, N. G. S. N. Y., at the Hippodrome, FRIDAY EVENING, April 21, 1876. Music by Graffula's Seventh Regiment Band. Reveille and tattoo by the celebrated Eighth Regiment Fife and Drum Corps. Admission 50c. Seats in boxes 50c. extra.

"PENELOPE,"

By CABANEL,

on exhibition for the benefit of the Woman's Centennial Union, from April 17 to April 30, at the SCHAUS GALLERY, No. 749 Broadway.

Admission 25 cents.

MASONIC TEMPLE. 23D ST. AND 6TH AV.

PROF. CROMWELL'S ENTERTAINMENTS.
FRIDAY, April 21, at 8 P. M., LONDON.
SATURDAY, at 2:30 and 8 P. M., PARIS.
Admission, 25 cents; reserved seats, 50 cents.

OLYMPIC THEATRE. No. 624 BROADWAY.

Mr. JOHN F. POOLE..........................Manager
The greatest of all pantomimes. The original
HUMPTY DUMPTY.
MATINEES WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY AT 2.

MUSICAL.

A GREAT OFFER! During this month we will dispose of 100 new and second-hand PIANOS & ORGANS of first-class makers, including WATERS', at lower prices than ever before offered in this City. 7 Octave Pianos $185. 7 1-4 Octaves do. for $195, cash, not used a year, in perfect order and warranted. 5 Octave 4 Stop Organs, with book closets and stool not used 9 months, for $75, cash, and warranted. Instruments to let from $3 upward. Monthly instalments received. Illustrated Catalogues mailed. AGENTS WANTED. HORACE WATERS & SONS, No. 481 Broadway, New-York.

A RARE CHANCE.—TO PAY ADVANCES and storage, $150 rosewood, seven-octave, upright pianoforte, overstrung base, iron frame, carved legs; also nearly new Chickering, seven and one-fourth octave, carved case, four round-cornered, overstrung pianoforte, less than half cost. McDONALD & CO., No. 57 East 9th st., near Broadway.

A PRIVATE FAMILY WILL SELL AN elegant Chickering piano, cost $1,000, for $250; a magnificent seven and one-half octave fore round rosewood Windsor piano-forte, made to order, cost $1,200 six months ago, for $300; has box for shipping. Call at private residence, No. 120 West 23d st., near 6th av.

FOR SALE—A VERY HANDSOME ROSEWOOD piano, 7⅓-octave, Dunham & Sons, makers; catalogue price, $650; has been very little used; is as good as new; will be sold for half price. Apply at No. 244 East 19th st.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WANTED.—A YOUNG GENTLEMAN, HAVING A thorough knowledge of the stock broker's and banker's business and a large custom, being acquainted with some of the largest houses on the street, would like to connect himself with some firm where he could make himself generally useful. Salary not so much an object as a good position. Address, in confidence, stating where an interview may be had, M., Post Office Box No. 3,695.

HALF INTEREST IN A FIRST-CLASS MORNING NEWSPAPER FOR SALE.—Terms, $12,000 cash basis, or will trade for good real estate; this is a splendid opening; the paper is one of the most influential in the country.

For particulars call at the Astor House to-day, from 8 to 11 A. M. and from 6 to 7 P. M., Room No. 153.

WANTED—IN A GENERAL PRODUCE COMMISsion business, a gentleman with $10,000 to $15,000 to take the place of a retiring partner; business fully established; undoubted references given and required. Address COMMISSION, Post Office Box 5,612, New-York

PARTNER WANTED—WITH $10,000 TO CONtinue a well established mercantile business, with good reference. Address S. E., Box 113 *Times* Office.

A SMALL GROCERY OR VARIETY STORE FOR SALE CHEAP.—No. 345 West 36th st.

ICE-CREAM.

HORTON'S ICE CREAM,

Is made from PURE ORANGE COUNTY CREAM, and the public is fast discovering the fact, as they compare it with others' make, not made from pure cream.

Our sales exceed those of any other establishment of the kind in the world, and almost equal those of all the New-York dealers combined. We are thus enabled to supply a better article at a lower figure than any other establishment.

CHARLOTTE RUSSE, rich and delicious.

72 Cents per Dozen, or 50 Cents per Quart.

DEPOTS, NO. 305 4TH AV. and NO. 1,264 BROADWAY

FUSSELL'S ICE CREAM, NO. 12 BIBLE HOUSE.—$1 20 per gallon; less than three quarts, 40c. per quart; retailers and churches, 25c. per quart. Cream shipped anywhere out of town.

CLOSE OF THE REVIVAL.

MR. MOODY'S FAREWELL ADDRESS.

THE SERVICES AT THE HIPPODROME YESTERDAY—LARGE AUDIENCES LISTEN TO THE PREACHER—THE SUBSCRIPTION TOWARD THE THANK OFFERING.

Yesterday the revivalist's farewell meetings, held in the Hippodrome, were attended by audiences as numerous as any that have ever assembled in the building. It is estimated that during the ten weeks of the revival services, nearly one million of persons in the aggregate have heard Mr. Moody's preaching, and of this number the working classes supplied about one-sixth. There were nearly seven thousand persons at the noon prayer-meeting yesterday, and Hon. Thurlow Weed was among the auditors near the platform. The services were opened with the hymn, "Sweet Hour of Prayer," which was followed by prayer by Rev. Dr. Conkling. Mr. Moody then announced that $15,000 had been collected on Tuesday night, and stated that $75,000 was yet needed to make up $200,000. If this sum is raised, a certain wealthy gentleman has promised to contribute $50,000, thus making a total of $250,000. The congregation sang "Jesus, lover of my soul," and then Mr. Moody rose and said: I wish to call your attention to a few verses in the ninth chapter of St. Mark:

> "For He taught His disciples, and said unto them, The Son of man is delivered into the hands of men, and they shall kill Him; and after that He is killed, He shall rise the third day. But they understood not that saying, and were afraid to ask Him. And He came unto Capernaum; and being in the house He asked them, What was it that ye disputed among yourselves by the way? But they held their peace; for by the way they had disputed among themselves who should be greatest. And He sat down and called the twelve, and saith unto them, if any man desire to be first, the same shall be last of all and servant of all."

The thought I want to call your attention to is this: Hundreds of Christians are ready to work in Christ's vineyard, but they can't get rid of self. One of the greatest enemies and hindrances we have in the Lord's work is this self. It is so sad to think that when Jesus was facing His death His very disciples should be disputing as to who should be first when He was gone. If man wants to be strong in God's work, he has got to be weak; if he wants to be wise in gathering souls, he's got to be a fool in the world's sight. He has got to crucify self, and all selfish ambition. In the tenth of St. Mark, Christ again rebukes His followers. It is a wonder that they should have forgotten His words when these things happened. Why, even now many Christians don't believe some of the Bible predictions. They say they are only figurative, and never will be fulfilled literally. Right after His words John and James come to Him and ask that He will grant what they ask, and then beg that they may sit with Him in glory, one on His right hand and one on His left. When Jesus answers, "What ye ask is not mine to grant," jealousy creeps into the disciples' hearts, and they grow displeased with James and John. Right on the very moment He speaks of His suffering, they are seeking to gain the first places. Just before His death he breaks the bread and pours out the wine, and asks that they will eat and drink in remembrance of Him. That is his dying request. How many church-goers turn their backs on the feast unwilling to gratify that request. Let us strive to get done with self, and pray to God to break our haughty spirit, so that we may be nothing—emptied of the world and vanity, and full of humility. After prayer, Mr. Sankey and Mr. Thatcher sang the duet

> "Oh, to be nothing, nothing,
> Only to lie at His feet,
> A broken and emptied vessel,
> For the Master's use made meet."

The benediction was then pronounced, and the audience dismissed.

THE AFTERNOON SERVICES.

The throng at the afternoon services filled the large hall in every part. Thurlow Weed sat among the members of the press. Opposite the press seats sat a gentleman whose resemblance to the Plymouth Pastor rendered him the object of much curious attention. The service was opened by the singing of the hymn "Lord, I hear of showers of blessing," which was followed by prayer by Rev. Dr. Murphy. Mr. Moody then announced that, though $10,000 had been collected at the morning meeting, $65,000 was still needed, and characteristically remarked, "Mr. Sankey will now sing 'Nothing but leaves,' and we'll give the $65,000." Obeying the novel injunction, Mr. Sankey sang the solo

> "Nothing but leaves! The spirit grieves
> O'er years of wasted life."

He also sung, by request, the favorite solo "Waiting and watching." At its conclusion Mr. Moody rose and said: You that were here the first week of our meetings know that I talked all that time about "work." Now that we have reached the last day, I want to ring out the same text again. Those who have heard me know I never stir a man up to work before he's saved, for a man can't work his way into Heaven. We are told "For by grace are ye saved through faith; and that not of yourselves; it is a gift of God, not of works, lest any man should boast." In the tenth chapter of Romans we read "To him that worketh is the reward not reckoned of grace but of debt." How true! Why, after a man's saved he can't help working for God. If a man says he is saved, and expresses a reluctance to work for his Master, I say his salvation is spurious. It hasn't the true ring of heaven about it. Christ, during all His ministry, worked hard, night and day, early and late. So when a man says he has faith, without work his faith is useless, for it is dead. Don't let any man, then, think that because he attends church regularly and sits on a cushioned pew, and listens to two or three sermons, he can float into the kingdom of heaven. If he has not the spirit of work he has not the spirit of God, and without the spirit of God he can never enter heaven. Just turn to the fifteenth chapter of St. John, and read "Ye have not chosen Me, but I have chosen you, and ordained you, that ye should go and bring forth fruit, and that your fruit should remain." I have not time to read all I would wish to of this chapter, but there is one or two thoughts I would like to call your attention to. There are those who bring forth good fruit and much, and there are those who bring forth bad fruit and no fruit at all. About this time the farmer is pruning the trees of his orchard that they may bring forth fruit. In like manner God prunes us when he wants us to bring forth good works. He takes away those things which keep our thoughts from Heaven. Then there's another thought. In the Second Timothy we read: "And from a child thou hast known the Holy Scriptures, which are able to make thee wise unto salvation through faith which is in Christ Jesus. All Scripture is given by inspiration of God, and is profitable for doctrine, for reproof, for correction, for instruction, in righteousness, that the man of God may be perfect, thoroughly furnished into all good works." If a man gets his heart full of the word of God he's not interested in one part of the vineyard alone, but in all. He gets out of the narrow limits of sectarianism, takes broad ground, and wants the work to prosper in all parts of the world. There are a great many aching hearts that can be relieved if we try to comfort them. We must try to do it, and do it now. We won't have the opportunity by and by. If you look at history you'll find that wherever and whenever God has got a good work to be done he always selects peculiar men to accomplish it—men who will separate themselves from the world and devote themselves entirely to their work. I have found in my work that scarcely one out of every hundred Christians are ready to go to work for Christ. Now, God meant that his children should always be ready. The trouble with Christians is that they are always getting ready merely. If a man were to fall overboard, what would be thought of men who, witnessing the catastrophe, should say to one another, "We're not ready to rescue him, let us appoint a committee to get ready?" I want you to ask yourselves to-day whether you are ready to begin God's work. Now, it is the privilege of every child of God to work for Him 365 days out of every year. So it will not do for them to work only during revival times. God's children must be as ready and willing to sow as to reap. If we don't see the fruit spring immediately we mustn't get discouraged. We must work right on and leave the result with God. I hope to see the day when rich brokers and bankers will support Christian labor, and the institutions which are prosecuting it. Mothers, look at the deserving work accomplished by the Young Ladies' Christian Association! Sheltering and educating motherless girls whose struggles with temptation you can never know. Is it not worthy of support? Will you not aid it? Try to be a sunbeam in this life and make some of them happy. Men and women of wealth, if you want to save money, lay it up in Heaven. If you want to grow rich by good investments, support these Christian Associations. How many men of wealth are making themselves millionaires for a time, but paupers for eternity. Don't make that mistake, but lay up treasures in heaven. My friends, shall we not keep on in this great work of preaching the Gospel to the unsaved? I hope to see the day when all bickering, division, and party feeling will cease, and Roman Catholics will see eye to eye with Protestants in this work. Let us advance in a solid column—Roman Catholics, Protestants, Episcopalians, Presbyterians, Methodists—against the ranks of Satan's emissaries. At the conclusion of the sermon the stirring Gospel song, "Hold the Fort," was sung by 7,000 voices. The benediction was then pronounced and the audience slowly dispersed.

THE EVENING MEETING.

At the meeting last evening the services were conducted specially for young converts. As this arrangement rendered the holding of an overflowmeeting impracticable, the doors were opened at 6:30 o'clock, in order to accommodate the anticipated crush of visitors. The services were opened by the singing of the hymn, "'Tis the promise of God true salvation to give"—sung by two choirs. At its conclusion prayers were offered by Rev. Dr. Booth and Rev. Dr. Armitage for the welfare of the revivalists, and giving thanks that the building and audiences had been exempt from serious accidents. Mr. Sankey and Mr. Thatcher sang the duet, "Shall we meet beyond the river?" and Mr. Moody then preached an effective sermon from the text, "Able," urging the audience to rely on God alone for strength to retain their Christianity. He said: "A great many are thinking down deep in their hearts now that these young converts before me will not hold out. It has always been so through the ages. But look at the thousands and thousands of Christians that have held out. My friends, your God is able to make us stand in His cause. If you young converts will remember in the morning of your Christian experience that God alone can help you, and give up your spirit of self-reliance, you will escape much trouble and care. The moment you lean on the arm of flesh you will fall. If you are overtaken with sin, don't get discouraged, but go to God, confess, and obtain forgiveness. My friends, it's hard to say good-bye. I don't like farewell meetings. I don't like to say farewell. I'll rather say good night, and hope I'll meet you up yonder. It seems that New-York is buried down deep in my heart. I've received nothing but kindness everywhere. I'll never think of New-York but I shall remember the kind friends I've met here, the sympathy I experienced from ministers, the kindness of the press—which has done more perhaps than the preacher—and the love of all the City. God bless you. If I don't meet you again here, the meeting will be a happier one above, with God."

Mr. Sankey then sang a touching farewell hymn—

> "Farewell, friends, we must now bid adieu."

Thurlow Weed wept during Mr. Moody's final remarks, and there was scarcely a dry eye in the great assemblage. Mr. Moody delivered a farewell prayer, expressive of "heartfelt thanks for the happy meetings held in the building," and asking for God's blessing on ministers, all young converts, members of the press, the choir, the policemen, the firemen, the ushers, and the people of New-York, and finally asking that the revival work might spread throughout the length and breadth of the country. The congregation then rose and sang the hymn "Praise God, from whom all blessings flow." The benediction was pronounced, and the last revival meeting of Messrs. Moody and Sankey was closed. No evening collection was taken up, but it was ascertained that the total thank offering amounted to $143,000. At the close of the service the work of demolishing the partitions, platforms, &c., was begun, preparatory to arranging the building for to-night's promenade concert.

THE HIPPODROME TRANSFORMED.

At the conclusion of the services at the Hippodrome last evening a detachment of 100 men from the Twelfth Regiment, wearing fatigue caps, were marshaled into the building by Lieut. Col. Cruger, and the work of demolishing the partitions and railings and the removal of the 8,000 chairs was commenced. This haste was made necessary in order to put the building in proper condition for the regimental drill, dress parade, and promenade concert to be given in the Hippodrome to-night. Among the invited guests who have signified their intention to be present are the Empress of Brazil and the Brazilian Minister, Secretary Robeson, Mayor Wickham, Controller Green, and Major Gen. Hancock.

THE EASTER ELECTIONS.

ADDITIONAL RETURNS OF WARDENS AND VESTRYMEN FOR THE ENSUING YEAR.

The following are the officers elected in the undermentioned churches for the ensuing year:

Trinity Church, New-York.—Wardens—Samuel T. Skidmore, John A. Dix. Vestrymen—Cyrus Curtiss, Gouverneur M. Ogden, John H. Swift, John J. Cisco, Adam Treadwell Sackett, Benjamin R. Winthrop, Nicholas F. Palmer, John J. Astor, Nathaniel P. Hosack, Stephen P. Nash, Allan Campbell, Daniel H. Arnold, Cornelius V. B. Ostrander, Henri M. Braem, Henry Drisler, Cambridge Livingston, Charles H. Contoit, John H. Caswell, George Wilkes, M. D., Richard Tylden Auchmuty.

Church of the Transfiguration, New-York.—Wardens—S. M. Valentine, M. D., W. B. Clerke. Vestrymen—E. M. Crawford, L. F. Therasson, H. A. Oakley, G. W. Smith, C. B. Fosdick, J. L. Riker, Carlisle Norwood, Woodbury G. Langdon.

All Angels' Church, New-York.—Rector—Rev. Charles F. Hoffman. Wardens—William C. Wullnenberg, Thomas H. Baniton. Vestrymen—David M. Holmes, James M. Smith, John E. Atkins, George H. Swords, Clifford Evans, Moses T. Belcher, Robert A. Livingston, and Arthur B. Hutchinson.

All Saints' Church, Brooklyn.—Wardens—A. B. Richardson, Robert Dent. Vestrymen—James A. Van Brunt, John S. Hoagland, James Gough, Edward Fitch, H. L. Garbrecht, George Follett, Samuel F. Crossing, W. H. Whitney.

Grace Church, Nyack.—Wardens—Ferdinand L. Nichols, William C. Moore. Vestrymen—Alanson M. Wilcox, Fayette Byington, Edwin S. Babcock, John L. Cleveland, John H. Tingley, Selden S. Richards, George Wilcoxson, Robert J. Henderson.

St. James' Church, Fordham, N. Y.—Wardens—Lewis G. Morris, Gustav Schwab. Vestrymen—William B. Ogden, F. W. Devoe, H. N. Camp, G. L. Dashwood, Joseph Hayward, Francis Shepperd, Moses Devoe, Franklin Edson.

St. Matthew's Church, Bedford, N. Y.—Wardens—John Jay, William P. Woodcock. Vestrymen—William Lockwood, E. D. Brown, J. H. Birdsall, Benjamin I. Ambler, Peter H. Knox, W. A. Keeler, Henry E. Pellew, James M. Bates.

A BOY ABDUCTED.

Mrs. Carl, who keeps a coffee and cake stand in Chatham street, this City, visited Police Headquarters in Brooklyn last evening, and besought the aid of the Police in finding her twelve-year-old boy, who had been enticed to run away from home, and had, as she believed, gone to Philadelphia. It appears that she recently purchased the coffee and cake stand in Chatham street from a man named Dill, who had taken a fancy to the boy and had urged her quite hard to allow him to take the boy to Philadelphia. To this Mrs. Carl would not consent. She sent him out on an errand yesterday, expecting him to return in a short time. He did not come back, and toward night she received a postal card from him, informing her that he had shipped as cabin-boy on board a vessel bound to some foreign port. The mother at once came to the conclusion that this was a blind to mislead her in the search for the boy, and hastened with all speed to the Police Head-quarters, after first visiting her home at Middagh and Fulton streets, Brooklyn, to make sure that he was not there. After telling her story to the Inspector, she mentioned to him that she proposed taking the 12 o'clock train for Philadelphia, being quite certain that her boy had been induced by Dill to go to that city. Mr. Waddy gave the woman a letter to the Chief of the Philadelphia Police, explaining to him the nature of her errand, and asking him to render her all the assistance in his power in finding her boy.

DEATH OF A RING FUGITIVE.

Edward Marrenner, who was connected with the Tweed Ring, and who disappeared from this City shortly after the exposure, died recently in Brooklyn. He was a personal friend of Tweed, and secured from him very profitable contracts to supply the City offices with various house furnishing articles, for which he received between 1865 and 1870 the sum of $145,630 20 from the City Treasury. He kept a house-furnishing and hardware store for many years at No. 225 Third avenue, over which were the club-rooms of the Gramercy Club, of which he was the leading member. He was also a member of the Americus Club, the Exempt Firemen's Association, and Amity Lodge, F. and A. M. He was born in Williamsburg in 1828, but resided for twenty years in the Eighteenth Ward of New-York. He leaves a wife, son, and daughter. Although he benefited by the Ring frauds, it appears that he was never indicted.

A QUEER CASE OF SHOOTING.

Jacob Yagel, a resident of West Hoboken, was tried yesterday in the Bergen County Court, at Hackensack, on a charge of atrocious assault with intent to kill Mary E. Cook. Some months ago Yagel was shooting in Bergen County and one of his dogs went into Mrs. Cook's yard. Mrs. Cook picked up a stick and attempted to drive the animal out, when Yagel pointed his gun at her and threatened to shoot if she struck the dog. The woman turned her attention to Yagel and threw the stick at him. The missile struck the gun and it exploded, the whole load of shot lodging in Mrs. Cook's head and face and disfiguring her in a shocking manner. The jury found the prisoner guilty of simple assault.

DOLAN PREPARING TO MEET HIS DEATH.

A dispatch from Albany received yesterday states that Gov. Tilden will on no account interfere in the case of Dolan, although strenuous efforts have been made by the prisoner's counsel in his behalf. Mr. Howe visited Dolan's cell and announced the Governor's decision, and warned the doomed man to prepare for death. Dolan replied that he had expected it, and was ready to die. In reply to Mr. Howe's assertion of his belief in Dolan's innocence he replied, "After I am gone that fact will be shown." He asked for his wife, and when she came he kissed her. He set a time for her to come and see him again, and then held an interview with the priest, Father Duranquet.

THE COZZENS HOTEL PROPERTY.

The following letter relating to the purchase of Cozzens' Hotel, at West Point, for the New-York Hospital, explains itself:

New-York, April 18, 1876.

My dear Mr. Osborn: I have just learned that by reason of legal defects in the mortgage foreclosure of the Cozzens Hotel property, no valid title can be conveyed by the Referee, and, therefore, the sale to you cannot be consumated.

I herewith return to you the purchase money which you had deposited with me.

I am sure I need not say how deeply I regret the legal defect which, for the present at least, prevents the New-York Hospital from establishing the Convalescent Home in the highlands. Yours truly,

W. H. Osborn, Esq. HENRY F. VAIL.

MOUNT VERNON AID SOCIETY.

The Empress of Brazil, with her suite, has accepted an invitation from the ladies of the Mount Vernon Aid Society to be present at the second representation of the Frog opera, at the Union League Theatre, on Friday evening, April 21. This amusing entertainment is given by distinguished amateurs for the benefit of the Mount Vernon Endowment Fund.

LOCAL MISCELLANY.

WOMEN'S CENTENNIAL WORK.

MEETING OF THE UNION—ADDRESS BY MRS. GILLESPIE—THE ENTERTAINMENT TO BE GIVEN.

About a thousand ladies gathered last evening in the great hall of the Cooper Union, in response to an invitation issued by the New-York Women's Centennial Union to the business women of the City, to attend a Centennial meeting. The principal feature of the evening's proceedings was an address by Mrs. Gillespie, of Philadelphia, who explained the Centennial movement, and gave a short résumé of its history. On the platform were seated Mesdames Annie D. French the chairman, Gerard, Field, Hosack, J. H. De Peyster, and Church, and Misses Fay, Hamilton, and Gerard, of the Executive Committee, and Mesdames R. L. Phillips, Fellows, and Fenton, and Misses Harvey and Leggett. After music by the boy band of the Union Home for Soldiers' Children, Mrs. French welcomed the audience and introduced Mrs. Laura S. Webb, who recited an original Centennial poem dedicated to Mrs. Gillespie. After a duet had been played on a grand piano by two young ladies, Mrs. Gillespie was introduced and received with hearty applause. She said: "I am very glad to meet you, who, if men are the bone and sinew of the land, must be regarded as the tissues and nerves. Very much in the history of humanity depends on you. You have not thought so always. You have often thought that you were pushed on one side, but you never have been. I am especially glad to meet you under this roof, placed where it is by one who has done much for women. [Applause.] The beginning of the women's work in the Centennial was when thirteen of us were called together in Philadelphia to see what we could do. We did not know what we had to do nor how to do it, and went to work blindly at first. The first thing we did was to form a plan for collecting stock subscriptions. Then, at at the second meeting we resolved to have a part of the Centennial building set aside for women's work, with a view of demonstrating to the world what women could do, and so, by opening up avenues of employment not incompatible with their modesty and dignity, to benefit women at the same time that we celebrated the Centennial.

A part of the main building was at first devoted to us, and then finding that we would probably be crowded out of the building, we resolved to build a Woman's Pavilion at a cost of $30,000. We wrote to the separate State organizations which we had established through the country for aid, and received it liberally. The organizations in the Southern States were poor, but they gave us sympathy, which we prized. We went on in trust, and have had our trust rewarded. On Oct. 12 the ground was broken, and on the extra day in leap year—woman's own year—the building was turned over to us. We have tried to make arrangements to have every kind of invention that women are capable of, on exhibition. Commissioners are appointed and accredited by all of the foreign countries that have arranged to take part in the Centennial, and we shall receive goods from all or nearly all of them for the Woman's Pavilion. England and her colonies take a large space, and I am glad to be able to say that I have received word from the English Commissioner that Queen Victoria has signified her intention to send some of her own work and some of her daughters'."

Mrs. Gillespie then paid an eloquent tribute to the character and history of Queen Victoria. She continued: "Canada will send us very much. We expect from her models of all her public institutions, and contributions of one kind or another from each of her convents. Nearly all the foreign nations have promised to be represented, although to my first letter to the foreign Commissioners I only received two replies, one of which began 'Cher Monsieur,' and condoled with me on the uncomfortable position I must hold at the head of so many women. Other replies received afterward from many of these foreign Commissioners contained flat refusals to allow anything to come to us. But I am told that cable telegrams have come in some instances within the past two weeks." Mrs. Gillespie then tendered a cordial invitation to all the women present to attend the Exhibition, saying that if they addressed her or the Secretary of the Women's Union in Philadelphia, she would try to see that they were all established in private families at a moderate price. She then spoke of the inventions of women, instancing the bell-punch as the invention of one woman who little dreamed of the beautiful verses it would inspire, and the McCormack reaper as the invention of another. All inventions like these would find a place in the Woman's Pavilion, and would, she hoped, help to enable women to perfect their own inventions, as one trouble had been heretofore that women were too poor to take out their own patents, and had been obliged to sell their inventions to capitalists. It was expected, too, to have a woman's paper, printed by women, and giving an account of the doings in the Pavilion, conducted in the building. Among the most interesting things in the Pavilion would be a Pharmaceutical Department from the Medical College for Women in Philadelphia. It would be presided over by a beautiful lady, thirty years of age, who is a professor in the college. "I thought," said Mrs. Gillespie, "that the women were making mistake when they founded this college. I felt as though they were stepping out of their sphere and did not believe it wise. But I have lived to see so much good done by it that I am now convinced that I was wrong, and that the Woman's Medical College is doing a noble work." [Applause.] She then spoke of the Art Department, and of a proposed cookery book, to which all the women were expected to contribute receipts, and said that it was a matter of regret that there was not to be a banner from each State like that to be given by New-York. Women, she said, were only the gleaners in the harvest, after all, but they expected to gather up a great deal in the bounteous harvest. She then read some letters, one of which was from a lady in Australia, who spoke of the progress of silk culture, as carried on there by a company of women, who employed only women in conducting their silk farm. Then, with an exhortation to her hearers to help in the work, each one as much as possible, she closed amid hearty applause.

A number of pictures were then presented by means of a magic lantern. They represented the Centennial buildings, and were explained by Mrs. French.

Mrs. French then appealed earnestly to the audience to aid in the work of finishing and decorating the Pavilion. She asked each one who should contribute, in the collection to be taken up, to hand in her name to be kept on a roll, which they hoped would contain 50,000 names. Those who preferred could send their names and money to Miss Leggett, at No. 1,184 Broadway, or to other places which would be announced hereafter. Recitations and music then amused the audience for a little time, a collection was taken up, and the audience dispersed.

The Centennial banner will be on exhibition at Chickering Hall on Saturday May 6, from 2 to 5 P. M., so that all who are interested may see it before it is sent to Philadelphia. Mr. August Belmont's art gallery will be opened for the benefit of the Women's Centennial Union on the 25th and 26th of this month, from 9 A. M. till 6 P. M.

"Cinderela," a spectacular drama for children, will be presented at the Academy of Music this afternoon at 2 o'clock. About two hundred and fifty children appear in the play. It has been in the course of preparation for several weeks, under the superintendence of Mrs. Doremus, and considerable art and care have been bestowed upon it. The Empress of Brazil and suite, with the Brazilian minister and wife, have consented to occupy Mrs. R. L. Cutting's proscenium box. A few choice seats and two or three mezzonine boxes can still be obtained of Mrs. Doremus, at No. 70 Union square. The Empress and suite will also attend the grand ball at the Academy on April 25.

THE LONDON COTTON CONVENTION.

The committee appointed by the Cotton Exchange to report suggestions to be submitted to the proposed International Cotton Convention to be held in London in August next, reported to the Board of Managers yesterday recommending that the suggestions embraced in the report of the Committee on the Foreign Cotton Trade, which was submitted to the last meeting of the National Cotton Exchange held in White Sulphur Springs, Va., last July, be adopted. These suggestions embrace the establishment of an International Cotton Exchange, the establishment of an independent and impartial tribunal at Liverpool for the adjudication of all matters of dispute arising out of the cotton trade with the United States, and urge the adoption by foreign exchanges of the American standard of classification.

ILLICIT DISTILLERIES SEIZED.

Deputy United States Collectors Bowden and Young, assisted by Officers Foley, Buchanan, and Creighton, of the Eighth Precinct Brooklyn, seized yesterday morning an illicit distillery, of 250 gallons capacity, in a shanty at Hicks and Church streets. The officers arrested John Farrell, whom they found at work in the distillery, and Commissioner Winslow sent him to jail in default of bail. A quantity of mash and other property, valued at $650, was destroyed. Farrell says that his employer's name is John Ryan. The revenue officers intend hereafter to arrest the proprietors of the real estate on which illicit distilleries are situated.

Another distillery was discovered about 11 o'clock on Tuesday night, in the same locality, by the firemen who were engaged in extinguishing a burning chimney. They informed the revenue authorities, and the premises were taken charge of by Deputies of Marshal Harlow's office. The place was small, and only two gallons of whisky were seized. No arrests were made.

The authorities seized an illicit distillery and ten barrels of molasses in a house in Gerry street, near Broadway, E. D., on Tuesday afternoon. A large quantity of mash was destroyed.

UNDERVALUING INVOICES.

CONTINUATION OF THE EXAMINATION BEFORE APPRAISER KETCHAM—TESTIMONY OF A. T. STEWART & CO.'S REPRESENTATIVES.

The examination was continued yesterday before General Appraiser Ketcham in the case of the Government against certain firms in this city, importers of corsets of German manufacture, the facts of which were published in THE TIMES on Tuesday last. In support of the American manufacturers it is stated that the introduction of machinery into the business of manufacturing corsets in this country has greatly reduced the cost of that article, which not only benefits the consumer, but allows the jobber to make a profit on the article, which he did not make formerly on low grades of imported goods. Among those who gave testimony at the examination yesterday on behalf of the Government were Mr. William Lyall, the Treasurer of the United States Corset Company, Mr. M. Cohen, of the Novelty Corset Company, Mr. Wilde, of the firm of Griffin, Wilde & Co., Mr. Fitzpatrick, and Mr. Fenton, of A. T. Stewart & Co.'s establishment. The testimony was for the most part corroborative of that given at Monday's examination.

The German importers had, it is alleged, asserted that A. T. Stewart & Co. had not imported any German woven corsets within the past eighteen months, and that they were prepared to give proof of that fact. Mr. Fenton appeared to answer this question, and is said to have satisfactorily shown that they had imported these goods as late as Dec. 15 last. During the examination on Monday, Mr. Sargent, who has been at the head of the corset department in A. T. Stewart & Co.'s establishment since the 1st of January last, stated that he had not purchased any German woven corsets since that time and in response to a question as to the reason of this, Mr. Fenton, the reporter learned, replied that they had compared the prices which certain corsets cost them with the prices at which they were offered by the combination, and found that the offering price was even lower than that at which they could import them. It is stated that he added that even then they did not consider that the bottom prices at which the combination would sell their goods had been given, as they stated it was no use for A. T. Stewart & Co. to try and import the corsets to compete with them, as they could sell at a lower price than it would cost to import them.

It is hinted that even now goods purchased within the past thirty days from certain German manufacturers, whose specialty is their home trade and the English market, are on their way to this country; that the prices paid for them will be additional testimony as to the market value of goods in Germany, such as have been held for reappraisement, and that they are purchased by parties who were driven out of the trade by the action of the combination, and who deemed the present opportunity a good one to resume their importations.

The examination will be resumed to-day, and as it is understood several other witnesses are to be examined both on behalf of the Government and the German importers, it will probably not be completed for at least a week.

From what can be learned of the evidence thus far adduced, it would appear that the importations of the houses said to be implicated in the combination are greatly undervalued. Messrs. Sargent & Fenton stated yesterday to a reporter of THE TIMES that, after a careful comparison between the goods imported by A. T. Stewart & Co., and the corsets held for reappraisement, they are satisfied that the undervaluation of the latter was very large.

MEETING OF VETERANS.

ANNUAL GATHERING AT DELMONICO'S—ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

Nearly three hundred members of the veterans of the Seventh Regiment assembled at Delmonico's last evening to hold their annual meeting. The large hall in which the meeting was held was profusely decorated with bunting, and the coats of arms of the State and City adorned the room at either end. On one side of the room was a carpeted dais upon which was a figure of "Santa Claus" emerging from a chimney, and from his hand extended a handsome flag which was subsequently presented to the uniformed corps by the ununiformed battalion. The board of officers held a meeting, after which the polls were opened for election of officers, and after remaining open for one hour the following result was announced: Major, William A. Pond; Paymaster, Henry H. Holly; Chaplain, Rev. S. D. Denison, D. D.; Commissary, Gilbert L. Arrosmith; Captains, James L. Harway, James Price, William H. Riblet, Benjamin H. Nevers, J. H. Kemp, H. L. Pierson, Jr.; Lieutenants, John T. Baker, William H. Montanye, Edward A. Kingsland, John W. Spicer, Thomas Lord, Jr.; Inspectors of Election for 1876, Frederick H. Grosz, William M. Gambling, Edward Delafield. The veterans were next formed by companies in a hollow square, the uniformed members taking the head, and the ununiformed members the foot of the room. Mr. E. R. Tremaine, in behalf of the latter, in a brief address, presented the new flag to Col. Lefferts for the uniformed battalion. Col. Lefferts responded in a happy manner, and Capt. John H. Kemp, in behalf of the Seventh Company, next presented two guidons to the battalion. The flag is made of white silk, bordered with yellow silk bullion fringe. On one side is the insignia of the veterans, represented by the monogram "V. S. N. G.," encircled by a garter, on which is inscribed the motto of the regiment, "Pro Patria et gloria;" on the reverse side, in gilt silk is wrought the words "Veterans of the National Guard, Seventh Regiment, 1859." The guidons are respectively blue and white, and in other respects resemble the large colors. They were embroidered by the wives of two members of the company which donated the trophies. After the presentation the Adjutant made his report, in which he stated that the roll of the association bore 1,029 names, of whom 262 were provided with uniforms. The Treasurer's report showed a balance of cash on hand of $9,250. The report of the Committee on the Centennial Celebration stated that the cost of the trip to Philadelphia for three and one-half days, would be $26 per capita, which was adopted. The corps will leave for Philadelphia on Monday, July 3, and will return on Thursday, July 6.

BASE-BALL NOTES.

The first base-ball game of the season on the Union Grounds in Brooklyn, will be played next Saturday, and will be between the professional Mutuals of Brooklyn and the amateur Arlington Club of this City.

The amateur Tuttle & Bailey Club, which existed in Brooklyn last Summer, has changed its name to that of the Brooklyn Club, and a game will be played to-morrow on the Capitoline Grounds in Brooklyn between that club and the amateur champion Chelsea Club, of Brooklyn.

Several members of the Alaska Club of this City have offered prizes to the members of that club for the best playing exhibited by them during the season. The first of these prizes consists of a diamond badge, and the others are in money, varying in amount from $20 to $50. The first is for the best playing, and the money is for the best average batting of the season. The Alaskas have reorganized with a very strong nine, and are to have a new uniform.

BANKRUPTCY BUSINESS.

C. & G. Tompkins have gone into bankruptcy with liabilities amounting to $21,000, distributed among forty-seven creditors. The assets are merely nominal.

A petition in bankruptcy has been filed by G. H. & G. F. Tiemeyer, produce dealers at No. 275 Washington street, whose liabilities amount to $8,000, which is confined to twenty-two creditors.

Lewis F. Payne, of Chatham, has filed a petition in bankruptcy in this City. His liabilities amount to $66,000, while his assets are only $700. The largest creditors are J. W. Hoysradt, $29,211 29, and John P. Acker, $11,500.

ANTI-TAMMANY DELEGATIONS TO UTICA.

Nearly all the Anti-Tammany delegations from this City to the Utica Convention have been selected, and all except that in the Sixteenth (Gov. Tilden's) District have thus far been unpledged. The Tammany delegation from this district is also for Tilden. Hon. Emanuel B. Hart, the leader of the Anti-Tammany Democracy, says that Mr. Kelly became so incensed at Gov. Tilden's deference to the wishes of the Anti-Tammany men during the last election that he has since been seeking an available candidate to concentrate the Tammany vote upon, and that, as far as is known, his choice is Gov. Hendricks.

OBITUARY NOTES.

Dixon F. Marks, for many years connected with telegraph companies in this City and well known throughout the country as an electrician, died at his residence in this City yesterday morning of consumption, aged forty-three.

Mr. Francis Tillou, a well-known lawyer, doing business at No. 2 Nassau street, died on Tuesday last. He was a practicing lawyer in this City for the past thirty-five years, his business being confined chiefly to matters relating to real estate.

The death is announced at Montclair, N. J., of Mr. George Gardiner Draper, formerly a well-known dry goods merchant in this City. Mr. Draper was a native of Vermont, and entered mercantile life in this City some forty years ago as a clerk of the once prominent firm of L. & V. Kirby. About the year 1840 he formed the house of Welling, Root & Draper, and subsequently was a member of the firms of Draper, Aldrich & Frink; Draper, Aldrich & Co.; Draper, Knox & Ingersoll, and Draper, Knox & Co. In these several connections he was uniformly successful, until the financial crisis of 1857, when the last-named firm failed. During the past eighteen years Mr. Draper resided with his family in Montclair, N. J.

CITY AND SUBURBAN NEWS.

NEW-YORK.

In the suit of Daniel Mace against Gardiner R. Sage, Jr., the jury yesterday brought in a verdict of $4,836 for the plaintiff.

Sneak thieves entered the apartments of E. Foyer at No. 34 Renwick street, on Tuesday evening, and carried off property valued at $118.

The Custom-house officers seized ninety-eight yards of silk yesterday, fifty-eight of which were from the Navarra and forty from the Nevada.

The steam-ship Bothnia, sailing yesterday for Europe via Queenstown, took out 26,110 letters, 44 registered letters, 53 bags of papers, and 208 packages of New Zealand mails.

The residence of Patrick Gallagher, No. 203 East Fortieth street, was entered by sneak thieves by means of false keys on Tuesday evening, and robbed of wearing apparel and jewelry valued at $109.

The libel suit of Capt. Samuel Samuels against the *Evening Mail* Association was concluded before Judge Larremore yesterday, the jury bringing in a verdict of $2,000 in favor of the plaintiff.

To-day, at noon, the first meeting of creditors in the involuntary bankruptcy proceedings against Duncan, Sherman & Co. will be held at the office of Register Ketchum, for the purpose of choosing an Assignee.

The council of the banks in the Clearing-house met yesterday afternoon and appointed a committee to report to a future meeting of the Clearing-house Association the best means of resisting the proposed taxation of surplus capital by the Tax Commissioners of this City.

In the Café International Chess Tournament yesterday Alberoni lost one game to Delmar, Bird won against Mason, and Becker won against Ensor. There is little difference now in the score of half a dozen of the strongest players. To-day Bird plays with Mackenzie and Alberoni with Ensor.

Jacob Lorillard, the Vice President of the Clyde Steam-ship Company, applied to Judge Barrett yesterday for a mandamus to compel William P. Clyde, the President, and the directors of the company to allow him free access to the books and papers of the company. Decision was reserved.

In the case of Joseph R. Cooper against the Town of Thompson, in the United States Circuit Court, to recover $3,400 interest coupons on town bonds, the jury, by direction of Judge Wallace, returned a verdict for the plaintiff for $94 65, questions at law being reserved for future argument.

Frederick Fellman, a German, aged forty-one years, who lived in Paterson, N. J., was found last evening in the water of the East River, off Pier No. 2. He was rescued by the Harbor Police, and acknowledged that he had attempted to commit suicide. He was taken to the Chambers Street Hospital.

John T. McGowan, the attorney for the creditors of the Guardian Savings Institution, made a motion before Judge Barrett in Supreme Court Chambers yesterday to have set aside the recent report of the Referee who examined the accounts of the receiver of the institution. Decision was reserved.

The jury in the case of Carlos Cobb against Samuel P. Knapp, tried before Chief Justice Monell in Part I. of the Superior Court, brought in a verdict of $5,205 90 for the plaintiff. The action was to recover for a boat-load of wheat, the defendant claiming that the same was purchased by him as a broker or agent.

At a meeting of the Board of Police yesterday Roundsman Patrick Farley, Fourteenth Precinct; Patrolmen Charles Gumb, Nineteenth Precinct; B. J. Collum, Sixteenth Precinct, and Milton Mangan, Sixth Precinct, were dismissed from the department. John Newton and Timothy O'Leary were appointed patrolmen.

Thomas J. Clancy, of No. 400 East Sixteenth street, was charged at the Fifty-seventh Street Police Court, yesterday, with brutally beating his mother-in-law with a shoe, inflicting injuries which necessitate her confinement in Bellevue Hospital. He was held to await the result of the wounded woman's injuries.

The case of Mrs. Rothschild against the Forty-second Street and Grand Street Railroad Company was brought to trial before Judge Lawrence, in Part I. of the Supreme Court yesterday. The action was brought to recover damages for injuries to the plaintiff and her child. The company denies all negligence in the matter.

Gen. Hillhouse, the United States Assistant Treasurer in this City, has given notice that on and after to-day fractional currency of the United States will be redeemed at his office in silver to an amount not to exceed $100 in any one redemption. The currency must be sorted by denominations and foot up in sums of not less than $5, or multiples thereof.

The creditors of the bankrupt firm of Sturges & Co., composed of James F. Sturges, Peter D. Sturges, and Thomas T. Sturges, importers and commission dealers at No. 31 South street, met yesterday at the office of Register Allen and chose H. C. Kimbel as Assignee of the bankrupts' estate. The unsecured debts of the firm amount to $121,280 62, and among their assets are debts amounting to over $450,000 due them by parties in Havana and Porto Rico.

On Tuesday last, Samuel Gulliver and William Hare, two young men, entered the liquor saloon of John Dilger, at No 613 Third avenue. A dispute occurred between them and the bartender, and Hare seized a handful of pepper and threw it into the bartender's face. He also threw a number of bottles at him, none of which, however, struck him. They were then arrested and arraigned at the Fifty-seventh Street Police Court yesterday. Gulliver was held in $300 and Hare in $700 to keep the peace, and in default of bail to stand committed for six months.

BROOKLYN.

The Democratic ward primaries were held last evening for the purpose of selecting delegates to the Assembly Conventions, which are to be held to-morrow evening for the purpose of electing delegates to the State Convention.

A meeting of the creditors of B. N. Remck & Co., manufacturers of printing presses in New-York and at Canton, Ohio, was held at the office of Commissioner Winslow yesterday, and Henry D. Wing was elected Assignee of the estate. The liabilities of the firm are about $200,000 and their assets about half that amount.

The Board of Supervisors of Kings County met yesterday afternoon, and a resolution was passed, after a long discussion, authorizing the County Treasurer to issue certificates of indebtedness to an amount not exceeding $200,000, for the improvement of Ocean Parkway from the Fair Ground to the Coney Island beach. The certificates are to bear seven per cent. interest, and be payable within two years.

United States Register Winslow has issued a notice inviting the creditors of the defunct Central Bank to meet at his office to-day at 2 o'clock P. M., to receive another dividend of the funds of the institution, which is to be declared. The creditors of the bank number about three hundred persons, and its liabilities amount to about three hundred thousand dollars. The only dividend previously declared was three years ago.

The Brooklyn Board of City Works met yesterday afternoon and adopted a resolution relieving Messrs. Kingsley & Keeney, the contractors for building the storage reservoir at Hempstead, from any further real or supposed responsibility as to its care and management. A resolution was also adopted instructing the engineer to draw the water in the reservoir no lower than twelve feet, unless it is necessary to do so to prevent wasting of material in the face of the dam.

In 1874, when John Y. Culver was President of the Faust Club, he gave his note for $700 worth of liquors, used by the club. The note went to protest, and William Siegar, Executor of the estate of Graef, sued Mr. Culyer for the amount. This case was tried yesterday in the General Term of the City Court, before Judges McCue and Reynolds, and a judgment rendered for the defendant, with costs. The court held that Mr. Culyer was not a Trustee of the club, and, therefore, not liable for its debts.

NEW-JERSEY.

Rev. Dr. McDonald, one of the most prominent men at the Princeton Theological Seminary is dangerously ill.

Rev. J. B. Wetherill, of Newark, chaplain to Bishop Odenheimer, has received from Florence a memorial altar as a mark of honor to his deceased brother. The altar is exceedingly handsome, and cost $20,000.

Patrick Knable, his wife, mother, and daughter, were arrested in Belleville, yesterday, for committing an atrocious assault and battery on John Campbell. The complainant alleges that the accused assaulted him with stones and injured him so severely that he was confined to his bed for several days.

Joseph Cataualo, the proprietor of a saloon at No. 198 Jefferson street, Newark, was arrested yesterday on a charge of blasphemy. It is alleged that on Sunday he gathered a number of boys in his saloon and organized a mock prayer-meeting, at which he cursed and swore in a most blasphemous manner.

The quarterly session of the Reformed Classis of South Bergen, held in the South Bergen Reformed Church, closed yesterday. All the Pastors report a favorable condition of affairs in their respective churches. The resignation of Rev. J. L. Ammerman was received and accepted, he having decided to accept an appointment as missionary to Japan.

A young man was found in Norfolk street, Newark, last evening, bleeding from a stab wound in the back. When taken to the Police station he refused to give his name or residence, or the name of the person who stabbed him. The City Physician, who was called, probed the wound and found it to be four inches in depth and two and a half in length. The man was taken to the hospital.

THE BLODGET PAINTINGS.

NEARLY ONE HUNDRED IN THE COLLECTION TO BE SOLD AT THE KURTZ GALLERY.

Nearly one hundred paintings belonging to the late William T. Blodgett have been placed on view at the Kurtz Gallery, preparatory to the sale by auction on Thursday evening next. The collection is not so showy a one as might have been expected, but it contains a number of very choice and valuable works. The collection comprises specimens by Rosa Bonheur, Schreyer, Fromentin, Th. Rousseau, John Constable, Villegas, Gerome, Meissonier, Decamps, Madrazo, Edward H. May, C. F. Daubigny, O. Achenbach, Girardet, J. T. Peele, Troyon, Couture, E. Frere, Diaz, Pyrol Bonheur, Jules Dupre, Bouguereau, Merle, Gericault, G. Brion, Agrasot, Felix Ziem, A. Achenbach, Robert-Fleury, Lambinet, R. P. Bonnington, Solomons, and Valles.

Our own school is represented by Church, William Hunt, Durand, William T. Richards, Kensett, S. R. Gifford, Boughton, George H. Hall, Louis R. Mignot, Thomas Hicks, T. P. Rossiter, W. P. W. Dana, W. Whittredge, Tilton, J. F. Cropsey, Regis Gignoux, William J. Hays, C. P. Cranch, G. W. Stillman, and Charles T. Dix. The most notable works in the collection are those of Mr. Church, "The Heart of the Andes," "Aurora Borealis," and "Cotopaxi." The first is generally considered to be the finest landscape that Mr. Church has ever painted, and such, we believe, is the artist's own opinion of his work. The tints have no doubt changed slightly since the picture left the artist's studio, but it will challenge attention as the grandest landscape yet produced by an American artist. "Cotopaxi" is a much smaller and less pretentious work, and the "Aurora Borealis" seems to be an attempt to paint that which never can be put on canvas. By William T. Richards, of Philadelphia, there is a very charming specimen, entitled "Spring," a strong, richly-colored composition, which will bear comparison with the very best landscapes of the foreign school. By Meissonier there is the celebrated picture of "The Smoker," by Rosa Bonheur a "Landscape, with Sheep and Cattle," and by Schreyer "The Halt," representing two Arabs watering their horses at a well in the desert. This is one of the finest specimens of Schreyer's work in this country. "The Suicide," a small picture by Decamps, is that on which the painter's reputation was founded, and, as a companion to it, there is "The Suicide" by Agrasot. The different manner in which two painters of acknowledged merit have treated the same subject may be studied to advantage. By Villegas there is the "Slipper Shop," a brilliant piece of color; by Couture, "Pierrot and Harlequin;" by Boutibonne, who revels in attractive faces and forms, clothed in silk and velvet, "The Toilet;" by Ziem, a fine "Scene in Venice;" by Frere, a very fine specimen, entitled "The Fisher Boy," finished with unusual care; by Fromentin, a large work representing "Arab Tribes Meeting in the Desert;" by Diaz, a "Diana" and a "Forest Scene;" by Couture, "The Police Court;" by Gericault, "The Slaver;" by Pyrol Bonheur, sister of Rosa, "Angora Cat and Kittens." Without possessing the skillful touch of her sister Rosa, and her ability to indicate texture, this artist certainly shows no ordinary power of expression. The upturned face of the smallest kitten is charmingly rendered. Doré is represented by "The Transfiguration," a crayon; Jules Dupré by "The Cart," a wonderfully strong and vigorous work, and John Constable, of London, by a "Landscape," somewhat in the same style. Of works by less known artists there are also a few. An "Interior of a Church," by Berckheyde, of the old Dutch school, is wonderfully sweet and harmonious in color, with those soft, transparent shadows that these old artists loved to paint. By Valles, of Rome, there is, too, a striking work which is catalogued as an "Italian Scene," but which evidently represents a premeditated assassination. The master murderer is walking on before, and beneath a dark archway the victim is approaching, lighted by a small boy with a lantern. The assassins are lurking in the shadow of the arch, eager for the consummation of the deed. In addition to the pictures, the marble statue of "Semiramis," by William W. Story, which was on exhibition for some time at the Metropolitan Museum of Art, will also be disposed of.

The pictures will be removed on Wednesday next to Chickering Hall, where they will be sold by Mr. Robert Somerville on Thursday evening, the sale commencing at 8 o'clock.

NEW-ORLEANS RACES.

THIRD DAY OF THE LOUISIANA JOCKEY CLUB—THE WINNERS HARRY HILL, SAM HARPER, AND CAPT. HUTCHINSON.

NEW-ORLEANS, April 19.—The third day of the Louisiana Jockey Club races attracted a good attendance. The weather was clear and pleasant, and the track in excellent condition. The first race, one mile and one-eighth, for all ages, was won by Harry Hill, Enlister second, Verdigris third, beating Osseo, Newbern, and Tom O'Neil in the same order. Time, 1:59. Harry Hill won by a half head, Enlister second, leading Verdigris a half neck. It was a close and exciting race. In the pools on the track, Newbern sold for $65; Osseo, $50; Enlister, $45; Verdigris, $40; Harry Hill, $30, and Tom O'Neil, $8.

SUMMARY.

FIRST RACE.—One mile and one-eighth, for all ages. Club Purse $350; first horse, $250; second, $75; third, $25.

Funk's Harry Hill, 3 years old, by Virgal, dam Lark. 1
Morris's Enlister, 4 years old, by Enquirer, dam Crownlet.......... 2
Jennings' Verdigris, 4 years old, by Versailles, dam Belle Brandon.......... 3
Cottrill's Osseo.......... 0
——— Newbern.......... 0
Wilson's Tom O'Neil.......... 0
Time—1:59.

The second race, three miles, for all ages, was won easily by Sam Harper, beating Busy Bee and Falmouth in the same order. Time—5:43½. In the pools on the track, Sam Harper brought $140; field, (Busy Bee and Falmouth,) $30.

SUMMARY.

SECOND RACE.—Three miles, for all ages; Club purse, $600; first horse, $500; second, $60; third, $40.

Gray's Sam Harper, 5 years old, by Rebel, dam Mary Kimbrow, 114 pounds.......... 1
Hitchcock's Busy Bee, 5 years old, by War Dance, dam Laura Spillman, 111 pounds.......... 2
Harrison's Falmouth, aged, by Planet, dam Red Rose, 114 pounds.......... 3
Time—5:43½.

In the third race, mile heats, for all ages, Capt. Hutchinson was an easy winner. In the pools on the track Capt. Hutchinson commanded $100; Puss Broadnax, $100, and Mollie B., $11.

SUMMARY.

THIRD RACE.—Mile heats for all ages; Club Purse, $400; first horse, $300; second, $100.

Welsh's Capt. Hutchinson, aged, by Voucher......1 1
Cottrill's Puss Broadnax, 4 years old, by Daniel Boone..........2 2
Brady's Mollie B., 4 years old, by Judge Leonard..dis.
Time—1:48½, 1:49½.

POOL SELLING IN THIS CITY.

The entries for to-day's events at New-Orleans are so light as to partially destroy the interest in them. The pool selling at the Turf Exchange and Johnson's last night was as lively as usual, and many pools were sold at small figures. The quotations are as follows:

SELLING RACE.

Kilburn	$30	$20	$25
Alton	20	10	15
Springler	15	12	15
Total	$65	$42	$55

MILE AND A HALF.

Ascension	$30	$30	$30
Survivor	15	12	12
Jack Trigg	5	4	5
Total	$50	$46	$47

MILE HEATS, BEST THREE IN FIVE.

Enlister	$30	$20	$25
Newbern	25	18	20
Port Leonard	10	6	8
Total	$65	$44	$53

THE WILMINGTON MARKET.

WILMINGTON, N. C., April 19.—Spirits of Turpentine quiet at 32c. Resin firm at $1 60@$1 62½ for Strained. Tar quiet at $1 4.

PRINTING CLOTHS MARKET.

PROVIDENCE, April 19.—Printing Cloths market quiet and steady at 3¾c. cash and 10 days for best 64x64 goods.

HAVE YOU TRIED IT?

If not, lose no time in buying a box of DALLEY'S MAGICAL PAIN EXTRACTOR. For all accidents and troubles to the skin its use is invaluable. 25 cents.—*Advertisement.*

PASSENGERS SAILED.

In steam-ship Bothnia, for Liverpool.—Mrs. Julia H. Addison, Mr. Addison, Dr. Allen, Miss Allen, John F. Alvey, W. Amor, John Apalyra, S. S. Baldwin, Miss Kate C. Baldwin, Miss Bauchman, E. Belstegin, José Maria Calisto, L. M. Calvocorissi, W. H. Chaddock, Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Chase, Dr. J. G. Clark, Mrs. Clark, F. Cornes, Mrs. C. K. Davis, C. W. Davis, Dr. F. S. Dennis, A. Escandon, P. Escandon, M. Escandon, Mrs. Evans and infant, William Lord Eyre, Mrs. Fletcher, Dr. Alfred Friedman, Arnold Friedman, C. A. Garland, H. Gilliat, Mme. Arabella Goddard, R. V. Graham, P. Griffin, W. Hassard, Mrs. J. C. Hately and three children, F. M. Hawley, Capt. H. Le Strange Herring, Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Howard, Mrs. Ida Jackson, Master David Irwin Jackson, Henry Jackson, Manuel Jarin, David L. Jolly, H. W. Johns, Master Harry Johns, J. Lange, John Arthur Lees, A. G. Lindsay, Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Lowndes, Miss Lowndes, Mr. and Mrs. George W. Malloch and daughter, Mr. McComb, J. J. McComb, Mr. and Mrs. G. H. McDermott, J. M. Motley, David P. Patterson, G. W. Prentiss, W. A. Prentiss, Hon. James Pulitzer, Louis Lucien Redlich, Mrs. Edward F. Rogers, W. Rothschild, Mrs. Rothschild, Miss Rothschild, Master Rothschild, Miss Ruff, Mr. and Mrs. W. K. Ryan, Miss Carrie Ryan, Arthur B. Ryan, J. F. Sabin, Manuel Sanz, Mr. and Mrs. W. Schaus, Miss Minnie Schaus, Miss Catherine Schaus, F. Schneider, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Shattuck, A. R. Shattuck, Miss L. Shattuck, Miss Shipley, Mr. and Mrs. Fleming Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Trafford, F. Allen, R. R. Stewart, J. L. Stewart, Samuel E. Stott, Mrs. John W. A. Strickland, Miss Strickland, Miss M. Strickland, John Swanson, Julius Sypniewski, L. B. Tatum, H. K. Terry, A. M. Thomson, James Tinker, Col. W. H. H. Tucker, Miss Maggie Tucker, Miss Lula Tucker, Miss Florence Tucker, Capt. W. J. Twining, J. D. Ulibarri, Capt. R. F. Ward, William Welsh, R. M. Wenley, H. L. Wilchers, Robert Wilkes, Miss E. Williams, Dr. Seth Williams, Alfred Wise.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

In steam-ship Abyssinia, from Liverpool.—M. Allison, J. C. Bale, Capt. and Mrs. Bower, A. Bradshaw, Rev. Dr. Carmody, Mr. and Mrs. R. Chapman, Mr. and Mrs. A. Clark, Mr. Clayton, Miss Clayton, N. D. Cohen, Mr. and Mrs. Cozzens and two children, Sir Bache Cunard, Baronet, C. H. Curtis, Mr. Dewer, S. Dobson, Mr. Drayner, Miss K. Dunn, Mrs. Edey and two children, Mr. O'Neil, Miss Evans, Miss C. A. C. Evans, Miss Flannery, John Fox, H. Fry, Justo Garcia, Miss E. Gillett, Mrs. Goddard, Mrs. H. C. Graves, W. H. Green, Miss Greer, J. J. Hicks, P. Higgins, H. Hill, S. Huxley, J. Huxley, L. Jaffe, Mr. and Mrs. Kennard, Miss Kennard, Mrs. R. C. Lancey, W. Landale, E. E. Leatham, E. De Lerebe, Mrs. James Llado, Mrs. Lockwood and three children, L. Miller, Miss M. Minshull, Mr. and Mrs. W. Mourilyan, C. Myers, Baron Noiken, A. Oppenheim, J. Ordiales, José Ygn Peñes, G. Russell, F. Sala, Rev. and Mrs. Mac Duff Simpson, F. Spiro, C. Stratford, R. D. Tucker, E. Wallach, H. P. Welch, F. Woodcock, D. Wood, John Young, Miss Hamar.

In steam-ship Columbus, from Havana.—Albert Menet, May Prinval, A. Aucona, J. M. Hefferman, D. D. Acker, Mr. and Mrs. Aschenbrenner, J. Mendes Estrada, Rafael Graham, Julius Lachaume, Robert M. Miler, J. Rivas, Tersol; F. Conde, Carrasco; E. M. Gifford and maid, Mrs. Francis H. Dix, Miss Ethel Dix, Miss Lizzie Ives, Adolf Meyer, Mrs. D. Sullivan, William Perinat, Master Perinat, Roswell W. Holmes, G. Castanon, Elias Soler, A. J. Carcase, John W. Stevenson, Merced San Pedro, Rodolfo Armengal, F. Massana, R. Luna y Paeg, A. De Castro, A. H. Mooanieta, Isaac L. L. T. Lewis, Fred Frederick Bower, Charles F. Harrington, Isabel Bissell, Master Bissell, Mrs. Charles H. Hannahs, Halsey Hannahs, Mrs. James M. Lynde, Thomas Robb, S. P. Contreva, F. H. Kang, E. Perera, E. Morrnand, Reni Lisaque, C. Ana, A. Alfin, Juan Laone, C. Sezurg, Mrs. Sezurg, Antonio Castro Sedan, Master Sedan, Y. Menderi, M. J. Ortiz, Mr. and Mrs. Bonnett, Catalina E. de Muro, William H. Scovill.

In Steam-ship San Jacinto, from Savannah.—Mrs. S. E. Emely, Miss S. De Witt, Miss B. De Witt, Miss A. De Witt, Master A. De Witt, B. H. De Witt, L. George De Witt, W. H. Read, H. C. Moore, D. Green, John Meyers, A. W. Frey and two children, R. Dudleston, B. L. Cooper, Mrs. B. L. Cooper, L. Fried, F. De Yaun, W. F. Arnold, Miss M. Clifford, Miss M. Harris, Miss M. Casey, Jacob Rosenband, Frank Hawxhurst, B. Harris, E. Doran, N. E. Rollins, C. Rollins, N. Smith, Miss M. L. Nash, M. R. Kavanaugh, William Lennan, A. Simmons, Capt. P. L. Rudolph, John Coffin, F. L. Pelham, Mrs. M. Wilson, P. Manaham, W. C. Kelly, E. R. Dunham, H. K. Harris, H. Gwynn, George Byrne, B. Goff, John Lord, John Borton, H. McDonald, B. Newton, P. Thomas, F. Lime, H. Delberg, and thirty-four steerage.

In steam-ship Greece, from London.—Mrs. J. C. Cowper, Miss Clara C. Cowper, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Sturges, Miss E. Sturges, Miss A. Sturges, Mrs. Flora M. Hall, Charles M. Hall, R. Hall, H. J. Jalton, Edward Payne, Mrs. M. P. Long, Miss Lottie Evans, George L. Beeston, Robert R. Brown, Edward Peake, Mrs. Stephana Matthews, James Roomes, Frank Roomes, Leonard Coates, Mr. and Mrs. George Holden, Miss R. Holden, Miss Emily Lucken, Miss Alice Lucken, Evan Evans, L. Bigsley, Charles Harvey, Mr. and Mrs. Robert M. Caffall and four children, Mr. and Mrs. R. T. Bishop and three children, Mrs. Mary Bishop, Samuel Bishop.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises.....5:14 | Sun sets.....6:45 | Moon rises..3:35

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook...4:48 | Gov. Island.5:37 | Hell Gate...6:59

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK......WEDNESDAY, April 19.

CLEARED.

Steam-ship Gulf Stream, Holmes, Charleston S. C., J. W. Quintard; Bothnia, (Br.,) McMickan, Liverpool, Eng.; C. G. Francklyn; May Flower, Davidson, Philadelphia, Penn., James Hand; Metropolis, Ellis, St. Jago and Cienfuegos, J. E. Ward & Co.; State of Pennsylvania, (Br.,) Glasgow, Scotland, Austin, Baldwin & Co.; Atlas, (Br.,) Dow, Aux Cayes and Kingston, Jamaica, Pim, Forwood & Co.

Ships Harlow, (Br.,) Stephens, London, Eng., Askell, Tufts & Co.; Columbus, Rogers, San Francisco, Cal., Satten & Co.

Barks Florence L. L., Geussar, Simmons, Matanzas, James Henry; Rocket, Atkinson, Laguayra and Puerto Cabello, Venezuela, Jos. Agostini; Amor, (Aust.,) Soopa, Cork or Falmouth, for orders, John C. Seager; St. Bernhard, (Ger.,) Regenea, Bremen, Germany, C. F. Luling & Co.

Brigs La Plata, (Br.,) Bray, Cork, Falmouth, or Plymouth, for orders, Blakslee & Caldwell; Morning Light, Dill, Bridgetown, Barbados, L. W. & P. Armstrong; Sarah Crowell, (Br.,) Foley, St. Johns, P. R., J. V. Onativia & Co.; Fidelia, (Br.,) Young, Cadiz, Spain, Tupper & Beattie; Ida, (Dutch,) Kemper, Vigo, Spain, Funch, Edye & Co.

Schs. Sallie Burton, Bunley, Stamford, Conn., Stamford Manufacturing Co.; Adeline B., Gormley, Sandy Hook, N. J., Ruckett & Bro.; Addie Schlaefer, Deacon, Norfolk, Va., E. H. Skinker; Joe Carlton, Thurston, Provincetown, Mass., Haviland & Pressy; Alzono, Plummer, Cardenas, Brett, Son & Co.; Ruth T. Carliste, Smith, Key West, Fla., A. Dawson & Co.; Lizzie L. Mills, Armstrong, Baltimore, Md., W. Chalmers; Julia R. Floyd, Gaskins, Georgetown, D. C., E. D. Hurlbut & Co.; Enchantres, Phillips, Savannah, Ga., Evans, Ball & Co.; Monte Christi, Smith, Cienfuegos, Cuba, F. H. Smith & Co.; Maggie Abbott, Abbott, Para, Brazil, Burdett & Pond; Florence Wackull, Doane, Baracoa, Cuba, B. J. Wenberg & Co.; O. C. Acken, Toms, Stamford, Conn., Stamford Manufacturing Co.

Barge Georgetown, Robertson, Philadelphia, Penn., James Hand.

ARRIVED.

Steam-ship Abyssinia, (Br.,) Murphy, Liverpool April 8 and Queenstown 9th, with mdse. and passengers to Chas. G. Francklyn. April 17, lat. 41 28, lon. 62, passed steam-ship Victoria, hence for Glasgow; same time, &c., a National steam-ship, bound W.

Steam-ship Palma, (Br.,) Murrell, Messina March 20, Palermo 24th, and Gibraltar 31st, with fruit to Phelps Bros. & Co.—vessel to Joshua S. Tucker & Co.

Steam-ship Brashear, Forbes, New-Orleans April 11, via South-west Pass 12th, with mdse. and passengers to C. A. Whitney & Co.

Steam-ship Albemarle, Gibbs, Lewes, Del., with mdse. to Old Dominion Steam-ship Co.

Steam-ship Greece, (Br.,) Andrews, London April 5, with mdse. and passengers to F. W. J. Hurst.

Steam-ship San Jacinto, Hazard, Savannah April 16, with mdse. and passengers to W. R. Garrison. April 13, lat. 44 06 N., lon. 43 12, passed steam-ship Siberia, from Boston, for Liverpool; 14th, lat. 42 41, lon. 47 28, a German bark, showing letters R B L D, Commercial Code, bound W.; same date, berg ice between lat. 42, lon. 49 49, and lat. 41 43, lon. 50 28; 16th, lat. 41 28, lon. 57 44, steam-ship Canada, hence for London; 17th, lat. 41 21, lon. 64 54, an Anchor steamer bound E. The G. brings 66 passengers.

Steam-ship Columbus, Reed, Havana April 15, with mdse. and 58 passengers to William P. Clyde & Co.

Steam-ship Eleanora, Johnson, Portland, with mdse., &c., to J. F. Ames.

Bark Gazelle, (of New-Haven,) Duntze, Demerara 21 ds., with sugar to H. Trowbridge's Sons. Has been 6 ds. N. of Hatteras, with northerly winds.

Bark Amelia, Burgess, Havre 52 ds., and Portland Roads 31 ds., in ballast to J. Atkins & Co. Has been 16 ds. W. of the Banks with S. W. and N. W. winds.

Schr. T. P. Abell, Carr, Rockport, Me., with ice to order.

Schr. Sea Bird, Stanley, Calais, with lath to Simpson, Clapp & Co.

Schr. Westerloo, Whitaker, Ellsworth, with lumber for Newark.

Schr. George P. Trigg, Gammon, Rockport, Me., with ice to order.

Schr. Saxon, Franklin, Ellsworth, with lumber to order.

Schr. F. Nelson, Holbrook, St. George, Me., with ice to order.

Schr. Foam, Murray, New-Haven, for Trenton.

Schr. Haze, Eldridge, New-Haven, for Trenton.

Schr. C. J. Van Name, Hary, New-Haven, for Virginia.

Schr. William Farren, Lindsley, New-Haven, for Virginia.

Schr. Margretta, Foster, New-Haven.

Schr. Baltimore, Hemmingway, New-Haven.

Schr. Rhode Island, Allen, Sag Harbor.

Schr. Eva Diverty, Gandy, Pawtucket.

Schr. Mary Elizabeth, Somers, Boston.

WIND—Sunset, moderate, N. W.; clear.

SAILED.

Steam-ships for Liverpool; Metropolis, for St. Iago and Cienfuegos; Gulf Stream, for Charleston; ship Island Home, for ——; barks Marie, for Odessa; Mustang, for Amsterdam; Francisco, for London; brigs Laineter, for Riga; Bams, for Alexandria, Egypt; Tubal Cain, for Cette; Ida, for Liverpool, N. S.; Cheviot and Zerlina, for Savannah; Morning Light, for ——; schrs. West Side, for Baracoa; Harbinger, for Brunswick, Ga.

FOREIGN PORTS.

CARDENAS, April 18.—Arr. brig Charlotte, Whittemore, New-York.

CIENFUEGOS, April 16.—Sld. brig Sparkling Water, Hichborn, Boston; schr. John Rose, Allen, Philadelphia.

HAVANA, April 18.—Arr. steamer Tappahannock, Pendleton, New-Orleans; bark E. T. Merriman, Whittier, Portland; brig M. H. Morris, (Br.,) Patterson, Halifax; 19th, steamer Wm. G. Hewes, Morgan, Indianola.

HONG KONG, March 15.—In port, ships Shalimar, (Br.,) for San Francisco; Annie Gray, (Br.,) for Victoria, V. I.; barks Pauline, (Br.,) for Portland, Oregon; Herman, (Ger., nor Br.,) for New-York, via Manila and Iloilo.

MATANZAS.—Arr. 16th, brig A. H. Curtis, Sheppard, New-Bedford; schr. Isaac L. Clark, Vanslow, Aspinwall. Sld. 17th, schr. Lemuel Hall, Tripp, N. of Hatteras.

VICTORIA, V. I.—Arr. 17th bark Parminis, (Br.,) Abbott, San Francisco.

ST. JOHN, N. B.—Sld. 18th steamer Anglia, (Br.,) Murray, Glasgow.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Spoken April 16, lat. 45 19, lon. 59 20, bark Winona, from —— for New-York. Spoken Feb. 5, lat. 35 58, S., lon. 126 35, ship Southern Cross, Bullard, San Francisco, Dec. 31, for Queenstown.

LATEST SHIPPING NEWS BY CABLE.

LONDON, April 19.—Sld. April 9, W. W. Lord, Germania; 12th, Busy, American Eagle; 15th, Estella, Ruby; 19th, J. M. Haskell, Thomas Hamlin, Nancy Holt. Arr. April 11, Annie Batchelder, "Seculeika," Experiment, Eliza Morton, Olinda; 16th, Hestia, Richard, Tyro, Oscar; 18th, Schamyl, Northern Chief, (both in the Channel,) Monsoon, (latter at Greenock,) Paulista, Daniel Marcy, Juventa, Ophir, The Queen, Hungereid; 19th, Delta, (latter at Liverpool,) Duke of Abercorn, Royal Minstrel, Ferm, Lake Superior, Pater, Sally, Koomar, Olga, (Capt. Larsen,) Malta, Alma, (Capt. Tobias.)

QUEENSTOWN, April 19.—The Cunard steam-ship Siberia, Capt. Harrison, from Boston April 8, for Liverpool, arr. here at 5 o'clock this morning.

The Inman Royal Mail steam-ship City of New-York, Capt. Laver, from New-York April 8, for Liverpool, with 10 cabin passengers and $90,500 specie, arr. off here at 4:30 o'clock this afternoon, and, having landed passengers and dispatches, proceeded immediately.

The National Line steamer The Queen, Capt. Bragg, from New-York April 8, for Liverpool, arr. here at 4 o'clock this morning.

FOR SALE, CHEAP.—ONE EIGHT-SPRING landau; one eight-spring Victoria, with seat behind; three carriages, one as good as new, and are sold for want of stable room. They were made by Binder & Co., Paris, and can be seen at No. 27 East 40th st., between 9 and 12 o'clock.

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